

Catibone, were all carried by assault. When the messenger came away in the evening of the same day, general Melas had penetrated quite to Savona, of the suburbs of which place he was actually in possession.

"I have the satisfaction to add, that on the night between the 7th and 8th, general-baron de Kaim surprised the important post of Mount Cenis, where he took sixteen pieces of cannon, six officers and about two hundred men; and that on the 8th, pursuing his advantage, he had penetrated as far as Termigno, in Savoy, having taken possession of the post of Lanneburg on his way, from which the two French generals Lavellee and David saved themselves on foot with difficulty."

#### VIENNA, April 10.

A courier arrived here on the 5th, from Petersburg, and brought an account that prince Suwarrow had arrived at Petersburg, and had been received in the most gracious manner by his sovereign, who had caused apartments to be prepared for him in the Imperial palace; which fully belies the reports of the death or disgrace of that warrior.

#### BRUSSELS, April 17.

At this moment a courier is passing in great haste on his way from Paris to Berlin, with dispatches, which are supposed to be very important.

Letters from Paris which may be considered as authentic, speak in the following manner:—It is certain that negotiations between government and the emperor of Germany are pursued with activity. Belgium is the only obstacle to peace. England and Austria are so determined on that point, that it is thought they will not recede from it.

#### PARIS, 9 Floreal, April 29.

There is reason to believe that the consuls passed a decree yesterday, ordering about three hundred new creatures from the emigrant list.

#### BRISTOL, April 26.

Last week were imported into Liverpool 17,000 bushels of wheat, from Dantzic, and 2540 barrels of flour, from Baltimore, in America.

#### LONDON, April 28.

The king of Sweden was crowned on the 3d inst. at Norkopping, and the oaths of allegiance were taken by the great officers of state, and the nobility.

April 30.

The king of Prussia, it is reported is now forming a league in the north of Germany, the object of which is to place obstacles in the way of the aggrandisement of his neighbours. It is said that Sweden and Denmark seem disposed to enter into it, and that one of the first successes obtained by it was the recall of the Russian forces from the theatre of continental war.

The cause of the displeasure of the emperor Paul is said to have arisen originally from the refusal of allowing him to take possession of Malta.

It is said that Sir Ralph Abercromby has been sent for from Scotland, to proceed to Portugal, and take the command of the troops there.

Admiral Dickson is appointed commander in chief of the North Sea fleet, in the room of admiral Duncan, resigned.

Orders are sent to the Mediterranean for commodore Troubridge's immediate return to England, being appointed captain of the channel fleet, in the room of rear admiral Pole, who is to command on the Newfoundland station.

As the letters from Deal received yesterday state the arrival in the Downs of a large fleet from Embden with grain, the price will soon be lowered.

The Russian ships at Sheerness and Chatham, it is said, are under orders to return to Russia as soon as possible.

An encampment of 30,000 men is to be immediately formed at Southampton, and the troops that are to compose it are supposed to be destined upon another secret expedition.

The different volunteer corps of London and Westminster are again to be reviewed by the king, on the 4th of June next.

It is said that his majesty's ministers intend to pursue the same conduct in regard to the union with Ireland, as was adopted at the time of the Scottish union in 1705, at the recommendation of lord Somers. In order to prevent discussion on the bill for incorporating the two countries, the parliament of that period contented itself with merely reciting the resolutions of the two houses on the subject. This arrangement will of course shorten the discussion, and parliament will rise so much earlier than was expected. The income tax is the only great object left to be discussed, which will occupy much attention.

Mr. Howarth and Mr. Soane, aldermen of the city of Dublin, presented a petition to his majesty yesterday from the corporation of Dublin, against the union.

May 2.

In consequence of the fineness of the weather, and a tolerable supply of foreign grain, every article has experienced a reduction in price; and the most sanguine expectation of a still further decrease may with confidence be looked for. Boiling peas were the only article that stood its ground at Monday's prices.

May 5.

