

NEW-YORK, July 22.

On Friday last was apprehended at his house at Hanover, in Morris county, the well known Samuel Ford, who had been long-suspected of counterfeiting the paper currency of New-Jersey, with which he was accustomed to travel into Pennsylvania, Maryland, and other provinces, and has for several years passed the same to a very large amount, as the lawful emission of the Jersey treasury. He went to Ireland six years, and to England eighteen months ago, some time after the late emission of the New-York currency, no doubt with views of procuring dies, stamps, paper and prints, to imitate the true bills in the most plausible manner, and to carry on this pernicious practice of plundering the publick. He broke jail on Saturday night, being aided in his escape by one John King, a veteran in villainy, and a confederate with him in this species of it. The sheriff at his wits end, on occasion of this unfortunate incident, has raised an hue and cry, published a description of their persons, and offered a reward of 50l. for apprehending Ford, and 25l. for the person of King.

ANNAPOLIS, August 5.

On Sunday last, his majesty's frigate the Tartar, Capt. Edward Meadows, came up Chesapeake bay, and anchored off this port, and on Monday evening the capt. made a seizure of a sloop and cargo, which consisted of sugar, melasses, and coffee: the cause of the seizure 'tis said, was, a short entry made by the capt. and owner at the custom-house. The man of war went down the bay with her prize, so that we cannot infer the particulars.

On Wednesday last, a boat from Bush River, bound to Eastern-Neck island, was sunk at the mouth of Chester-River, about four miles below Poole's island, by a water-spout. There were in the said boat five passengers, two of whom were saved, and three drowned. The drowned persons were, Mrs. Lysby of Kent county, Mrs. Bradford of Baltimore, and Mr. Thomas Brown of Kent county, a youth of about 22 years of age, who made an attempt to swim ashore, but expired before he could arrive there. The two passengers saved were, Mr. Joseph Brown, and Michael Connaway of Kent county, who swam four miles, the boat being that distance from shore.

A reward of five pounds will be paid to any person who shall take up, and decently bury the-body of Mr. Thomas Brown, by William Brown.

TO THE PRINTERS.

Baltimore, July 23, 1773. The regulation and establishment of fees in the province of New-York, having been hitherto mentioned only in general terms, it may be agreeable to many readers to be informed particularly by what authority, and in what manner, fees have been, and still are settled in that colony, and therefore be pleased to insert in your paper what followeth.

A. B.

AN ordinance for regulating and establishing fees by his excellency Robert Hunter, Esq; governor in chief, in and over the provinces of New-York, New-Jersey, &c. in council, this 19th of October, in the 9th year of Queen Anne. "Whereas her most sacred majesty, by her additional instructions to his said excellency therein reciting, that whereas she had thought fit from a representation of the commissioners of trade and plantations, to repeal two acts passed in the province of New-York; the one for regulating and establishing fees, the other to relieve the colony from divers irregularities and extortions, and that whereas the table of fees settled in the said province of New-York, in September 1693, would again be in force until further provision should be made for the officers in the said province. It was her majesty's will and pleasure, that after his said excellency's arrival at New-York, he should as soon as conveniently may be, reconsider the said table of fees, and with the advice and assistance of her majesty's council (if need should be) prepare such another table of fees as should make a reasonable provision for the said officers, and be most agreeable to the circumstances of her said-majesty's province. In pursuance whereof, and that a reasonable provision may be made for all officers in due proportion to their respective services, and agreeable to the circumstances of the said province, his excellency the governor, by and with the advice and assistance of her majesty's council for the said province, and by virtue of the power and authority to him given by her majesty's letters patent under the great Seal, hath thought fit to ordain and declare, and his excellency the governor, by and with the advice and assistance aforesaid, doth hereby ordain and declare, that from and after the first of next December, no officer or other person or persons whatsoever, for any service by him to be done in respect of his office for any fee, perquisite, benefit, or reward, shall exact, demand, or ask any greater or other fee or fees, sum or sums of money for the discharge of his duty in office, other than what herein after is allowed and established for the same, (to wit) then follow tables of the fees of the several officers, and after the tables these clauses, viz. "And it is hereby further ordained and declared, that all and every officer and officers, person and persons, that shall at any time hereafter exact, demand, or ask any greater or other fee, for or in respect of any the services herein before mentioned, other than such as now are or which at any time hereafter, shall by the authority aforesaid be established and allowed for them, shall be liable to be suspended and turned out of his said office or offices, and to such other fines and penalties as the utmost rigour of the law can inflict. And be it hereby further ordained and declared by the authority aforesaid, that the chief justice of the supreme court of this province, and all judges of the inferior courts of common pleas do allow and tax all bills of costs arising within their several courts, according to

