

...y and a leading Man in the House, in order to be laid before the Parliament; but this he thought proper to decline, and the House never saw, until now, what it is thought would doubtless have prevented the Act from being passed; for which Disobedience of the Order of Council, and daring to secret Papers which he was directed to communicate, it is thought he will be impeached before the Rising of the House. I sincerely congratulate you upon this mighty Acquisition, which I hope may be properly represented, and that it may have the salutary Tendency of uniting again to the Body the broken and disjointed Members. The late Restrictions upon your Trade will probably be taken off, so that America will have all they wish for.

NEW-YORK, April 24. The following is a Copy of Grenville's Motion in the House for enforcing the Act. He was supported by 134, among whom were, Sir Charles Hurd, [In Return for the Kindness and Respect shewn him in America] and General Abercromby, [The Hero of Tyconderoga.] 274 opposed the Motion.

Mr. Grenville's Motion in the House of Commons:

That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that an humble Address be presented to his Majesty, to express the Indignation and Concern of the House, at the dangerous Tumults and Insurrections, which have been raised, inflamed, and carried on, in several of the Colonies in North-America, whereby the Execution of a British Act of Parliament has been actually defeated, the Powers and Dignity of his Majesty's Government set at Defiance, and the Legal, Constitutional Dependence of the said Colonies on Great-Britain, impaired and violated. To express our entire Confidence in his Majesty's Royal Wisdom and Firmness, that he will give effectual Orders, and take all proper Measures for preventing any Attempt of the like dangerous Nature for the future, and for carrying into Execution all Laws and Statutes, relative to the said Colonies and Plantations, enacted by the supreme Legislature of these Kingdoms; to recommend to his Majesty's Protection and Favour, his loyal and dutiful Subjects in North-America, who have manifested their Desire to comply with, and to assist in the Execution of the Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for imposing certain Duties of Stamps in the said Colonies, and with the other Statutes of the Realm; and to assure his Majesty that this House will in a Parliamentary way, firmly and steadily Support his Majesty in all such Measures as shall be necessary for vindicating the Rights of Parliament, and for restoring Order and Tranquility to the Colonies.

After many long and warm Speeches upon the above Motion, "About Ten o'Clock, when the House were almost worried out, Old General HOWARD stood up, at his Martial Appearance, a profound Silence ensued, he spoke to this Effect, That he shuddered at the unnatural Motion, he hoped in God it would not succeed, lest he should be ordered to execute it, and before he would imbrue his Hand in the Blood of his Countrymen, who were CONTENDING FOR ENGLISH LIBERTY, he would, if ordered, draw his Sword, but would sooner sheath it in his own Body.—Secretary CONWAY said (tho' not at the same Time) that he would sooner cut off his Right Arm, than sign an Order for Soldiers to enforce the Act."

Before the Debate on Grenville's Motion, things were in a State of great uncertainty and fluctuation, the most knowing were at a Loss what to expect.—One Day the Ministry would have the Advantage, the next Grenville's Party would seem to prevail,—and then of course no Repeat: But since that Debate, Appearances were more favourable. As soon as the Stamp-Act is out of the Way, the Sugar Act, and other destructive Restraints on American Trade, will be considered: It is imagined every Thing we ask will be granted; as the Eyes of the Nation are at last opened, to see the Advantages that Great Britain will receive by granting us an almost unlimited Trade, where it does not in the least interfere with British Manufactures. That it was said French Sugars, &c. will pay no Duties on Importation, to the Colonies, but must be put in the King's Warehouses, and the Proprietor be obliged to re-ship them in a stipulated Time, to any Part of the World. That the Duty on Molasses will be reduced to One Penny per Gallon, and that the West-Indians were collecting all their Force to prevent the passing of these Acts in our Favour, but there was little Reason to fear they would succeed against us.

ANNA-

ANNAPOLIS, May 8.

