

and wounded amounted to 509; that it was impossible for them with 1900 or 2000 men and six field pieces to do any thing against an innumerable number of rebels, who attacked them in front, rear, and flank, at the same time; it is true they were attacked in that manner, but not by more than 600. The enemy were extremely cruel in their retreat; they seeing a poor countryman standing at his door, laid hold of him; he showed a protection signed by gen. Howe's secretary; they damned him and his protection, and said those who had taken protections were as damned rebels as those who had not, and immediately sent a ball through his body, which not proving instant death, they stabbed him with bayonets. After such an instance, it is not to be wondered at their beating the brains out of our wounded, one of whom they served in that manner last Sunday.

"Gen. Howe arrived at Brunswick on Friday night, the 21st ult. being sent for to settle a dispute between the British and Hessian troops, which had nearly terminated in blows."

Yesterday was brought to town twenty prisoners, which, with forty brought a few days before, makes the number of sixty prisoners since our last.

The public are hereby cautioned against receiving any of the Bills of credit emitted by the congress of the State of New-Jersey, dated March, 1776, unless signed by three of the persons appointed to that service; the British troops having lately got possession of a considerable sum of said emission, signed by two signers only, viz. Samuel How and John Hart, makes this caution necessary.

N. B. The bills are not current without being signed by three.

WILLIAMSBURG, February 28.

Extra of a letter from a firm friend to America, dated London, O.B. 9, 1776.

"The war is likely to go on another year, in which case Chesapeake bay will be the seat. A plan for that purpose has been laid before lord George Germain, and it is said is approved of. The Eastern Shore is the first object, or place of landing."

BALTIMORE, March 4.

A gentleman from Philadelphia informs us, that it was reported there that general Arnold was preparing to make a descent on Rhode-Island, with about 4000 volunteers, in consequence of a considerable part of the British and Hessian troops having left it, to join Howe's army in Jersey. The same gentleman adds, that gen. Maxwell has lately had a skirmish with the enemy in Jersey, in which, with little loss on his side, he killed 50, and took 9 prisoners.

SIGNERS of the Continental BILLS of CREDIT, appointed by CONGRESS, at Baltimore, between the 26th December, 1776, and 17th February, 1777.

William Asquith, John Griffith, Hercules Courtenay, John Cockey, James Kello, Richard Cromwell, James Calhoun, George Welch, Theodore Barrell, Thomas Donellan, John Boyd, Benjamin Levy, Samuel Hillegas, William Govett, Benjamin Brannon, William Gibson, John Philpot, Richard Johns, Robert Dorsey, Mark Alexander, John Dorsey, Edward Gaither, William Young, George Patterson, Richard Stringer, Samuel Stringer Coale, Rinaldo Johnson, St. George Peale, Joseph Gaither, Zachariah Maccubbin, Dennis Griffith, James Franklin, John Barney, Hans Creery, Clement Brook, William Hammond, James Walker, Horatio Johnston, John Taylor, Aquila Norris, Darby Lux, Daniel Carrol.

Extra from the minutes, CHARLES THOMSON, secretary. To the PUBLIC.

In CONGRESS, January 15, 1777.

RESOLVED, That the Continental Treasurer be empowered and directed to borrow money on loan-office certificates; that the same be countersigned by the auditor-general for the time being.

RESOLVED, February 22, 1777. That all certificates issued after the first emission, be signed by Michael Hillegas, Esq; treasurer, or Samuel Hillegas, and countersigned agreeable to the resolutions of congress, of the 3d of October, 1776, and 15th of January, 1777.

RESOLVED, February 26, 1777. That an interest of SIX PER CENT. per annum, be allowed on all sums of money already borrowed, and directed to be borrowed, on loan-office certificates, although such certificates mention only an interest of four per centum, per annum.

Extra from the minutes, (Signed) CHARLES THOMSON, secretary.

Baltimore, March 3, 1777. The Continental Treasurer, in obedience to the above resolutions, begs leave to acquaint the public, that he is ready to receive on loan, in behalf of the United States, any sums of money, not less than two hundred dollars, that may be brought him, at his office, in Market-street.

All Printers of news-papers in the United States, are requested to insert the above resolutions and advertisement in their papers for one month.

M. HILLEGAS, Con. Treasurer.

ANNAPOLIS, MARCH 13.

Extra of a letter from Albany, Feb. 25, 1777.

