Supernumerary Commiſſioned and Extraordinary Staff,		37
Total of the Troops,		1437
Civil Life, including Governor, Council and Inhabitants,		381
Grand Total of theſe Returns,		1818
People ſince found out, not included in the foregoing Liſt.		
Surgeons, &c. of Hoſpital,		39
Attendants to ditto,		9
Invalids of the German Brigade,		29
Men diſcharged and remain in the Town,		173
Provoſt People,		4
Total,		254

Colonel Coote's Anſwer to M. Lally's Propoſals.

THE Particulars of the Capture of Chandernagore having long ſince tranſmitted to his Britannick Majeſty, by the Officer to whom that Place ſurrendered, Colonel Coote cannot take Cognizance of what paſſed on that Occaſion; nor can he admit the ſame as any way relative to the Surrender of Pondicherry.

The Diſputes which have ariſen concerning the Cartel concluded between their Britannick and Moſt Chriſtian Majeſties, being as yet undecided, Colonel Coote has it not in his Power to admit, that the Troops of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, and thoſe of the French Eaſt-India Company, ſhall be deemed Priſoners of War to his Britannick Majeſty, upon the Terms of their Cartel; but requires that they ſurrender themſelves Priſoners of War to be uſed as he ſhall think conſiſtent with the Intereſts of the King his Maſter. And Col. Coote will grant all ſuch Indulgences as are agreeable to Humanity.

Colonel Coote will land the Grenadiers of his Regiment, between the Hours of Eight and Nine o'Clock To-morrow Morning, to take Poſſeſſion of the Villenour Gate; and the next Morning, between the ſame Hours, he will alſo take Poſſeſſion of the Gate of Fort St. Louis.

The Mother and Siſters of Renaſul ſhall be eſcorted to Madraſs, where proper Care ſhall be taken for their Safety; and they ſhall not on any Account, be delivered into the Hands of Nabob Mahumed Ally Cawn.

Given at the Head-Quarters of the Camp before Pondicherry, this 15th Day of January, 1761.

Signed, EYRE COOTE.

To Arthur Lally, Eſq; Lieut. Gen. and Commander in Chief of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Forces in India, at Pondicherry.

A true Copy. FRANCIS ROWLAND, *Sec.*

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, *July* 20.

THIS Morning Capt. Hughes, late Commander of his Majeſty's Ship York, arrived here with Diſpatches from Rear Admiral Stevens, Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Ships in the Eaſt-Indies.

Rear Admiral Stevens, in his Letter of the 6th and 7th of February laſt, to Mr. Cleveland, informs the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, That Pondicherry ſurrendered to his Majeſty's Arms on the 15th of the preceding Month, having been very diligently blockaded by his Majeſty's Squadron under his Command, for Eight Months; and for a conſiderable Time by Col. Coote, Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Land Forces. General Lally, in Expectation of Relief from the French Squadron, ſuffered himſelf, Garriſon, and Inhabitants, to be reduced to the utmoſt Degree of Diſtreſs and Miſery for want of Proviſions. Col. Coote began the Siege about a Month before its Surrender; and the laſt Battery, conſiſting of 11 Twenty-four Pounders, which he raiſed, was within about 500 Yards of the Walls. In two Days after this they gave up the Place at Diſcretion. The 16th, in the Morning, at Eight o'Clock, a Company of Grenadiers took Poſſeſſion of the Villenour Gate; and on the 17th, at the ſame Time, Col. Coote, accompanied by Rear Admiral Cornish, and the Captains Hallane and Tinker, took Poſſeſſion of the Citadel, on the Part of both Services, as they were ſo connected together in the Reduction of this important Conqueſt to his Majeſty's Arms, and to the Eaſt-India Company in particular.

He flatters himſelf, that the Zeal which hath ever animated him in the faithful Diſcharge of his Duty to his Royal Maſter and his Country, will meet with their Lordſhips Approbation; and he thinks it his Duty to acquaint their Lordſhips how well he is ſatisfied with the Conduct and Behaviour of Rear Admiral Cornish, and the Captains of his Majeſty's Ships under his Command, in carrying on the Public Service.

