n Tuesday the 19th day
of the honourable Alexander C.
of the state of Maryland, on 12
purchaser or purchasers giving
approved security, on the pre-
ernor's Bridge,
PROPERTY of JOHN WAT-
he hands of the subscriber, trus-
consisting of sundry valuable
among which is an excellent
NED CATTLE, four draught
OLD FURNITURE, and some
nd PLANTATION UTEN-
gin at 11 o'clock, if fair, if not
ENRY HALL, Trustee for
JOHN WATKINS.
y, March 17, 1791.

will and testament of RICHARD
will be SOLD, at PUBLIC
day of May next, at 10 o'clock,
t fair day, on the premises,
act of LAND, being part of
MANOR, containing two hun-
acres, more or less, situate
Point, five from Queen-Anne,
polis; the land is fertile, well
e good meadow ground, and
may be added, with valuable
ing house 30 feet by 18, corn
all other necessary buildings.
de known on the day of sale,
given on the first day of Ja
erty of feeding the fall before,
le to purchase may view the
Benjamin Carr, living on the
ts
JOHN SHEKELL,
RICHARD SHEKELL.

uit to the subscriber, to satisfy
be SOLD, for CASH,
M, containing about
eight acres of land, in a heal-
idge, in Anne-Arundel coun-
distant from Baltimore-town.
is farm are very convenient,
dwelling house has four rooms
ove, with two brick chimnies
n adjoining it, well paled in;
n excellent timothy meadows,
made with ease. There is on
rd containing three hundred
t variety of other fruit—thir-
and fourteen of rye, were put
st fall. This farm, from its
nt state of repair, may be
t of purchase to any person
a place already settled, and
ence. It is offered at PUB-
day of April next, on which
d of, it will be sold, on the
idder, for cash.
, the present occupier, will
on inclined to purchase.
JAMES CARROLL.
ch 2, 1791. 6X

ARS Reward.
ubscriber, living in this city,
instant, a negro man named
twenty-five years of age,
es high, full faced well look-
d rather a down look; had
a cloth jacket, oznabrig shirt
hat, carried with him some
er apprehends the said fel-
that I can get him again,
ard, paid by
HARD WELLS.
90. 3t

ICE.
claims against the estate of
MS, late of the city of An-
ring them in legally proved
indebted to said estate, for
ph Williams alone, or with
quested to make immediate
this NOTICE will be at-
revent further trouble, and
nply with the testators will
sum in legacies.
JAMES WILLIAMS.

to THOMAS C. WIL-
JAMES WILLIAMS, or
OOTELL, or JOSEPH
ity of Annapolis, are once
MMEDIATE payment to
dulgence cannot be given,
r state certificates, or old
at their highest passing va-
nt; and cash given for any
rtificates.
JAMES WILLIAMS.

nted by Fredi-
nuel Green.

(XLVIth YEAR.) THE (No. 2310.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1791.

CONSTANTINOPLE.

LARGE supplies of corn, men and money, daily arrive from Tunis, Tripoli, Algiers, &c. and this serves, in a great degree, to re-animate the soldiers; 40,000 Asiatic, Persian, and Tartar auxiliaries, are daily expected to arrive at Scutari.

The whole of the Turkish forces, except the army under the grand vizier, are now distributed into the different fortresses in Romania, in order to cover the capital, and are so numerous as to effectually impede the progress of the Russian army, until assistance arrives, either from some European or Barbary power. Yet, should general Suwarow carry the fortress of Brahilow, and admiral Uschakow be successful in his attack upon Varna, Adrianople, and the other towns situated on the Marazi, must fall into the hands of the Russian general should he advance towards them.

HULL, *February* 7.

Last Tuesday the Generous Friends, capt. Donaldson, bound from this port to Leith, put into Burlington Bay through stress of weather:—Being in want of some provisions, captain Donaldson went ashore with four men in one of the boats, and left a woman passenger and two boys on board. After having procured the necessaries wanted, and put off from the shore, in order to return to the vessel, she was not to be found—They were necessitated to go back to Burlington Quay, and the unhappy captain Donaldson came down immediately to this place, and is now making every inquiry respecting the fate of the above unfortunate people—but, we are sorry to add, he has not yet received the least satisfactory intelligence respecting them.——It is supposed, that the vessel parted from her anchors, and drifted out to sea.

WHITEHAVEN, *February* 15.

A very singular calamity hath befallen this town—a gradual sinking of the ground in one quarter of it for the last eight days. It has been as yet confined principally to Michael street, and a part of Scotch-street, George-street and Peter-street. The ground where the sinking has taken place, measured about 100 yards from north to south, and about 140 from east to west, making an area of about 1400 square yards. The number of houses which have been in a manner demolished by this sinking is 18, but it is supposed that between 60 and 80 families deserted that part of the town on that night and the two following days.—None of the buildings have yet fallen, but several, or indeed the whole that have been mentioned, are in a state which renders it unsafe to go near them.

LIVERPOOL, *February* 26.

