

existing fictitious scarcity, such indecision in the dealers could not prevail.

At Northampton wheat has advanced 20s. upon the prices quoted in our last; at Devizes 12s. at Stamford 12s. in consequence of which the shilling loaf has been reduced from 3lb. 4 oz. 2 dr. to 2lb. 15 oz. 4 dr. at Lynn the price of wheat has fallen 13s. per quarter; at Lincoln 4s. at Chester 14s. and yet at this latter place the loaf of 4lb. 4 oz. sells as usual at 1s. 4d. at Shrewsbury wheat is nearly 8s. per quarter cheaper.

At Norwich flour sells 10s. per sack, during the week, in consequence of which the shilling loaf has been increased 3 ounces; at Cambridge flour has advanced 4s. and the price of the quarter loaf was on Friday raised a half-penny; at Canterbury the quarter loaf continues at one shilling, but at most places in its neighbourhood it sells at 14 pence; at Bath it sells at 16 pence 3 farthings.

During the month of August and September the averaged weekly returns of the price of wheat throughout England have been as follow: Aug. 2d, 121s. 11d. 9th, 107s. 10d. 16th, 96s. 2d. 23d, 92s. 5d. 30th, 99s. 6. 6th Sept. 107s. 3d. 13th, 108s. 1d. 20th, 107s. and 27th, 101s.

Oatmeal is cheaper than it has been for many months, viz 66s. 10d. per boll.

October 5.

We are still without the means to judge of the issue of the pending intercourse between our government and France. The funds, which rose on the admission of the principle of negotiation by our cabinet, have declined with the probability of peace. England, from the relative situation of its navy, is entitled to demand such conditions as may preserve this proud superiority: while France, conceiving that the ensuing season will impose on us a virtual armistice, is unwilling to make the required sacrifices.

Twelve vessels loaded with stone, which are slated to have been intended to block up the entrance to one of the Dutch ports, encountered a violent storm off the island of Gorze, in which eleven of them are said to have perished; the other has returned to Sheerness.

The Channel fleet has resumed its station off Brest.

Sir H. Popham yesterday arrived at the admiralty from the Downs, to receive, it is said, instructions respecting a new enterprise, report, at least, has allotted to him.

The Hamburg mail, due on Wednesday, has not yet arrived: from the present position of affairs in Germany, we cannot expect, through this channel, much news of interest.

The Dublin mail of the 30th arrived yesterday.—We learn with satisfaction, that at Waterford potatoes had fallen in price from 2 to 1s. per stone; bacon sold at 1s. and butter at 2s. per lb. prices before unknown; ordinary loaf sugar 20d. beef 6d, and mutton 7 to 8 pence per lb.

CHARLESTON, October 18.

Return of Electors.

The counting of votes for members of the legislature for the parishes of St. Philip and St. Michael finally closed yesterday—the number of votes stood as follows: fifteen of whom were declared duly elected.

1 James Lowndes	954
2 Thomas Roper	943
3 Thomas Somersall	938
4 Thomas Bennett	935
5 Lewis Morris	917
6 John Johnston, jun.	874
7 H. W. Desaufore	615
8 Thomas Simons	601
9 Thomas R. Smith	592
10 Adam Gilchrist	586
11 H. M. Rutledge	582
12 John Dawson, jun.	580
13 William Price	498
14 John Drayton	494
15 Robert Howard	492
16 Jacob Sals	464
17 W. S. Smith	429
18 D. A. Hill	422
19 John Horlbeck	422
20 Joseph Alton	404
21 T. H. M'Calla	399
22 Seth Paine	370
23 Joseph Peace	356
24 John Williamson	343

October 21.

COMMUNICATION.

Happy indeed are we to have it in our power to announce to the public, the result of an election so favourable to the cause of federalism, and so honourable to the inhabitants of a city, who have been more than once charged as friendly to a system that aims at the overthrow of the present government. Still more proud do we feel, when we contemplate that this decisive election was accomplished by the steady and unremitting efforts of all federal men, amongst the different classes of the community. Hitherto the friends of the government have been asleep, and suffered every election to be carried, by the great exertions of those who are continually crying for a change of men and measures, but at this election there was, at least equal exertion on the side of the federalists, and among them there appeared to be but one sentiment, and one rule of conduct; a circumstance, which in itself, shews most manifestly, that every succeeding election might be secured with ease, in favour of a happy and prosperous government, if the planting, mechanical, commercial and other interests, could only be brought to throw aside all personal considerations, and to bear strongly upon one object.