We received this morning the Paris papers of the 30th of April, one day later than those which arrived the day before yesterday. It appears by a private letter from Strasburg, dated the 25th, that the French have crossed the Rhine, and that a battle had taken

place. "The armies," says that letter, "have been engaged ever since six in the morning. It is now nine o'clock, and the advantage begins to be on our side. It was our centre that made the attack." It seems rather extraordinary, that as there is a telegraphic line from Strasburg to Paris, no intelligence has been communicated of a later date than those of the 25th.

One of the Paris papers asserts, on the authority of accounts from Germany, that general Hohenzollern has taken the Bochetta, after storming six lines of intrenchments with dreadful slaughter. Should this prove true Genoa must fall instantly.

The army of reserve is rapidly increasing in strength. It was on the 24th of last month about 70,000 strong, and fresh troops were expected to arrive. A part of the army is in motion—Two divisions have filed off towards Geneva.

The capture of the two Spanish frigates, with eleven of their convoy, as stated in yesterday's Albion, is as important as it is valued. This flotilla was bound from Cadiz to Lima, and the frigates had fifteen hundred quintals of quicksilver on board, for the use of the mines in South-America. The loss must be most seriously distressing to the Spanish government, as the mines cannot be worked without a regular supply of this article. The value of this capture is most probably under-rated at 700,000l.

#### NEW-YORK, June 21.

By the Andromache we have received the Glasgow Courier down to the 3d of May, but we find no later news from the armies than that by way of Philadelphia.

We received no papers by the Catharine—When she sailed there was a talk of a general peace.

It was reported last evening that the Fair American, from London, was below.

Since the above, a gentleman handed us a paper containing the following

Extract of a letter from the Continent, dated April 8.

"Fifteen thousand Genoese peasants have joined the Austrians to the east, and six or seven thousand to the west of Genoa; those of Fontana Buona, in three regular battles, have obtained complete victories. In the first they killed 600 French, and made some prisoners. In the second, when, with four pieces of cannon and 40 mules laden with combustibles, the French advanced to burn their villages, they were repulsed with the loss of 900 men, the cannon, mules and combustibles; and, in the third, commanded by Massena in person, who menaced them with total destruction by fire and sword, they left 2000 dead upon the field, lost 2000 prisoners, besides two generals, and 113 officers. Massena himself escaped with great difficulty by sea."

June 26.

A Nashville paper of May 14 says, a gentleman just from the Creek nation informs, that the Cherokees were holding a talk, with respect to the expediency of going to war with the Chickataws. It seems the dispute arose concerning the land at the Muscle Shoals on the Tennessee river: they both claim the land, and the Cherokees having settled thereon, were ordered off by the Chickataws—they refused to go saying they would first fight—upon which the Chickataws declared they should.

The famous John Watts, a chief in the Cherokee nation, has gone with a party of men, to take the scalps from a nation of Indians on the west side of the Mississippi (the name not known) in consequence of their having killed two Cherokee traders.

A report is in circulation, that William A. Bowles who styles himself director-general of Muskogee, has been ordered by the Creeks to quit their territory.

#### CAUTION.

I HEREBY forewarn all persons from taking an assignment of a bond from Mr. JAMES MATTISON to me, for fifty pounds, as the same is mislaid and paid, any person finding it will confer a favour by delivering it to Mr. Mattison.

RICHARD PARROTT.

Annapolis, June 28, 1800.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of TALBOT SHIPLEY, deceased, to come and settle their accounts without delay, or they may depend on being dealt with as the law directs without respect to persons, and all those that have any claims against the said estate are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, that they may be discharged, by

RACHEL SHIPLEY, Administratrix.

June 26, 1800.

TAKEN up as a stray, by the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near WILLIAM SPURRIER'S tavern, a bay MARE, supposed to be about ten or eleven years old, with a little white in her forehead, about 14½ hands high, has a large lump on her near side, supposed to be done by the poke of a cow, also a few white saddle spots on her back. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

BASIL SEVOY.

Received by the last arrivals from London and LIVERPOOL,

A GENERAL assortment of reasonable GOODS, among which are, teins and tein twine, all of which the subscriber offers for sale, on the lowest terms, for cash, or on the usual credit to his punctual customers.