On Sunday last, betwixt the Hours of III and IV in the Morning, Died, at Upper-Marlborough in Prince-George's County, EDMUND KEY, Esq; of this Place, Attorney-General of this Province, one of the Representatives of St. Mary's County, and Recorder of this City, a young Gentleman in the prime of his Age, universally beloved, and regretted by his Friends, which were ALL, without a single Exception, that ever had the Pleasure of being intimately acquainted with him.—Enemies he had none, but such as the Envy of conspicuous Merit never fails to produce.—In him, with Respect both to his public and private Character, nothing, it is thought, can better express his innate Modesty, uncorrupted Fidelity and inviolable adherence to Truth and impartial Justice on all Occasions, than the following Citation from Horace's elegant Panegyric on his deceas'd Friend Quintilius:

Cui pudor, & Justitiae Soror  
Incorrupta fides, nudaque veritas,  
QUANDO ULLUM INVENIENT PAREM?  
Multis Ille bonis se felix excedit:  
Nulli febilior quam—  
Amico suo A. T.

ANNAPOLIS, May 5, 1766.

Mr. GREEN, BE pleased to insert in your next Gazette, the following Remarks on the Reply to the Observations on the Remonstrance of the late Grand-jury, and you will oblige  
Your humble Servant,  
JOHN BRICE.

IN Justification of myself, and to remove the unfavourable Impressions the Public may have received against me from the Piece abovementioned, published in your last Gazette, I must beg leave to explain my Conduct in Relation to the last Lottery, and submit to the Public, whether I have deserved the Censures, which the Authors of that Paper have thought fit to insinuate against me. I was appointed one of the Managers of the Lottery, the Scheme of which was published in 1758, and drawn in 1759. On the Settlement of the Accounts of the Managers, they thought proper to appoint me Treasurer, and accordingly paid into my Hands a Sum of Money, which, together with what was due from me, amounted to the Sum of 1861. 17s. to be applied to the Uses mentioned in the Scheme, according to their Orders and Directions. On the 16th of February 1761, the Managers met, and appropriated £.80. Part of the said Money, to the Building of a Wharf at the End of N. E. Street, and appointed Messrs. Daniel Wolfenbols, Walter Dulany, and myself, to contract for the Building thereof. The Remainder of the Money, gained by the Lottery, was to be laid out in building a Wharf round the Dock, and Messrs. Nicholas Maccubbin, Lancelot Jacques, William Roberts, and Samuel Middleton, were appointed to contract for doing the same. In Consequence of the Appointment of Messrs. Wolfenbols, Dulany, and myself, we advertised the Building a Wharf of Stone, at the End of N. E. Street, for a long Time, in Mr. Green's Papers, and Mr. Dulany, and myself, contracted with William Allen, for raising, carting, and delivering upon the spot, 150 Tons of Stone for that Purpose, and accordingly 117 Tons of Stone were brought, for which I paid 201. 8s. 6d. But no Person offering to contract for the Building One of Stone, and Mr. Wolfenbols proposing a Wooden Wharf, being induced to believe it might stand for a long Time, from his Observation upon Wharves of that kind at Norfolk and Hampton, in Virginia, at which Places, it seems, the Worm bites very much; and Mr. Dulany being of the same Opinion, I acquiesc'd therein, declaring at the same Time, that I was of contrary Sentiments. In Consequence of this Resolution, an Agreement was made with John Riffon to build a Wooden Wharf, for which I have paid him to the Amount of £.50, as I can make appear by indisputable Vouchers, and the Wharf was near being finished, when a very high Tide, and strong Easterly Wind, carried the greatest Part of it away, the Parts under the Water being quite eaten thro' like a Honey-Comb, by the Worms, which caused the upper Parts to separate, and so the whole was quite destroyed, and there is nothing to be seen of it, but the Stones, with which the Wharf was filled up, and those