Never were men, who loved the constitution, and feel happy and prosperous under its operations, more completely determined to be watchful and awake than at this election. Two hundred votes were given more

than ever was known at any former period, in this city, and it was a sight highly gratifying to every true patriot, to observe aged and virtuous citizens, crippled and blind, supported by the poll, to give perhaps their last testimony of approbation and good wishes for a country, to whose service they had devoted their lives, their fortunes, and their honour.—When such men as these make their appearance, on an occasion of emergency, who could not expect an honourable issue to the elections! Happy will this country feel itself, if men of worth, of property, and of respectability, among the different classes, would discover the same anxiety and feel the same interest as was manifested within these few days past.

PHILADELPHIA, November 5.

EXTRAORDINARY DEATH.

A few days ago, a young man of about 14 years old, the son of Mr. Thomas Lewis in the neighbourhood of Reading, was stung by a bee, which he carelessly swallowed in a piece of honey-comb. The throat immediately swelled to such a degree that the lad expired in less than a quarter of an hour.—Reading paper.

Extract of a letter from Newhaven, Connecticut, dated October 31, 1800.

The electors for president and vice-president have been chosen this day by our legislature.—They are as follow:

His excellency gov. Turnbull, hon. John Treadwell, lieutenant governor—Jesse Root, Jonathan Sturges, Stephen M. Mitchell, Jonathan Ingersoll, Tapping Reeve, Judges of the superior court—Matthew Griswold, Esq; Jonathan O. Mosely.

The above gentlemen are all decidedly federal, and it is expected will vote for Adams and Pinckney.

November 6.

From several valuable friends, we have received complete files of London papers, to the 16th October inclusive. We are sorry to notice in them the most distressing recitals of numerous riots which have occurred in the principal towns of England, on account of the scarcity of bread. In London, Portsmouth, Birmingham, Harwich, &c. the popular excesses have been great. The military authority has been called in, and the king's proclamation issued, to suppress these alarming outrages.

There has been a dreadful fire in Wapping. Forty or fifty houses have been consumed.

WASHINGTON, November 3.

On Saturday last the president of the United States arrived in this city, and took up his residence in the house appropriated to him by the commissioners. Though not entirely finished, the part which is completed will afford ample accommodations.

BALTIMORE, November 4.

The number of births and deaths in the several religious societies in the city and precincts of Philadelphia, from May 1, 1799, to May 1, 1800, are births 2657, deaths 1758. Increase, 899.

November 5.

Richard Howell has been unanimously re-elected governor of New-Jersey, by a joint ballot of the legislature of that state.

From the Boston Mercury.

LATE FROM RUSSIA.

On Saturday, October 25, arrived at Newburyport, ship Essex, captain Jenkins; through an obliging friend, we have been favoured with the following information drawn up by captain Jenkins:

"September 6, several English ships sailed from Cronstadt, early in the morning, but being becalmed in sight of the guard ship, were sent after and brought back, an embargo laid on all English ships, and they placed by themselves on the western side of the Mole. All English property was arrested both in St. Petersburg and Cronstadt, including all the property bought or shipped by Englishmen, (it being immaterial for whose account,) and all goods bought of Englishmen, if shipped by them: they were forbidden to pay or receive money, and ordered to give in a statement of all they owed and to whom, and of what was due to them. Twenty-five sail of the line and ten frigates were ordered to be got ready for sea immediately from Cronstadt, besides those from Revel and Archangel. No English officers were to go out in these ships. Although many of these vessels were before dismantled, by working upon them day and night, the greater part had their sails bent, and were nearly ready for sea when I sailed, (Sept. 10.)