He alſo informs their Lordſhips, that on the firſt of January, a violent Storm of Wind coming on, he found it abſolutely neceſſary, for the Safety of his Majeſty's Ships to cut their Cables, and put to Sea, where he parted Company with the other Ships of his Squadron; and on the 14th, returning into Pondicherry Road, he had the Misfortune to find his Majeſty's Ship Duke of Aquitain had foundered about two Leagues to the Southward, and the Sunderland about two Leagues to the Northward of that Place, and moſt of the Crews periſhed. The Ships Newcaſtle and Queenborough, with the Protector Fireſhip, were drove aſhore and loſt, a little to the Southward of Ariancopang, but the People were ſaved; as alſo the Ordnance, and moſt of the Stores and Proviſions. Several of the other Ships ſuffered in the Storm; but with the Help of the Maſts, Yards and Stores ſaved from the wrecked Ships, and the aſſiſtance of the Squadron, they were in a very few Days compleatly fitted and put in a proper State for Service.

That having intercepted a Letter from Gen. Lally to M. Raymond, French Reſident at Pullicat, a Copy of which is hereafter added, the Admiral immediately diſpatched circular Letters to the Dutch and Daniſh Settlements, to acquaint them, that notwithſtanding the Repreſentations of General Lally, he had 11 Sail of his Britannic Majeſty's Ships of the Line, and two Frigates, under his Command, in Condition for Service, holding the Blockade of Pondicherry; and as that Place was cloſely inveſted and blockaded by Land and Sea; and as, in that Caſe, it was contrary to the Law of Nations, for any Neutral Power to give them any Succour or Relief, he had determined to ſeize any Veſſel or Boat that ſhould attempt to throw any Proviſions into that Place.

Tranſlation of an intercepted Letter from General Lally to Mr. Raymond, French Reſident at Pullicat, dated at Pondicherry, the 2d of January, 1761.

Mr. Raymond,

THE Engliſh Squadron is no more, Sir. Out of the 12 Ships they had in our Road, ſeven are loſt, Crews and All; the four others diſmaſted; and it appears, there is no more than one Frigate that hath eſcaped; therefore don't loſe an Inſtant to ſend us Chelingoes upon Chelingoes, loaded with Rice: The Dutch have nothing to fear now; beſides (according to the Rights of Nations) they are only to ſend us no Proviſions themſelves, and we are no more blocked up by Sea.

The ſaving of Pondicherry hath been in your Power once already: If you miſs the preſent Opportunity, it will be your Fault. Don't forget alſo ſome ſmall Chelingoes: Offer great Rewards: I expect 17000 Meraſſes within theſe four Days. In ſhort, riſque all, attempt all, force all, and ſend us ſome Rice, ſhould it be but half a Garſe at a Time.

(Signed) LALLY.

[End of the London Gazette Extraordinary.]

BOSTON, *September* 21.

Laſt Tueſday Captain Darby arrived at Salem from Cadiz, by whom we have the following Intelligence, viz. That on the 12th of July laſt, Commodore Proby, in the Thunderer Man of War of 74 Guns, with the Modeſte of 64, the Thetis of 26, and the Terror Bomb of 14, being all at Anchor without Cadiz Bay, Orders were ſent to the Commodore from the Governor of Cadiz, for him to go to Sea, or come into the Bay amongſt the other Ships; but the Commodore chuſing rather to keep the Sea, than be confined to a Harbour, he weighed and ſtood out, leaving the two French Ships, the Achilles of 64 Guns, and the Buffoon of 34 Guns, at Anchor in the Bay.——On the 13th they ſtood in again for the Bay, to take a View of the French Ships, as uſual; but to their great Surprize could ſee nothing of them: On which the Commodore ordered Captain Chinery of the Terror, to go nigher into the Bay, and ſee if he could diſcern them; which he did, but to no Purpoſe, and meeting with a Spaniſh Fiſhing Boat (ſuppoſed to be ſent on Purpoſe) who told them the French Ships failed the Night before, and ſtood to the S. W. tho' at the ſame Time they had run up to the Carcas, and ſtruck their Topmaſts. On hearing the Ships had got out, the Commodore immediately gave Chace to the Weſtward, with his little Squadron. As ſoon as he was out of Sight the French got ready, and ſailed the next Night to the Weſtward, keeping along the Coaſt of Spain.