the tables of fees herein before established, and not otherwise, as they will answer the same at their peril, any thing herein before contained, or any law, rule, usage, or custom in their respective courts, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

"Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend, to obstruct, or abridge the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the cities of New-York and Albany, or the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the borough of Westchester, or their respective officers, from taking such fees and perquisites for licences, freedoms, and other things heretofore usually by them taken, any thing herein to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

"Given by his excellency Robert Hunter, Esq; governor in chief of the provinces of New-York, New-Jersey, &c. in council at Fort-Anne, in New-York, the 19th October, 1770, and in the 9th year of Queen-Anne.

By order of his excellency } ROBERT HUNTER." in council; } GEORGE CLARKE.

To the PRINTERS of the MARYLAND gazette.

IT is generally observed that self-love is the principal motive to all our actions. I must own this is but paying a very indifferent compliment to mankind; but however censured I may be in attempting to lower the dignity of human nature; yet to admit that most of our actions flowed from a disinterested principle of humanity, would, in my opinion, be an error that the best preconceived apology could not palliate.

I hope that the modern patriots, and the entertaining writers of the week, will now allow, that what they have lately endeavoured to issue on the publick, as the language of the uncorrupted heart, were, in truth, nothing more than the excursions of the disordered brain; which being accompanied with that sovereign passion self-love, discover to us in full view, the affectation of the patriot, and vanity of the writer.

Notwithstanding meek-patriotism is easily detected, and vanity, by the reasonable part of mankind, incurs only derision; yet, we have had recent instances, when it laboured hard to bring, on this province, the most supreme contempt.

A difference, in sentiment, between two branches of the legislature, we all know, was the cause that the inspection law ceased. In consequence of which, the governor issued his proclamation, directing that the fees of officers, should be paid in tobacco, at twelve fillings and six-pence the hundred—This unprecedented condescension, one might think, would even gratify the vanity of those, whose political reputation can only exist but by the constant opposition they indiscriminately make to the measures of government. But instead of this, without paying any attention to the distinguished sense of the well meaning men of this province, they studied, by inflammatory harangues, to raise the passions of the people, and in the room of good order and government, to introduce a state of anarchy, and every kind of excess.

To mention seriously the addresses to the First Citizen, would be almost too gross an insult on the understanding. Such conspiracies against virtue, and common sense, admit of no palliatives.

I am unwilling to believe that the gentlemen of B— county had any particular meaning in their address; therefore to treat them with contempt, would, I think, be an unpardonable breach of humanity; yet to pass by unnoticed the indecencies offered by some to government, would be involving in the same censure, which is, disrespect to our superiors; and an unacquaintance with every refined notion of good breeding or morality.

That serenity of temper which our chief magistrate shewed, when the measures of administration were censured, can only proceed but from an elevated soul; and a mind conscious of its own rectitude—Horace has given it expressive elegance.

Virtus, repulsa nescia formidæ,
Intaminatis fulget honoribus;
Nec sumit aut ponit secura,
Arbitrio popularis auræ.

To add to this, if advantages of birth, an acquaintance with the liberal sciences; knowledge of the world; and attractive affability constitute the gentleman; I am informed, Governor Eden has the greatest pretensions to that distinguished character.

If to stand, intrepidly, forth for the preservation of our country, when a violation of our rights and privileges was actually attempted; if, with manly sense, irresistible argument, and steady perseverance, without fear of incurring the displeasure of a corrupt ministry, can establish the character of a friend to his country, let Antilon lay claim to that honour; and let him disregard the feeble efforts of a diseased faction; which, like consumptive bodies, are hastening on their dissolution by their own interperance.

POPPLICOLA.

E R R A T U M.

In the first line of the third section of Mr. John Hammond's address to the printers, instead of "I trust, it comes;" read "I trust this publication comes."

