indeed persuade themselves, that *present* be obtained by a passage of a bill, includ- bjects, in which, for the *present*, the *old* e agreed to, and that the matter might again hereafter with success; but can you e yourselves, as to imagine, if there is n the arguments hitherto urged in sup- d table, and the propriety of connecting subjects together, that the same argu- y become more forcible from another of the law?—If so, what reasonable hope e of ever succeeding, in separating the m the provision for the clergy, and Or what reasonable expectation can you ou will ever be able to get a correction r moderation of the clergy's provision? well at once agree to a *perpetual* establishi- provision for the clergy, the *old table* of e abuses connected with it, and thus, by blow, put it out of the power of your pos- ggle, than turn your faces from *temporary* at for your resolution, and leave matters and perplexed, that every effort of your t prove unsuccessful.

an be plainer or better established, than constitution, we have a *right* to expect *ment* a free, uninterrupted administration cording to the laws; that we have a *right* rom the *legislature* an exercise of their rrecting the old, where they are found , and the establishment of *new*, laws, promote the interests of the country; if s act contrary to the end of their institu- ment can, and ought to give us a new it is our business and interest to sil the hose, who swerve from their duty, with if the upper house act contrary to the institution, if their conduct should pro- n undue attachment to their separate in- are men, and, as such, have their feel- universal condemnation or such motives e the passion of shame, for however *men in* may *affect* to despise the censures or senti- beings, yet a well grounded and universal of unworthy conduct, cannot but reach the proudest man. If the conduct of the e should proceed from misinformation, way so effectual to inform them truly of e of the *constituents*, as by instructing the es.

part shall be among you, the act to be e every body, every elector ought there- d: I mean not to dictate, if nothing be- e proposed, may I offer to your considera- r it would not be improper to instruct our es, *that they again find up a separate in- lenging out the clergy and officers in all re- if it passes*, they should *then* proceed in s may be thought necessary, but if it ected, that they *immediatly* endeavour to to the session, without uselessly spending and our money: if any thing better can of, at this critical time, so far from being ity own, I shall join in the best opinion

gentlemen, your humble servant,

AN ELECTOR.

A R S A W, *August 2.*

IN these last twelve days we have had no ours from the Russian army, which, we occasioned the report of the Russians be- by the Turks; but we are assured, from rity, that there is not the least ground for nor for that other report of the Russians ssed the Danube.

LIN, *Aug. 21.* The emperor of Germany, y his best generals, is daily expected in d his troops, from every corner of his do- e in full march towards the Polish and rritories. His new acquired provinces in daily fortifying, and his troops there are every day, and every thing is put in the of defence. The king of Prussia observes rder, and with 150,000 of the best disci- s, seems to be determined to execute his in all probability, will take up his next arters at Constantinople. Several great (o the old style) powers in Europe are every motion of these wise and politic th the utmost jealousy, and seem very active inets to prevent the plan of the three uni- from being carried into execution, both th and north, and are preparing to oppose by sea and land, so that we may conclude ral war is very near taking place in Eu-

O N D O N, *August 17.*

mier said a few days ago, that there would le business for parliament the ensuing win- hat for once he might promise himself a on. We know he is a great prophet, hope the above will turn out a true pro-

struggle, during the whole course of the ng indirectly made against Lord North by sbury party, (with Lord Gower, who e first lord of the treasury, at their head) pose, a direct application was made a few of a great personage, whose reply was, "I greatest good wishes for my Lord Gower, xperience I have had of my Lord North's ves me under no necessity of making a new

from South America say, that in that part d the seas swarm with Spanish men of war, which come there in order to re-establish the Spaniards in their former possessions in the island of Licornia, out of which they have been drove by the Chilleians and Sengles, the natives of that place. The same letters say, that the Spaniards will find a difficult matter to carry their design into execution, as they are a powerful and numerous people, and have fortified the city of Baldivia, and other places, being determined not to live under the Spanish government, having severely felt the cruelty of the Alcesles for many years past, which was the real cause of murdering them, to free themselves from the Spanish yoke.