"All our apprehensions are dissipated, by a Canadian from the Quebec suburbs at Montreal, and a Low-Dutch man, a lieutenant in col. Livingston's regiment, who went into Canada with gen. Montgomery in the first battalion of Yorkers, who left Canada since Christmas; the latter was left behind by our army sick at Chambly, and after his recovery was a prisoner, and on his parole, both at Montreal and Quebec, and is a very intelligent young fellow; during his indisposition at Chambly, his quarters being on the high road, he had an opportunity of seeing the enemy pass his window with a very fine train of artillery, all brass; he corroborates many pieces of news we heard during the summer, which we did not credit, such as the foreigners mutinying on account of their pay, their sudden retreat from St. John's down

the Sorrel with their cannon, on news of a French fleet in the river, and being ordered back by general Carleton before they reached Quebec; gen. M'Lean's going home, with a number of transports that brought the troops out, and was to return in October with provisions, but was not returned before the navigation ended; gen. Burgoyne's leaving Quebec with four regiments of foreigners; several other general officers going home; the Canadians ill treated by the soldiery, but not from authority, but rather as with us by busy stories; provisions very scarce and dear; they take all their cattle from them, nay even their milch cows, and give them certificates; no intention of a winter expedition; gen. Carleton at Quebec, a gen. Frazer commands at Montreal, the garrison consists of 150 provincials who insisted in M'Lean's regiment to obtain their liberty; about 300 at Chambly, which is rebuilt as a barrack and stores, and one Paoli commands; there are about 250 soldiers and 300 sailors at St. John's, which is the only place they have re-established and made strong, with a strong redoubt opposite, at Hazen's, with a lookout 16 feet high; about 300 at the Isle aux Noix, and a party of 60 at Point aux Fer; there are parties in some of the parishes, which they most suspect, and others cantoned, two, three, and four in a house; the people of Point Levy rose, and gen. Carleton could not quiet them, until they had full assurance the Bostonians were retreated out of Canada, and gen. Carleton would grant them a general pardon, which he assured them of. They are building four more vessels at St. John's, and as it is reported preparing timber for building 1500 batteaus for the spring; the regiment that was above is come down, suppose relieved, and they have sent up to those posts a quantity of provisions and ammunition. This person relates that Gleany was taken prisoner, and put in irons; but set at liberty by application made by his wife to gen. M'Lean, on his entering into the ministerial service; he was with gen. Carleton as a pilot on the lake. Their expectations were so great in Canada, and from a report I read that gen. Howe was at Albany, it was certain nothing could prevent a junction; but on their return, it was some time before they could credit the destruction of our fleet, having no prisoners, and changed much the face of politics. We must not give up the dominion of that lake, unless we mean to go on in the most expensive and destructive way. Our situation for building by far exceeds theirs; 500 good ship-carpenters, with axe men and sawyers in proportion, to set to it with spirit, in six weeks time would exceed them in a navy, the whole expence of which would not pass 200,000 dollars, whereas, while they command the lake, we must keep an army of at least 16 regiments solely to watch their motions, the annual expences of which, supposing them 11,648, on a moderate computation, is 3,200,000 dollars, the greatest part of which, was our fleet superior, might be employed where perhaps very much wanted, and be a very great saving to the State's, as well as the lives of hundreds, that will die by sickness, owing to the unhealthy situation. I believe Sir Guy Carleton has been much disappointed in clothing and provision by our privateers; a number of bales are come in to-day from the eastward, directed to him. M'Kay, who broke out of gaol at Merriford, has reached Canada, and attempted to raise a regiment of Canadians; he got twelve to follow him one day only; there was a report that the bishop had ordered Pere Floquet to Quebec; whether they have shut him up, sent him home, or whether he has taken himself away, is not known, but he has not been seen since. If offensive measures from Canada are intended, Carleton will be early, his people fresh, although perhaps hungry; if we beat them off, what a mortification not to be able to follow them; we have now time enough before us to build, and September and October would be the season for us to penetrate a second time, too late for them to be reinforced, and the Canadians would receive us with open arms, and act a different part, as they have now experienced the difference."

ANNAPOLIS, 12th March 1777.

THE captains of companies, belonging to colonel THOMAS PRICE's battalion, are hereby ordered to march all their recruits to the city of Annapolis immediately, leaving two officers of their respective companies to go on with the recruiting service. All the old soldiers late belonging to the seven independent companies, are ordered to repair to Annapolis immediately, and join their regiment; any that shall neglect to appear there by the 20th inst. will be deemed deserters, advertised and treated as such.

March 8, 1777. THE officers of the 3d regiment of Maryland Continental troops are requested to rendezvous at Baltimore-Town immediately, with all the recruits they may have raised, that, in obedience to an order of the honourable the Board of War, communicated to me by the colonel, we may march to Philadelphia, where the soldiers are to be equipped for camp. Proper officers will be left from each company to complete the recruiting service. A strict compliance with this requisition is expected by,

Your humble servant, NAT. RAMSEY, lieut. col.

Annapolis, head quarters, 12th March, 1777. THE subscriber wants to purchase the following articles (for the use of the military) viz. Seneca Snake-root, Black Snake-root, Pekune-root, and Mistletoe of the oak, Honey and Bees-wax; old linen, particularly dowls, for making lint, and 30 or 40 weight of clean long tow.

RICHARD TOOTELL, Director of the military hospital.