only are visible at Low Water. The Rest of the Stones were partly used in filling up the Gullies in N. E. Street, and partly now lie on the Shore. This is a true Representation of all Circumstances attending this unlucky Affair. The Gentlemen are very welcome to call it an injudicious, or, in their coarse Language, a blundering shameful Misapplication of the Public Money; but can it deserve the Charge of a Breach of Public Trust? When Men have an Interest in the Misapplication of Public Money, there may be some Colour for imputing a Misfortune to indirect Motives; but when they are peculiarly interested in the Success of a Scheme, it is both absurd and malicious to suppose they would designedly defeat it. Who in this City were like to derive equal Advantages from the Wharf, with the Gentlemen appointed to contract for the building of it? None—and upon this Principle, I presume they were nominated to the Charge. The Gentlemen appointed to contract for the Building of the Wall round the Dock, fell into the same Error, but seeing the ill Success at N. E. Street, and finding their Timber partly eaten, they got off their Contract at the Expence of £.10, I wonder this likewise has not been made the Subject of Clamour, and charged as a blundering shameful Misapplication of the Public Money; for it seems to be a Principle with those Gentlemen, that whoever undertakes a Public Trust, must not only execute it with Fidelity, and to the best of his Judgment, but must be absolutely infallible. This Sum of £.10, together with 16s. to Mr. Green for Advertisements, I also paid, so that I have now in my Hands 1051. 12s. 6d. which is ready for the Call of the Managers, as I have frequently mentioned to them, and an Account of which I gave in to Daniel Dulany, Esq; who was originally appointed Treasurer, and had the Custody of the Bonds. It has not been Let out to Interest, as these Gentlemen falsely insinuate, not because I had no Right so to do, but from an Expectation that it might be called for, whenever the Managers should meet. This is a true State of the Lottery, and of the Part I have acted in, and I must submit to the Judgment of every honest and disinterested Man, whether I deserve to be drawn forth as a Public Criminal, and whether I have pocketed any of the Public Money, as these Men have most falsely and injuriously intimated.

A LIST OF THE LETTERS remaining in the POST-OFFICE, at ANNAPOLIS, May 5, 1766.

- ANTHONY STEWART, D. P. M.
- OWEN ALLEN, pa. John Adams, a. Agnes Ambros, &c. John Ashburner, po.
- B. Rev. John Barclay, ga. George Brash, 2 Letters.
- Charles Barber, John Brice, a. John Barr, &c. John Baynes, 2, &c. Joseph Blankall, ga. Levin Ballard, &c. Capt. Bingley, po. Rev. Mr. Bacon, &c. Andrew Beall, &c. Tho. Broadhead, &c. Dr. Moses Baker, m. John Beyon, po. Wm. Balmain, George-Town.
- C. Wm. Cole, &c. John Challener, s. John Cunningham, Winchester. Robert Couden, Ann Crowley, J. Curling, junr. John Crifall, Wm. Cox, a. Dr. Chilton, &c. John Campbell, Caleb Clark, &c. Henry Carroll, m.
- D. J. Downey, W. Downey, &c. John Dobbs, &c. Wm. Davenish, a. Wm. Duvall, &c. John Darnall, m. Caleb Dorsey, 4, &c. William Diggs, Pentaux. Robert Dowson, of the Dousson. Robert Dick, &c. Mary Daves, &c. John Dorsey, &c. E. Tho. Eavins, &c.
- F. Nicholas French, &c. George Foster, Wm. Fairis. John Franklin, Esq; a. Tho. Fowler, &c.
- G. Rich. Gildon, Cor. Garretton, Reverdy Ghifelin. Mary Gray, W. Goldsmith, Mr. Golder, a. Reginald Graham, &c. Fielder Gantt, 2, &c. John Griffith, &c. Decimus Gladwin, &c. Cha. Gordon, &c.
- H. T. B. Hodgkin, Ja. Hamilton, 5. Zac. Hood, 2, a. R. Hutchins, on board the Hawks. Wm. Hall, John Haggerty, &c. John Hudson, po. Adam Hill, Francis Humphreys, &c.
- I. Richard Ireland, &c. Henry Jernegan, m. Tho. Johnston, 2, a. Wm. Irving, po.
- K. Wm. Kilgour, m. Mary Kiever, a. Matthew Kelley, &c. Stephen Kealey, &c.
- L. James Lawson, &c. Tho. Laffon, Dr. Lloyd, a. Christop. Lowndes, Andrew Leitch, &c. John Love, m. M. John Mason, po. Hugh M'Byrde, 2, &c. Pat. M'Gill, &c. James M'Lauchlan, &c. Alex. Mills, 2. Wm. Monroe, a. Cassandra Meals, &c. Eb. Mackie, &c. P. Torrington Palmer, 4. Robt. Peter, George-Town. James Pugh, a. James Porter, Elizabeth Preston, &c. Edward Power, m. John Poole, &c.
- R. J. Riddout, Elizabeth Rutland, 2. Tho. Roberts, a. Ignatius Ryan, America. Tho. Russell, Ja. Robinson, m. Wm. Rogers, &c. Wm. Russell, Alex. Reed, &c. Francis Roch, &c. Henry Ridgely, &c.
- S. John Swinfen, George-Town. Dan. Stephenson, &c. Tho. Smith, po. John Smith, &c. John Sandels, &c. Charles Stewart, of the Hawks. Thomas Smith, 3, a. Emory Soder, &c.
- T. Tho. Toff, Benj. Taker, 2, a. Rev. Mr. Threlkeld, &c. Wm. Tomney, &c. Mr. Thomson, George-Town. V. Frederick Victor, &c.
- W. Edward White, 2, a. Joshua Warfield, &c. Benj. Williams. John Watfon, po. Mary Werrall. John Wil-