By some advices lately received from our ambassador at Petersburg, it seems that the Russians expect to possess themselves of Constantinople by Christmas. There seems, however, little prospect of this at present, but things that seem impossible to us may to them seem very attainable.

Aug. 21. America shews signs of a firm resistance to arbitrary government, and unconstitutional innovation: a conduct like this of the present Americans would have done honour to the most virtuous republick which ancient history records.

A gentleman, who arrived last Wednesday from Turin, gives an account that the king of Sardinia has augmented his army to 100,000 men, all well trained to arms, which he intends to keep as an army of observation, to watch the motions of the king of Prussia. He further says, that according to all appearance, and the preparations that he saw making in Italy, and those parts of Germany he passed through, it cannot be long before a war will break out amongst those powers, as the king of Prussia is looked upon with a jealous eye on account of his seizing on part of the dominions of the king of Poland.

Aug. 23. Though a conciliation has not taken place between a great personage and his two brothers, on the report of the Duke of Gloucester's going abroad, the K. sent to him a very wholesome message, desiring that, though he could not yet see him, he would not take a step that might, in all probability, prevent his ever having that satisfaction.

The following paragraph is inserted in the Edinburgh advertiser, which arrived on Saturday: "By a gentleman who arrived here on Sunday from Spain, we have the following intelligence: that an order came down from Madrid to Cadiz on the 5th ult. for the ships that are ready, to sail immediately for South-America; a galleon that arrived at Cadiz on the 28th of June having brought advice, that the Chilesians, after taking Baldivia, had been joined by great numbers of Indians from Peru, and tribes lying east of Cordeleirans des Andes, and had directed their march for the city Imperial, which they took after a stout resistance made by the Spaniards; put all to the sword, and, after pillaging the city, set it on fire. They then directed their course for St. Jago, in South lat. 34. and west long. 77, the capital of the Spaniards in Chili, the governor of which was preparing to meet them; he has sent advice with the above galleon, that if he does not receive timely succours from Old Spain, he will be unable to withstand the attacks of these barbarians.

We hear that last week the Prussian ambassador received three different packets from Berlin, which occasioned divers conferences between his Excellency and the secretaries of state.

By a gentleman who arrived on Sunday night from France we have undoubted intelligence, that the French are very busy at Brest in getting a large fleet ready, and that they had already nine ships of the line, and four frigates completely rigged and manned, ready to sail on the shortest notice.

It is an undoubted fact that the Dutch have received orders for upwards of five hundred tons of shot and shells for the use of the French, half of which, it is said, are for Spain.

Aug. 24. It is said the colony agents have been given to understand, that if any further opposition is made to the measures of government, the several bounties paid for the encouragement of American produce, on their importation to Great-Britain, may probably be withdrawn.

Aug. 26. Orders are given for shipping off a quantity of goods for America, to distribute amongst the chiefs of the Indian tribes in alliance with Great-Britain.

The whole revenue of the civil officers that are to go out to India, together with that of their several dependents, have been calculated by an East-India proprietor, generally well informed, and they appear to amount to no less a sum than 200,000l. per annum.

ANNAPOLIS, NOVEMBER 4.

On Thursday last the lower house of assembly of this province adjourned themselves till Wednesday the tenth of this instant; and on Friday his Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the council, prorogued the general assembly to Tuesday the sixteenth.

Benjamin Ogle, and Philip Thomas Lee, Esquires, were last week sworn in members of the lord proprietary's council of state.

We are requested to insert the following paragraph

It being reported, that upon a question in the upper house, whether the inspection bill should pass, the house were divided, the gentleman acting as president giving no vote; Mr. Ogle was sworn in for the purpose of voting against the bill, which determined the question in the negative. The real truth is, there was no division, and the affair was settled before Mr. Ogle was sworn in, tho' the bill was not carried to the lower house till afterwards.