JAMES MACKUBIN.

June 4, 1800.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath obtained, from the orphans court of Charles county, in Maryland, letters of administration de bonis non, on the personal estate of JOSHUA STEWART, late of Charles county, deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 14th day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand; this 17th day of June, one thousand eight hundred.

HENRY STEWART, Admr. D. B. N.

WE, the subscribers, having obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the estate of Mrs. ELIZABETH MACKUBIN, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, do require all persons having claims against the said deceased to exhibit them, properly authenticated, for payment, and those who are indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers.

JAMES MACKUBIN, } Adminis-  
RICHARD MACKUBIN, } trators.

June 24, 1800.

By order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, on Monday the 7th July next, on the premises,

THE houses and lots in the city of Annapolis, late the property of JAMES RINGGOLD, consisting of two large brick dwelling-houses, with stables and other necessary buildings, and five wooden tenements, near the church, with four unimproved water lots; the whole to be sold for CASH. At the same time will be sold, one old chariot and harness, one sulky and harness, one coach and a negro man, the property of Wm. Whetcroft, deceased.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT, Adm'r.

NOTICE is hereby given to such persons that are owing officers fees for the year 1799, that it will be necessary for them to prepare the money to settle such accounts by the tenth day of August next, as indulgence after that day will not be given, and as there is a very considerable sum due me for officers fees for the year 1798, also for poundage fees for serving of cases and laying of fieri facias, it is therefore necessary to prepare the money to discharge said accounts immediately, for all persons owing such accounts will be executed when called on again if they are not prepared for settlement.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

THE creditors of MOSES MACCUBBIN, an insolvent debtor, are requested to meet at the sheriff's office, in Annapolis, on the fifth day of July next, in order to receive their dividend that hath arisen from the sale of said Maccubbin's property, agreeable to law.

JOHN WELCH, Trustee.

June 17, 1800. agreeable to act of assembly.

#### Mr. Guichard

RETURNS his thanks to those who have favoured him with their custom to tune the PIANO FORTE and HARPSICORD which were intrusted to him, he will attend them every week, and pay the greatest attention to them.

Mr. Guichard informs the ladies of this city, that he will teach embroidery and drawing. Apply at his lodgings, at Mr. Claude's.

By order of the High Court of Chancery will be SOLD, at PUBLIC AUCTION, the following property, part of the estate of RICHARD A. CONTEE, Esq;

ON Tuesday the eighth day of July next, at eleven o'clock, at Sparrow's tavern, in the town of Queen Anne, one lot, adjoining the town, on which is a well constructed tan-yard, now in complete order.

On Wednesday the ninth, at eleven o'clock, at Greenwell's tavern, in the town of Upper-Marlborough, several lots, beautifully situated between the tobacco warehouses and court-house of the town, on which are two small dwelling-houses, the house now occupied by Messrs. John and Charles Hodges, as a store, well calculated for the purpose, and situated on an eligible part of the town.

Also two handsome saddle horses.

On Thursday the tenth, at eleven o'clock, at Flaerters' tavern, in the town of Bladensburg, one lot, including a commodious two story dwelling-house, and a productive garden, situated on the main street, near said tavern, and under rent to Mr. Scott.

On Friday the eleventh, at eleven o'clock, at Semme's tavern, in George-town, twenty-one acres and one quarter of an acre of land, on Rock creek, adjoining Deakins's mills, and the seat of Gustavus Scott, Esq; which, to accommodate purchasers, will be laid off in lots, to contain from two to four acres each, some of them afford handsome elevated situations for buildings, commanding a delightful view of the city of Washington, and the country around, and others by situation and soil most admirably calculated for gardens, being distant from the city but a few hundred yards. This land, it is supposed by good judges, can furnish five hundred cords of wood and rail stuff to enclose it. A credit of ninety days will be given, on the purchasers, passing their notes, with approved endorsers, negotiable at the bank of Columbia, for payment of the purchase money, on payment of which the trustees are empowered to give proper conveyances.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS,

DENNIS MAGRUDER,

Trustees of Richard A. Contee.

June 7.