

choosing the Honour of serving you there. What is become of the honest faithful Englishman who had the Honour of serving you in Prison? You felt no Qualms at discharging him whilst you retained your Frenchman.

Mr. Wilkes. Sir, all this proceeds from Malice. There is a Set of you that have determined my Ruin. To avoid Suspicion, and to ruin me the more effectually, you have struggled to get me returned Four Times Member for Middlesex; and Twice Alderman of London; you have procured me a Thousand Pounds; you have paid my Fines of a Thousand Pounds; you have paid Two Thousand Pounds of my Election Expences; you have discharged above Twenty Thousand Pounds of my Debts; you offered to get me an Annuity of 600l. a Year; you permitted me to pocket the 4000l. of Lord Halifax's Damages. All this was done to ruin me. There is a Gang of you the most atheistical, profligate, prodigal Fellows in the World, who have conspired against me from Envy to my Virtue and Character. There is Lord Chatham who resigned the Privy-Seal; Lord Camden who gave up Twenty Thousand a Year; Lord Shelburne who refused to continue Secretary of State; Mr. Dunning who threw up the Solicitor Generalship; Mr. Townshend who declined his Father's Contract of 1200l. a Year, and quitted the situation of a Country Gentleman to become Alderman and Sheriff at the Expense of 1200l. Mr. Sawbridge who has declined no Labour nor Expence; Mr. Oaker who is in the Tower; Sir Robert Bernard; Mr. Bellas; Mr. Lovell who by advancing 300l. and by giving an unlimited Security concealed my Robbery of the Foundling Hospital; Mr. Tooke who covered my Fraud upon the Paris Jeweller by discharging the Debt; Mr. Serjeant Glynn who pleaded my Cause when every other Serjeant in the Common Pleas refused it; Mr. M. cleane who saved me from a French Jail by paying down for me 1200l. at Paris; Mr. Fitzherbert who procured a Pension for me of One Shilling in the Pound out of the Salaries of the Rockingham Ministry; Mr. who after contributing his Money and doing me the most essential Services, would not let me lay with his Wife; the late Society of the Bill of Rights; the Great Mogul and Pretter John. Edridge who run the Skewer through my Gizzard; and the Princess Dowager of Wales.—All these under the Influence of the beggarly Parson of Brentford have entered into a formal written Agreement, of which the Original is in my own Possession, to destroy my Popularity and prevent those great Schemes of national Liberty, which I John Wilkes with my only steady Friends, Mr. Crosby, Sir Joseph Nisbety and Mr. Adair, have laid down for the People of England.

Mr. Horne. Sir, If only to come in these Men went out, They surely took the longest Way about. But you cannot wonder at my Influence over these People when you consider the large Pensions I allow them out of my Living; and when you consider the enormous Sums which have flowed into my Exchequer from my Publications, the Subscriptions to Mr. Glynn's Election, and Sir Joseph's Three Bank Notes which have been equally distributed amongst my Creatures.—But you may say if you are Sheriff and Mr. Luttrell should vacate his Seat, you will not make any Return to the Writ for a new Election. How will you avoid the Perjury arising from the Two Oaths you must take? And how will you escape the Penalties inflicted by the Statutes of 8 Hen. 6. and 23 Hen. 6? How will you prevent the Writ from being executed by the Coroner on your Refusal?

Mr. Wilkes. Are not you ashamed to falsify an Oath? Yes, Sir, I say falsify an Oath. I am to take only one of the Oaths. The Sheriff of London does not take the Oath you have quoted, though the other Sheriffs of England do. In the Oath I take there is no mention made of Returns. There, Sir, I give you a printed Copy of it signed by Sir James Hodges, Knight.

Mr. Horne. One Perjury is still Perjury. The Copy of the Oath which you have given, has these Words—"ye shall well and lawfully keep the Shires of London and Middlesex, and th' Offices that to the same Shires pertain to be done well and lawfully ye shall doe after your Witt and Power."—Is it an Office pertaining to the Shire of Middlesex to make a Return to a Writ of Election? If it is, and you take this Oath with a Resolution to make no Return, you are perjured in the very Moment of taking it.

Mr. Wilkes. But suppose I endorse all my Reasons on the Back of the Writ?