A MAN that understands farming and making meadow, that will undertake the care of 12 hands, and bring proper recommendations of his knowledge and fidelity, may meet with encouragement, by applying to

tf DANIEL of SAINT THOMAS JENIFER.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Molly and Betsey, Captain Nicholson, from London; in the Restoration, Captain Thomas, from Bristol, and to be sold by the subscribers, at their store on the dock, in Annapolis, by wholesale or retail, on reasonable terms, for cash, wheat, Indian corn, or short credit,

A NEAT assortment of European and East-India goods, and to be sold as usual, spirits, rum, Madeira wine, molasses, sugar, best hyson, and bohea teas, coffee, chocolate, jar raisins and currants, fine Poland starch, best sig and powder blue, soap, candles, myrtle wax, barrelled pork, tar, bar iron, &c. &c.

6w THOMAS C. WILLIAMS and co.

Elk-Ridge furnace, October 19, 1773.

TO BE SOLD

SIX hundred acres of land, part of Pile's delight, situate in Frederick county, near Sharpesburgh. The soil is rich, and as well adapted to farming as any land in that part of the county. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the land by applying to capt. Joseph Chaplain, living near the premises.

To be exposed to publick sale, on the first day of December next,

ABOUT 300 acres, part of a tract of land, called the Mill Frog, lying in Baltimore county, near Hardegam's tavern, about 30 miles from Baltimore-town; also, about 600 acres, part of a tract, called Caleb's delight, enlarged, lying near Francis Davis's, and about 4 miles from Mansell's tavern. The sale to begin about 12 o'clock, at Hartegam's tavern, where attendance will be given, and terms of sale made known, by

—2w SAMUEL DORSEY, junr.

N. B. Will be sold, by the executors of Caleb Dorsey, deceased, on the same day, a tract of land, called Timber Ridge, lying near said Hardegam's tavern, and contains about 55 acres.

October 27, 1773.

To be sold at publick vendue, on Friday the 26th day of November next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, at the late dwelling-house of Angustine Marriot, of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, near Mrs. Ramsay's, on the head of Severn, for sterling cash, bills of exchange, or current money,

EIGHT young valuable country born negroes, consisting of men, women, boys, and girls, amongst which are two exceeding good house wenches, who have always been brought up to all sorts of house work, and a very valuable young negro man, who can do any kind of plantation work; also a parcel of horses, mares, and colts, hogs, sheep, and all sorts of household furniture, too tedious to mention. Six months credit will be given to the purchaser, on giving bond and security, if required. The sale to begin precisely at eleven o'clock.

w1 JOHN MARRIOTT.

Rock-creek, Frederick county, October 4, 1773.

On Monday the 15th of November next, will be sold to the highest bidder,

SEVERAL valuable negro men, women, and children.

2w ERASMUS GILL, senr.

Alexandria, in Virginia, October 20, 1773.

To be sold, by the subscriber in this town,

A HOUSE and lot, well situated for trade, or a private family, for terms apply to

LUCAS GARVEY.

To be sold, for sterling or current money, the 15th of November next, on the premises,

A VALUABLE tract of land, containing about 350 acres, lying in Fairfax county, in the colony of Virginia, about 25 miles from Leesburg, and 30 from Alexandria, adjoining the land of capt. Francis Payton, &c. The soil suits for planting or farming; one half of the purchase money to be paid in 3 months, and the other half in 3 months, on giving bond and interest with security. The land may be entered on this fall.

THOMAS MACCUBBIN.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or stolen out of John Ridout's pasture, in Dorchester county, on Saturday night the 16th of October, 1773, a likely sorrel horse, about 14 hands high, 6 or 7 years old, with a large blaze in his face; both hind feet white half up the legs, hanging mane, switch tail, paces and gallops. Whoever will bring the said horse to the subscriber, at Ennall's ferry, in the said county, shall receive the above reward of eight dollars, and all reasonable charges, paid by

w6 JOSEPH ENNALLS.

October 28, 1773.