July 17, 1773.

A CONSIDERABLE quantity of port wine of the first quality, London old bottled porter, ale, Gloucester and Cheshire cheese, single refined and lump sugars; imported in the Sim, Capt. Boucher, from London, and Lady Margaret, Capt. Noble, from Glasgow; to be sold for cash, or on short credit, by the subscribers in Alexandria, Virginia.

4W BENNETT BROWNE, & Co.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

On TUESDAY the 28th of Sept. will be run for, THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS, free only for Horses &c. belonging to the Members of the Club.

On WEDNESDAY the 29th. The CITY PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS, Give AND TAKE. Aged Horses 14 Hands high to carry 9 Stone, allowing 7lb. for every Year under Age; and 7lb. for every Inch under 14 Hands; but for every Inch above 14 Hands, to carry 7lb. extraordinary. Heats 3 Miles each.

On THURSDAY the 30th. The CITY PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS, free for Four and Three Years old; Four Years to carry 8 Stones, Three Years to carry 7 Stone, allowing 3lb. for Fillies. Heats 2 Miles each.

On FRIDAY the 1st of October. The THEATRICAL PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, carrying 9 Stone. Heats 4 Miles each.

There will be a Sweep-stakes on Monday the 27th of September, between

William Fitzhugh, Esquire's gray Filly, by Fear-nought.

Benjamin Ogle, Esquire's gray Filly, by Othello, Daniel Heath, Esquire's gray Filly, by Traveller.

Hours of starting Eleven o'Clock each Day.

Assemblies as usual, on Tuesday and Friday.

LLOYD DULANY, } Esqrs. Stewards. RICHARD SPRIGG, }

For the Encouragement of the Market, and the better Entertainment of the Company at Annapolis during the Races, the JOCKEY CLUB have directed their Secretary to publish the following Premiums, viz.

TEN POUNDS CURRENCY For the largest and fattest Beef that shall be brought to Market, and sold at or under Six-pence per Pound, The Four Quarters not to weigh less than 700 Pounds.

ONE GUINEA. For the largest and fattest Weather, above Four Years old.

THREE POUNDS CURRENCY To the person who brings to Annapolis during the Race Week the greatest Quantity of the largest and best marketable Fish, and retails the same at the usual Prices. Proof of which must be made to the Satisfaction of the Club at the End of the Week.

Persons proposing to become Candidates for the Premiums, are to apply to the Secretary of the JOCKEY CLUB.

WILLIAM EDDIS, Secretary.

Elk-Ridge, July 21, 1773.

To be sold, by publick vendue, on monday the 23d day of August, at Curtis's creek iron works, in Anne-Arundel county,

TWO undivided third parts of about 7000 acres of land lying in the said county, on which are erected a good furnace, stone dwelling house, sundry out houses, and a grist and saw mill. The land is well timbered, and the water navigable within a few yards of the furnace and-mills, which are about seven miles distant from the town of Baltimore. Six months credit will be given the purchaser, on his giving bond, with security, if required

SAMUEL DORSEY, jun. CHARLES RIDGELY, MICHAEL PUE, Wm. GOODWIN, Wm. BUCHANAN, jun.

Prince-George's county, July 28, 1773.

To be sold, at publick auction, on the premises, on the first of September next, if fair, if otherwise, the next fair day.

A VERY valuable tract of land, being the plantation whereon I now live, containing nearly 1100 acres. A part of this land was advertised some time ago; the reserved part, now offered for sale, is esteemed the best. On this land is a very good dwelling-house, and every necessary and convenient out-house, with a good garden and yard well paved in; as well as sundry tobacco-houses, quarters and tenements, well disposed on the different parts of the land: a large stream runs through the middle of it, on which lie between two and three hundred acres of rich low grounds, most of which may be made into meadow, a good deal of it being already cleared for that purpose. The high land is of various qualities; but, in general, well adapted to farming or planting. It lies within four miles of the ware-houses, at Broad-creek; within eight of Piscataway; and within two or three of Alexandria, in Virginia. Long credit will be allowed for the greatest part of the purchase money, if required; the purchaser giving bond, with approved security; or, a proper discount will be made for ready money.

JOHN ADDISON.