Hamson, Hugh Wallis, &c. Wm. Williams, of the Hawks. Henry Ward, Blanch White, a. James Woolford, &c. Z. Matthew Zull, &c.

Explanation of the foregoing Abridgement. a. Annapolis. aa. Anne-Arundel County. abc. Charles County. &c. Cecil County. &c. Dorchester County. &c. Frederick Co. &c. Kent Co. &c. Maryland. &c. Patuxent. &c. Pr. Geo. County. &c. Potowmack. &c. Q. Anne's County. s. Somerset. m. St. Mary's. &c. Talbot County.

ANNAPOLIS, April 30.

WHEREAS the Partnership between Mr. Jonas Green, and the Subscriber, in the Printing and Publishing the MARYLAND GAZETTE, has been Dissolved ever since October last, and the said Jonas Green having fully satisfied me for my Proportion of all and singular the outstanding Debts: These are therefore to request all Persons who have not settled and paid off their Accounts, due to the Partnership, to pay the same to the said Jonas Green, who only has a Right to Receive and give Discharges for them.

Wm. RIND.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber in ANNAPOLIS,

CHOICE Muscovado Sugar by the Hoghead, Barrel, or smaller Quantity; Loaf Ditto; Antigua Rum by the Hoghead or Gallon, Lemons, Raisins, Green and Bohia Teas, Coffee, Chocolate, Soap, Candles, Sweet Oil, Window Glass, London Steel, &c. &c. Wm. WILKINS.

Also to be Sold, or Hired, two compleat Leather Breeches Makers, Man and Wife, by HENRY CATON, and Wm. WILKINS. N. B. Said Wilkins wants to Hire a Negro Wench who understands Household Work.

Frederick-Town, Frederick County, May 3, 1766.

TO be Sold by the Subscriber, by Virtue of a Power of Attorney to me granted, by Dr. Thomas Wright of the County of West-Chester, and Province of New-York, A NEGRO MAN named Robin, and his WIFE named Rose, he was bred to Farming, and is well acquainted with the different Branches of it, is a healthy Fellow, and has had the Small-Pox, has lived several Years in this Neighbourhood and known to be a valuable Slave, is about 29 Years of Age, and a tolerable good Shoemaker; the Wench has been bred to Household Work, understands Spinning, Washing, and all other Sorts of Work either in or out of Doors, and is about the same Age with the Man. The Sale will be on Wednesday the 18th Day of June next, at the House of the Subscriber, in said Town. (3<sup>rd</sup>) JOHN CARY.

THE Subscriber desires all Persons Indebted to him, by Bond, Bill, or Book Accounts, to come, settle, and pay off their several Debts, between This and the First Day of July next: Those who do not comply with this, may depend on having Suits brought against them, which he hopes they will prevent, by their Compliance with the above. (3<sup>rd</sup>) JOHN CARY.

THE Subscriber, having furnished himself with the best of LIQUORS, hereby acquaints the Public, That he has Open'd TAVERN in the House where Mr. Andrew Stiger lately Lived, at the Sign of Mr. PITT, a little below Daniel Barnett's, and opposite to Mr. Buchanan's Store, in BALTIMORE-TOWN, where Gentlemen, Travellers, and Others, who may be pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on meeting with good Usage, and Accommodations for Themselves and Horses; from Their humble Servant, ALEXANDER LEITH.

N. B. He carries on the Taylor's Business in all its Branches, and makes Mens Cloaths laced or plain, Ladies riding Habits and Josephs, in the newest and neatest Manner, and at the most reasonable Prices, &c. And, as the most particular Part of the Business is executed by himself, and not trusted to Journey-men or Servants, all Customers which are pleased to favour him in that Way, may depend upon having their Orders punctually obey'd, with all possible Care and Dispatch. He will take in Payment, Cash, Corn, Wheat, Flour, Pork, or any merchantable Produce.