Mr. Horne. Tell the County of Middlesex what you mean to do; and then they will be able to judge; but whilst you shift in this Manner from no Return to what you call a Special Return, the County cannot judge of the Propriety of an uncertain Measure. You have been wise to talk no more about the Freeholders' Book, and packing of Juries: You have done well to make no Answer to the Objections drawn from the Penalties inflicted by Statutes for making no Return or an insufficient Return. But let me desire you to explain one strange Thing. If you think it proper to pay no Regard to a Writ of Election, because you are the Representative of Middlesex; why do you pay Obedience to other Writs? Why do you give Bail (which you have done) when you are arrested? Why do you not plead Privilege as Representative of the County of Middlesex? Why do you thus give up the Privilege of Parliament and of the People?

Mr. Wilkes. I will never again say you cannot laugh; I perceive you are laughing at me now; and I will not answer your jesuitical Questions, lest every one else should laugh with you. What Business have you with these Things? you are an Atheist, and therefore ought to go and christen the Children and take Care of the Souls of your Parish.

CHARLES-TOWN, (S. Carolina,) June 6. The uncommon Quantity of Rain that has fallen during the Course of the last Month, which is usually

a dry one, has done incredible Damage almost throughout the Province, but more especially to the Plantations upon the fresh Water River Swamps, where the Freshes have risen from Fifteen to more than Thirty Feet in Twenty-four Hours, totally destroyed the whole Crops of a great Number of industrious poor (as well as rich) Inhabitants, drowned a great Quantity of Cattle and Hogs, and put many People to the greatest Difficulties imaginable to save their Lives, upon the Tops of their Houses, Trees and little Ridges of high Land: In short, the Accounts from all Quarters are very melancholy. The first Cutting of Indigo is entirely gone; Hemp has suffered much; and more than a Third of the Crop of Rice and Corn is thought to be lost. The principal Sufferers are on the Congaree, Santee, Pedee, Wateree, and Savannah Rivers. Many Planters in Georgia are also likely to sustain great Losses by the late wet Weather.—These Accounts have occasioned the Rise of the Price of Rice to 31. per Hundred, and of Corn to Twenty Shillings per Bushel, and 'tis to be hoped, 'twill prevent the further Exportation of the latter Grain.

June 17. About the middle of last Month, a Party of Creek Indians going to War, met a Party of Choctaws on the same Errand: A Battle ensued, in which Nine Creeks were killed, and it is said not more than Two or Three Choctaws. Some Weeks before the Skirmish abovementioned, a Party of Creeks from the Alabama Fort, fell in with a Party of Choctaws, Three of whom they killed, and took One Man and Three Women Prisoners; a few Days after their Return home they burnt the Man on the Tuskegee Town, the Women they keep as Slaves. All the Appearances of a Peace between the Creeks and Choctaws are vanished.

NEW-YORK, July 15. On Monday last, in the Ship Sukee, Capt. Yarborough, in Five Days from North-Carolina, his Excellency William Tryon, Esq; our newly appointed Governor, with his Lady and Daughter, arrived at the Narrows about Three o'Clock in the Morning, and between Twelve and One came up to Town, where at his Landing he was welcomed by a Salute of Fifteen Guns from the Fort, to which he was conducted by the Gentlemen of the Council, and others, who waited his Landing.

On Tuesday the Gentlemen of his Majesty's Council assembled at the Fort, where his Excellency's Commission was read, and the Oaths of Office administered, after which, attended by the Mayor and Corporation, the Sheriff and other Officers of the City, with many other Gentlemen, they marched in Procession to the City Hall, where his Commission was published, and after the customary Formalities, his Excellency, with the Gentlemen of the Council, returned to the Fort, where an elegant Dinner was provided. At Night the City was illuminated.

We hear that Col. Josiah Martin, now in this City, who succeeds to the Government of North-Carolina, will this Week depart for that Place, in the same Vessel in which his Excellency our Governor lately arrived from thence.

ANNAPOLIS, JULY 25. On Friday last arrived here the Ship Eden, Captain Nicholson, from London, with whom came Passengers, Thomas Eden, Esq; Brother to his Excellency our Governor, William Reynolds, Esq; of Virginia, and Mr. James Carmichael, of Queen-Anne's County.