The power of Sympathy.

During a marriage ceremony on Tuesday last, at Stockport, in Cheshire, a couple, who had attended the bride and bridegroom to church, influenced by the all-powerful example, began to think of tying the hymeneal knot. Mutual sentiments soon prevailed—a ring and scarf were sent for, and the second ceremony was gone through, at the conclusion of the first.

LONDON, *January* 26.

The Cherokee chiefs were yesterday at the Shakespeare gallery—They staid about a couple of hours, appeared to be much delighted with the splendour of the spectacle, and Mr. Bowles said he should like to stay there three or four weeks, and would take the liberty of coming some other day unaccompanied by his brethren.

Complaisance is no longer confined to the polite circles. A captain of a vessel was called out of a coffee-house at Wapping, a few days ago, by a waterman, with the following address, "A'nt please your honour the *tide* is *waiting* for you!"

In the title-page of a pamphlet lately published, on the subject of cookery, it is mentioned that the author spent forty years in one kitchen—and that he had the honour of *providing* for most of the great families in the kingdom!

An Old Reading.

A man who, a few weeks since, set up a common stage cart, being conscious that having his name and number in great staring letters, which *those that run might read*, must sometimes expose him to *little* inconveniencies, ordered the painter to put in the *old English black letter*. The first time the cart went out, an informer observed it, and endeavoured in vain to read the name. Conceiving it to be *Hebrew*, he laid an information before *his master's* in Somerset-square, stating he offence.

A summons was immediately dispatched, and *Master Carter* made his appearance before the commissioners, when the following dialogue took place—

Commissioner. Pray Mr. ———, are you a Jew?

Carter. No, Master, I *calls* myself a Christian.

Commissioner. Then how dare you put a piece of *Hebrew* upon your cart, the act *directs* that your name should be written in *English*.

Carter. My name is written in *English*, master, and what is more, it is *old English*. I thought what your worships wanted, and have brought the board with me.

2d Commissioner. But, sirrah, you know that the act *directs* it to be in *plain English*; and you farther know that not one in five hundred can read this.

Carter. I am heartily sorry for it, masters, heartily. *Because*, the act which directs me to have my name on my cart, is printed in the very same sort of an *old English black letter* as my name is written; and it would be hard indeed to make me pay a fine for keeping up to the pattern set me by the men that made the law!

Feb. 2. The city of Riga is now putting into an excellent state of defence; they are preparing floating batteries to carry ten or twelve large guns, and forty gun-boats, to carry two each.

The march of an Austrian army into Liege at this juncture, as it has astonished, so it as justly raised the jealousy and spirit of the Prussian court, which appears resolved to check this invasion on the very welfare of nations, and this infraction of the solemn and mutual agreement entered into at Reichenbach between the continental powers immediately concerned in that treaty——Perhaps no circumstances could possibly occur which might enable the Liegois to assert the rights of man so effectually as this; for, should the Imperial court persist in supporting the prince bishop, the inevitable consequence must be, that it becomes involved immediately in a war with the three allied powers.

Extract of a letter from Shrewsbury, January 28.

"On Saturday a clergyman belonging to the Rev. Dr. Wesly's church, was stopped near Bedford, by a highwayman, and robbed of his money to the amount of 52s. the robber likewise insisted he should exchange coats, which request he complied with, in some chagrin, it being a new one. After he had rode on about ten minutes, he perceived the depredator again returning—being fearful of more dangerous consequences, he hastened his speed, happily escaped the pursuit, and got to a friend's house; were he instantly discovered the cause of the highwayman's return; for on searching the pockets, he found, tied in a silk handkerchief, as many guineas as he had lost shillings, which very well compensated for the loss of his coat, and bereaved the plunderer of his ill-gotton treasure."

Feb. 3. Notwithstanding the rapid success of the empress of Russia's forces, it is the better opinion that a farther reduction of the Turkish empire is not her idea. Previously to this, she must naturally expect the powers of Europe will interfere, and that, in the common course of war, her successes must be balanced by certain losses; therefore her interest appears to be that of making a peace immediately with the Porte, as the most advantageous in point of time and circumstances.

The finances of Russia too must be very much exhausted in carrying on this wide spread war; for however her loans have been hitherto raised in Holland, the interest of those loans is paid at a rate very disadvantageous to her commerce; those in the mercantile line here know this very well, as the produce of Russia, such as hemp, tallow, &c. has been of late sent over to England in such quantities as to sell greatly under the former prices.

The above cargoes have the appearance of a private trade, but the great quantities constantly coming over, with the great losses upon them, evidently mark from what quarter they proceed.

In 1755 it was found that Russia had under its dominions 19,130,632 subjects, exclusive of the clergy, the nobility, and the army. If the wars with Prussia, Poland and Turkey, epidemical diseases and rebellions, have since occasioned an evident diminution of the former population, the great acquisitions recently made in Lithuania must have filled the deficiency caused by those dreadful scourges.