STOLE out of the subscriber's pasture, on Tuesday the 14th of September, a black Mare, about thirteen hands and a half high, four years old, branded on the near buttock, C H; she has a large star, and was with foal when taken away. Whoever will bring her to the subscriber, shall have 20 shillings reward.

CLEMENT HILL.

SPRIGGS and DONALDSON,

Tailors and Stay-makers in Annapolis.

TAKE this method to acquaint the publick, that they have just imported, a large quantity of the best materials for stays; and flatter themselves they can give as great satisfaction to those ladies and gentlemen who please to favour them with their commands as any of the trade, as they have had many years experience, both in London and Paris. Ladies riding habits laced and plain made in the newest fashion; and all orders executed on the shortest notice: as we have before advertised to make stays for ready money only we must beg of those who are indebted for the same to make immediate payment.

5w

N. B. As one Joseph Delafosse, by trade a cabinet-maker, was convicted to this country upwards of two years past, the ship consigned to Messrs. Davenport, Strather, and Lane, merchants in Prince-William's county, Virginia: the said Joseph Delafosse is desired if living, to direct a line as above, and he will hear of something to his advantage, or any person knowing him to be dead, a line from them will be esteemed a particular favour.

October 21, 1773.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

A SOBER man, that has been bred to the principles of gardening, who has been employed in that way by the first familes in Great-Britain, and is well skilled he can give full satisfaction to any gentleman that shall chuse to employ him, and as he is versed in the mathematicks, would be glad to be employed by some gentleman that is going to carry some grand design into execution, as he can execute any plan in the art of gardening. For further particulars enquire of Mr. Robertson at Governor Eden's, or to Mr. Andrew Wales, brewer in Alexandria. 2w

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AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

THOSE gentlemen and ladies, who incline to encourage the publication of the Royal American Magazine, are hereby informed, that the subscription papers will be returned to the intended publisher in a few days, in order that he may ascertain the number subscribed for. Subscriptions are taken in by the printers hereof.

N. B. The introduction to the Royal American Magazine (or number 1 to be ornamented with two elegant copper-plate prints) will be published on the first day of January next.

ANY gentleman, who is qualified to teach the classics, by applying to the visitors of King William's school, in the city of Annapolis, will be treated with on the following terms. His annual stipend to be £55 sterling certain, and £5 currency to be paid by each scholar in the latin school: to a person, who shall be capable of discharging the office of usher, will be given £30 sterling per annum certain, and £2 16 currency paid by each scholar as aforementioned; and to one who can teach English, writing, and arithmetick, will be given £6 sterling certain per annum, with every advantage arising from the scholars, fees, and liberty to make his own bargain, with their parents. There are very good apartments in the house besides those appropriated for the use of the scholars with a good kitchen and garden, which belong entirely for the use of the master, who render it a very comfortable place of residence. Any engagements the visitors enter into, cannot take place till the 3d day of April next, and to prevent trouble all is to be hoped that no persons will make application who are not properly qualified to fill the above mentioned stations.

Signed by order,

JOHN CLOCKER, Registrar.

tf

THREE POUNDS REWARD,

October 19, 1773.

RAN away from the subscriber living near Annapolis, an Irish indented servant, named James Garland; about 23 years old, about 5 feet 6 inches high, pretty well made, fair and had, fresh complexion, but now pale having been sick for some time, and is pock marked; had on a fetch hat, a mixt cloth jacket, and other clothes, a fetch hat, a mixt cloth jacket, and other clothes and trousers.

Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, so that his master gets him again, shall receive the above reward, if taken 10 miles from home, forty shillings currency, and if out of the province, the above reward, paid by

BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.

Annapolis, October 19, 1773.

COMMITTED to my custody as run away, a negro man, who calls himself Jack Scott, who is advertised in the Virginia gazette, by the name of Essex, by Anthony Winchester, of Buckingham county; likewise John Birmingham, who appears to be the person advertised in the Pennsylvania packet, by Edger Brewer, of Goldenhill, New-York. Their masters are desired to take them away, and pay charges, to

WILLIAM NOKE, sheriff.