Annopolis, July 23, 1771. TO BE SOLD BY THE SUBSCRIBER, ROBERTSON'S HISTORY OF CHARLES the FIFTH, YORK'S SENTIMENTAL JOURNEY, BELLISARIUS, &c. &c. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD.

Annopolis, July 24, 1771. THE Subscriber has lately received Letters from England, informing him of sundry Books, on Painting, and a Number of Prints being sent him, but by what Ship, or to what Part of Virginia or Maryland they were sent, he is totally at a Loss to find out. Any Gentleman that may be in Possession of the Books, Prints, &c. and will send them to the Subscriber, or give him Information of them, shall be well rewarded for his Trouble, and receive the Thanks of his Very humble Servant, CHARLES W. PEALE.

Annopolis, July 23, 1771. THE Subscriber takes this Method of acquainting his Friends and the Publick, that he intends to decline keeping Tavern August Court next, and returns his sincere Thanks for the Countenance and Encouragement he has hitherto met with; and as he much wishes to settle every Account before he quits the said Business, earnestly requests those who are indebted to him, to call and discharge their respective Balances; and all those who have Claims against him to bring them in, and they shall be punctually adjusted and paid. JAMES REITH.

JAMES LOGAN, who not only has been regularly bred to the tailoring Trade in the most capital House for that Business, in the City of Cork, but also worked for a considerable Time with much Applause, with most eminent Masters in England and Ireland; has now opened Shop at the House of Mr. William Goldsmith, Shoemaker, near the Town-Gate, Annapolis, where he intends carrying on his Trade in all it's various Branches; from a superior Ability in his undertaking, and constant Adherence to the due Assiduity highly necessary in the Execution thereof, he flatters himself he will be able to give the utmost Satisfaction to those who please to favour him with their Custom. (15)

Just imported in the Ship Camden, Capt. Richardson, and the Ship Eden, Capt. Nicholson, from London, and to be sold Wholesale and Retail, very cheap, for Cash, by William Rooke, at his Corner Store, the Head of the Dock, Annapolis, a great Variety of GOODS, which are the following Articles, viz:

OSNABRIGS, brown, white, Russia and Irish Sheeting, Russia Drab, Irish and German Doublets, 3-4 7-8, 4-4, Irish Linens, Bed Bunts, 3-4 2-5, 4-4 and Apron Breadth Checks and Manchester Cotton Stripes, printed Cottons, Calicoes, and Laces, pencil'd and Copper-Plate ditto, India Nankens, check and printed Handkerchiefs, Gauze and Stripes ditto, Silk and Muslin ditto, Book Muslin, Catgut, white Parisnet, plain, figured, striped, and spotted Silk Gauze, clear Lawns, fine sprigg'd Lawn Aprons, red Cardinals, plain ditto trimm'd with Ermine, black Sattin and pink Cardinals, plain ditto trimm'd with Ermine and Lace, trimmed and plain Silk Bonnets and Hats, India Pearl Necklaces, Wax ditto, black Velvet for Ladies Necks, great Variety of Silk Blond Laces, Rugs and Blankets, Camblets, Plaids, rich Damasks, Tammies and Durants, black Ruff, Calimancoes, Irish Stuffs, Crape, pink Broglio, Turp Tenim, dress'd Tean, mixt Drab, farsiet and Stripes Coating, Frizes, plain, white, red, and spotted Flannels, fine French Palle set in Silver, Ladies and Gentlemens Shoe Buckles, Knee, Stock, and Shirt, Broches ditto, Cruets and Stands, cut Diamond Gigs with Silver Tops; Assortment of Ribband, Shoemakers Measurers, Lalls, Hammers, Awls, Hatts, Nippers and Pinchers; Milbn's Trowels and Hammen, Platters Trowels, H Hinges, Stock Locks, Bris Case ditto, Iron ditto, Chelt, Cupboard, Box, Det, Drawer and Padlocks; Currycombs and Brushes, Steel, plated, and Meute Spurs; plated, Steel, Pinchlock, Platina, Bath Metal, Tin and mourning Shoe and Knee Buckles; Paper, enameled and Tin Snuff-Boxes, Pocket Looking-Glasses, Slates and Pencils, Needles, Pins, Fishhooks, Hooks and Eyes, Japan'd, Iron, Tin, Brass and plated Candlesticks; Ladies and Gentlemens red, blue, green, and black Leather Pocket-Books, with or without Infruments; an Assortment of Stationary, Boot-Garters, Chaise and Horsewhips, Turkey and common Saddle-Cloths, Curb and Snaffle Bridles, Bridle-Bits, Girths, Saddle-Straps, Bridle Gun Locks, common ditto, Moule-Traps, Wood Screws, smoothing Irons, Carpenters Irons, square 4 5 6 7 Inches Iron Bolts, Firers, Gouges, Chisels, socket Gouges and Chizels, Augers and plain Irons, Coopers Adzes and Hammers, best Steel Tenant and Hand-Saws, Files and Raips assorted, Horn, Siligree, gilt and lacquered Buttons, Basket and Death-Head ditto, sewing Silk, Scarf and Twilt, Breaches Patterns, Knee-Garters, coloured, stitching, Scotch and New Thread; silk Laces, Bobbin, Tapes; Gartering, Cat and Suce Binding, Men and Womens Thread, Cotton, and Worsted Hoes; Penknives, Knives and Forks, Spices, Spectacles, Powder; Shot, and Flint; Segar-Candy, Epitom and Glauter Salts, Spanish Liquorice, Turlington's Balsam, Godfrey's Cordial, Stoughton's Drops, Jesuits Bark, Hungary and Lavender Water, Ivory and Horn Combs; an Assortment of Tin Ware, Tin Pewter, Ditto Flint Glass, Copper Tea-Kettles, Coffee Pots and Skellets, Brass Warming-Pans, best Crocks, Scythes and Stones, Shovel and Tong, Womens black Sattin, Callimanco, Everlasting, and Leather Shoes; Mens Shoes and Pumps, Spades and Shovels; Seine Twine, Sail Twine, Bed Cords, Lead Lines, Drum, Rock and Perch Lines; Coffin Furniture, white and lacquered; bottled Perry, Gloucester Cheese, Saltpetre, Liverpool Salt; Also to be Sold, Pitch, Tar, and Turpentine; Jamaica Spirit, West-India and Country Rum, English and Philadelphia double and single refined Loaf Sugar, Mulcovado ditto, Rice, Indigo, Starck and Blue, Soap and Candles, Mustard, Ginger, Raisins, fine Hyson Tea at 17s. 6d. per Pound, Green at 12s. and best Bohea Tea at 6s. per Pound, Chocolate at 1s. 8d. and Jamaica Coffee at 1s. 6d. &c. &c. (16)

Charles County, July 19, 1771. LOST, and supposed to be detained by some Person at Annapolis, a POCKET MEMORANDUM Book, containing a Set of Bills of Exchange for 50l. Sterling, drawn by Messrs. Barnes and Ridgely, on Gooden Hanbury, Esq; and Co. Merchants in London, payable to, and indorsed by me on the Back of each Bill; besides several other Papers. Whoever will give Intelligence of the said Pocket Book and Contents, to the Printers, or the Subscriber, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward, paid by JERE ADERTON.

N. B. The Bills can be of no Use to any but the Owner, Payment being stopped.

Cambridge, Dorchester County, July 19, 1771. THIS is to acquaint the Publick, and my kind Customers in particular, That I have lately furnished myself with a large and compleat Assortment of European, West-India and Country Goods, which I will sell very reasonable for Cash. Wheat, Flaxseed, Corn, Pork, Staves, Plank, and Feathers. MICHAEL BURKE.

May 23, 1771. STRAYED from the Subscriber on the 5th Inst. S a dark sorrel Horse, about 13 Hands 3 Inches high, branded on the near Shoulder F W paces slow, trots and gallops, has a small Star in his Forehead, switch Tail, hanging Mane, and walked lame when he went away. Whoever brings the said Horse to Capt. Francis King, in Piscataway, or the Subscriber living in Pomenkey Neck, about Nine Miles below Piscataway, shall receive Four Dollars Reward; if further than Twenty Miles from my House, Five Dollars. (14) RICHARD BRANDT.