"September 9, the English sailors were taken on shore, leaving the captains, mates, carpenters and boys on board to take care of the vessels.—All the English residents at Cronstadt were put on their parole. All the other merchants in St. Petersburg were directed on that day to give in a statement of what they owed the English and what the English owed them: It was momentarily expected that a general embargo would take place, and remain till the fleet had sailed, and war was declared.—These severe measures were said to be taken in consequence of the dispute between Great-Britain and Denmark, and the reports, that the English had taken Esbjerg, and were bombarding Copenhagen, &c. It is impossible, however, to say precisely what effect the news of the accommodation between those two powers will have.

"September 22, I arrived at Biscunor. Everything there was quiet. Two fleets of merchant ships from England had passed up the Baltic, but in consequence of the news from Russia, a sloop of war was dispatched to order such back as were bound for that country."

Annapolis, November 13.

On Monday last the general assembly of this state proceeded to the choice of a governor, when the honorable Benjamin Ogle, Esquire, was unanimously re-elected. And—

On Tuesday Thomas Buchanan, Arthur Shaffer, James Thomas, John Davidson and Samuel Rideout, Esquires, were chosen a council to the governor.

NOTICE.

Will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Monday the 15th day of December next, for READY CASH; if fair, if not the first fair day, and continue until all is sold,

ALL the property of Charles Mankin, of Charles county, consisting of three LOTS, lying in Charles-town, commonly called Port-Tobacco, adjoining the court-house square, whereon stands two very good boarded houses, one of which rents for one hundred and fifty pounds per year, the other for twenty-five pounds per year; three other lots in said town, lying on the Point, adjoining each other, which afford a most beautiful view of the creek and warehouses; also about one hundred acres of swamp land, covered with timber of all kinds, a deal of which is calculated for ship building; also a number of country born slaves, of all ages and sizes, men, women, boys and girls, horses, black cattle, and household furniture. This property is sold to discharge my just debts, &c. &c. Those who may think proper to purchase may be assured to receive good titles to the whole or any part, on the payment of the cash. A note from Charles Wallace, Esq; in Annapolis, or William Cooke, Esq; in Baltimore-town, will be taken in discharge of any purchase that may be made.

CHARLES MANKIN.

November 3, 1800.

FOR SALE,

At the Printing-Office,

The following

B O O K S,

Enfield's Speaker,  
Buchan's Domestic Medicine,  
Immortal Mentor,  
Dodd on Death,  
Polite Lady,  
Lady's Mirror,  
Principles of Politeness,  
Arundel, a novel,  
American jest book,  
Pronpter,  
Merry Fellow's Companion,  
Gregory's Legacy,  
Italian Nun,  
Constantia de Valmont,  
Charlotte Temple,  
Plain Sense, a novel, 2 vols.  
Man of the World,  
Love's Pilgrimage,  
Grafville Abbey,  
Ormond, a novel,  
Blossoms of Morality,  
Elements of Morality,  
Zimmerman on Solitude,  
Beauties of the Female Sex,  
American Songster,  
Tom Jones, in 3 vols.  
American Preceptor,  
Columbian reading book,  
Gilt Bibles,  
Adventures of David Doubtful,  
Nightingale,  
Philanthropist.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of a series of commercial losses, which prudence could neither foresee nor prevent, I shall apply to the next general assembly of Maryland for a special act of insolvency.

JOHN ATKINS BURFORD.

October 4, 1800.

By the COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES and COURTS of JUSTICE.

THE COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES and COURTS of JUSTICE will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the evening.

By order,  
RICHARD K. WATTS, CLK.

By the COMMITTEE of CLAIMS.

THE COMMITTEE of CLAIMS will sit every day, during the present session, from nine o'clock in the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,  
A. GOLDR, CLK.

NOTICE is hereby given to persons indebted for taxes in Allegany county, that Mr. JOHN SULLIVAN, now in the city of Annapolis, is authorized to receive them; and if not paid by the 25th instant, the lands will be advertised and sold for the payment thereof; agreeably to law.

WILLIAM M'MAHON, Collector of Allegany county.

November 5, 1800.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency.

RICHARD T. CHESELDJNE.  
October, 1800.