To be sold by the subscriber, on Thursday the third of April next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, Track of LAND, lying on the head of South-river, near Mr. Worthington's tan-yard, containing one hundred and twenty-six acres of very kind land; the same to go to the highest bidder, for cash only, by

SAMUEL WHITE.

ANNEAPOLIS, March 5, 1777. A NEAT and well assorted quantity of broad-clothes, with trimmings, to be sold by the subscriber, for ready money only.

N. B. I want to buy or hire immediately a negro man. RICHARD BURLAND.

TO BE SOLD. A QUANTITY of INDIAN CORN, on application to Mary Dorsey, widow of Caleb, within three miles of Annapolis.

March 1, 1777. To be rented yearly, or for a term of years not exceeding ten, and to be entered on immediately.

THAT noted and well frequented public house formerly kept by Mrs. Sarah Ramfay, on the Head of Severn, about mid-way between Baltimore-Town and Annapolis; and it is the only convenient stage on the roads leading from Baltimore to Lower and Upper Marlborough, and from thence to Virginia. The house will not be let to any person but of a good character, therefore it is hoped none else will apply. The rent to be agreed on by applying to the subscriber on the premises.

N. B. I intend to continue keeping the public house myself until some person takes it off my hands, and will be my constant endeavour to give satisfaction to those who think proper to call on me. I will dispose of a small quantity of good spirits, Madeira wine, whiskey, and lundry household goods, to the person who rents the aforesaid house.

THE high bred horie CARELESS will cover this season at Strawberry-hill, at three pounds a mare and five shillings the groom, if the mare is pastured six dollars and five shillings the groom, if not pastured of twenty shillings the single leap.

CARELESS is a fine bay, rising six years old, fourteen hands three inches high, was got by col. Bay-lor's Fearnaught, his dam by Dove, his grand-dam (the dam of King Herod) by Othello, his great-grand-dam by Old spark, out of Queen Mab, a high bred imported mare, who was the dam of Old Mille, and col. Hopper's Paolet.

N. B. The mares will be received by Thomas Williams, who will take proper care of them, but will be answerable for any that may get away.

Anne-Arundel county, March 8, 1777. I DO hereby forewarn all persons whatsoever, that passing and repassing through my plantation at Beard's Creek, as I find it extremely difficult to keep up my fences. Those who should hereafter be known to pass that way may depend on being dealt with according to the rigour of the law.

JAMES DISNEY.

RAN away from the subscriber, in Charles county, a well set squat mulatto fellow, named HARRY, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, and 34 or 35 years of age, a very white mulatto, with a very remarkably broad flat nose, particularly betwixt the eyes, which his nose is raised but little above the level of his face, with a bushy head of hair. He has variety of cleat which I am not acquainted with, as he does not keep them or often make his appearance in them at home. He is a tolerable good shoe-maker, clapboard carpenter, cooper, and indeed handy at any thing he is about, particularly waiting in the house, gardening, mowing, driving a carriage, and the management of horses.

Whoever takes up and brings to me the said fellow shall receive, if taken at my own dwelling or not within ten miles from it, four dollars reward; if a greater distance, the addition of one dollar for every five miles as far as eight dollars, including what the law allows; but if secured in jail only one dollar more than the law allows, paid by

RICHARD BROWN.

FOUR POUNDS REWARD. Annapolis, March 13, 1777.

RAN away from the subscriber, on Tuesday the 11th inst. in the morning, an intended servant man, named THOMAS HARRISON, about 5 feet 10 inches high, fair complexion, and about 26 years of age; by trade a barber and peruke-maker; had on an old blue coat with a red cape, and red flannel jacket. He is fond of strong liquor, and when drunk extremely talkative. Whoever takes up said servant, and carries him so that his master gets him again, shall receive the above reward, if taken ten miles from home, including what the law allows.

SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD.

To be sold at public vendue, for ready money, on the day the 14th inst. if fair, otherwise the next fair day at the subscriber's plantation on the North side of Severn river.

SUNDRY kinds of HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, among which are featherbeds, blankets, &c. To be sold, to begin at ten o'clock. He has for sale, at his store on the Dock in Annapolis, a copper still that will hold fifty gallons, smiths bellows, anvils, &c. painted colours of all kinds, window glass, cotton cards, shloos, durants, callimancoes, tammies, &c. &c.

DAVID KERR.

WILL cover MARES this season at col. Sharp's plantation on the North side of Severn river, (seven miles from Annapolis) at three pounds current a mare, and a dollar to the groom. He is 15 hands 2 inches and a half high. He is allowed by good judges to be a compleat horse; he was got by Dr. Hamilton's Figure, son of Old Figure, who was got by Standish Sweeper's dam was got by Othello, son of Old Crab, his grand-dam by Morton's Traveller; his great-grand-dam col. Tasker's Selima, got by the Godolphin Arabian.

N. B. Good grass for mares at 1/6 per week; money to be paid for the use of the horse at the time of covering. No mares lost out of the pasture will be accounted for.

Advertisements omitted will be inserted next week.