A disagreement, which may have some very pernicious effects, has taken place at Hyderabad, in India, between the commander of the Nizam's forces, and colonel Montgomery, the senior officer of the British detachment in that army. It is said to have originated from the imprudence of the latter in placing on his tents golden balls—a distinction due only to the Soubah, and which were pulled down in the presence of 3000 Nizam horse.

Colonel Montgomery, considering his tent defiled by this violence, burned it the next day, and the affair was not made up when the last accounts came from that army.

If a battle should take place between the British forces in India, and those of Tippoo Saib, it may be expected to be fought on our side at least with the utmost ferocity. The officers are all influenced by the remembrance of the cruelties inflicted upon their brethren, and will sooner die than suffer themselves to be taken and exposed to the same fate.

Feb. 10. At the taking Ismael, all the forein engineers were destroyed. The Danube was literally strongly tinged with blood, which was perceivable at a good distance below the fortress.

It appears, by authentic information received from Petersburgh, that the empress had given orders to the commander in chief at the siege of Ismael, by no means to spare the Turks if they should be inclined to make resistance. The person who brought her majesty the information of the carnage which followed the assault in that place, colonel de Subow, was presented by her with the cross of St. George, with a snuff-box, richly adorned with brilliants, and with a purse of two thousand ducats.

She was highly pleased that the Almighty had given her arms so complete a success.

From authentic accounts it appears, that, previous to the war with the Turks, the empress of Russia's army consisted, in infantry and cavalry, of more than 400,000 men, of whom nearly 300,000 have since been destroyed by the sword, by disease, and the various concomitants of a long and extensive war; the expences also have been immense. Pity it is that monarchs should be allowed a revenue to be consumed in ambitious projects and sanguinary measures!

A lady of the name of Fox, who performed at the royal theatre, lately died from the effects of painting, of which she was immoderately fond, and which she used with such art, that she actually gave a new appearance of blooming health to her cheeks, her neck, and her bosom. The consequence was, that the pores of the skin being stopped, she fell into a galloping consumption, and died a miserable martyr to this too common practice.——Read this, ye fair ones, and remember,

When coxcombs flatter, and when fools adore,
Here learn the lesson, to be vain no more.

A letter from Mr. Miller, (received by the Houghton East-Indiaman) to his father, Dr. Miller, of Doncaster, dated at Calcutta, August 4, 1790, says—"We are at war here, and money not to be had; our army, with general Meadows at the head, and in the highest order, are in Tippoo's country. An engagement has not yet happened, though daily expected. It is supposed we shall take the whole country, and restore it to the ancient kings of Mysore. Tippoo has shewn not the least of his former activity; but indeed there are at present such various reports, that there is no knowing how to judge of affairs. If we be fortunate, our acquisition will be great, as the English will then be the most powerful nation in Hindostan; nor is there much doubt of our success, as we never had before in India such an army for force or equipment. Nothing but the most rigid œconomy reigns here. In the last five months there has not been a concert, ball, general supper, or one public amusement.

CAUTION.

On Saturday last a young woman, who was attending two children belonging to a miller, on the Wind-mill Hills, near Newcastle-upon-Tyne, inadvertently presented a fowling-piece to the breast of the eldest, a fine boy, about four years of age, which, being loaded, unfortunately went off and killed him on the spot. So many instances of the melancholy consequences of leaving fire-arms loaded in the way of young and ignorant people, having been recorded in the public prints, ought to operate as a caution against a practice so pregnant with mischief.

A circumstance of a most dreadful nature has transpired within these few days—A night or two ago, at a very late hour, two persons, seemingly gentlemen, drove themselves out in a post-chaise to Church-town, where there is a burial place, with a dead body confined up in the carriage. They rapped up the grave-digger, and told him that they had, under the disguise of night, brought out a corpse to be interred, which, in the day time, they were apprehensive might be arrested for debt, and for the burial of which he should have a guinea. The grave-digger alleged he was unequal to the business himself; upon which these persons said they would give him half a guinea for an assistant, which was agreed to, and the corpse was accordingly left with the grave-digger. The latter immediately called up an assistant; but upon an agreement they determined postponing the business till day-light. When they arose in the morning, curiosity urged them to open the coffin; which, on so doing—O, shocking to mention! they found the body of a man, in his cloaths, with boots on, and his throat cut in a most frightful manner. In his pockets were found six guineas and a watch, for the property of which these two persons differed, or else the transaction would probably never have come to light. The body remains at this place to be owned, which as yet has not taken place; nor has any thing occurred which can lead to a discovery.——Every eye-witness of this horrid foul transaction, is praying for the developement of the cruel perpetrators.

Feb. 20. Matrimonial question proposed by a young lady.—At Choachmakers Hall society, Foster-Lane, Cheapside, this evening will be debated the following question, viz.—"Is beauty, virtue, or domestic prudence the most amiable in a wife?"—A young lady who has several suitors, is desirous of knowing the opinion of a public audience upon the above question, as one which involves matrimonial felicity. The subject