On the 16th Capt. Proby, after giving over the Chace, and ſtanding to the Eaſtward, off Cape St. Mary's, ſpied two Sail, which they gave Chace to, and about Eleven at Night the Thunderer came up with the Achilles, and engaged about 2 Glaſſes, when the Thunderer's Tiller-Rope was ſhot away, and the two Ships fell on board each other, and the French plying them with Stink-Pots, and ſmall Bags of Powder, which they had prepared, and throwing them into the lower Deck-Ports, blew up, and burnt the Thunderer's People in a moſt ſhocking Manner: On which Lieut. Leſley, with about 200 brave Fellows, boarded Monſieur, and took him, with the Loſs of 36 killed, and upwards of 90 wounded. The French Loſs could not be rightly aſcertained.——In the mean Time, the Thetis engaged and took the Buffoon, without the Loſs of a Man, altho' the Engagement laſted near two Hours. The French Loſs in the Frigate was 15 killed, and a Number wounded.——And on Saturday, the 18th of July, they arrived ſafe at Gibraltar, to the great Joy of all the Garriſon. The Buffoon is a new Frigate, launched at Breſt about ten Months ago; they were both fitted out by the Merchants to cruize on our Trade, and were the ſame Ships that took a Number of Veſſels on the Coaſt of Portugal the laſt Spring.

NEW-YORK, *September* 28.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, to his Friend here, dated July 4, 1761, *the Authenticity of which is out of Doubt.*

"I have the Pleaſure to acquaint you, that laſt Saturday was determined by the Lords Commiſſioners of Prize Cauſes, the ſeveral Appeals depending upon the Engliſh Ships from Monto-Chriſti, taken by our Men of War, and condemned at Gibraltar, when their Lordſhips reverſed the Sentences of that Vice Admiralty Court, and ordered Reſtitution of Ships and Cargoes to the Appellants, or the FULL VALUE.

"After the Council for the Captors had harangued, the Lords would not even ſuffer our Council to reply.—They obſerved, That they had already determined the Cauſe in the Caſe of the Don Pedro, a Dutch Ship, taken in her Paſſage from Monto-Chriſti; that they had declared it a Neutral Port to the Dutch, and of courſe it was ſo to us——They further declared, That every Britiſh Subject had an undoubted Right of purchaſing French Produce in every Neutral Port in America, or Europe; and as the Appellants ſwore that they had not correſponded, directly or indirectly, with the French, the Lords ordered Reſtitution.

"I intend to ſend you by the firſt Conveyance from hence, three Caſes, with the Decrees; in the mean while I ſend you this Intelligence, that you may lay it before the Judge of your Court of Admiralty; and you will oblige me particularly, if you will take the firſt Opportunity of adviſing the Governor of Providence of it, in order that a Stop may be put to the iniquitous Practice of that Place, both as to our own, as well as Dutch Ships, which are by the Lords declared as free as our own.

Copy of a Decree extracted from the Regiſtry of the Court of Appeals for Prizes.

"*Saturday the 27th Day of June, in the Year of our Lord* 1761, *before the Right Hon. John Earl of Granville, Lord Preſident of his Majeſty's moſt Hon. Privy Council; the moſt Noble and Right Honourable Charles Duke of Queenſberry and Dover; George Earl of Cholmondeley; Hugh Viſcount Falmouth; John Lord Berkley of Stratton; William Lord Mansfield; Lord Chief Juſtice of his Majeſty's Court of King's Bench; Charles Townſend, Eſq; Sir Francis Dashwood, Bart. and George Lord Melcombe, Commiſſioners (among others) of his Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council, for the Receiving, Hearing, and Determining of all Cauſes of Appeals as to Prizes, in the Privy Council Chamber at Whitehall, in the Preſence of Nathaniel Biſhop, Notary Public, Deputy Regiſter of the ſaid Court.*

The SHARP, RICHARD MAITLAND.

A Buſineſs of Appeal, and Complaint of Nullity, promoted by Richard Maitland, a Subject of our Sovereign Lord the King, the Maſter & Claimant of the ſaid Ship Sharp, and Goods therein, againſt Timothy Edwards, Eſq; Commander of his Majeſty's Ship or Frigate the Valeur, the Captor of the ſaid Ship and Goods.

GOSTLING, ALTHAM.

For Sentence on the ſecond Aſſignation and Information; which Day the Lords having heard the Proofs and Council on both Sides, by their final Decree or Sentence, reverſed the Sentence of the Vice Admiralty Court of Gibraltar, from whom the Cauſe was appealed, condemning Ship and Cargo; and pronounced the ſaid Ship and Cargo to belong as claimed, and decreed the ſame to be reſtored, or the full Value thereof to be paid to the Claimants.

(Signed) GODFLEE FARRANT, Regiſter of his Majeſty's high Court of Appeals for Prizes.

We hear from good Authority, That Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick has given Marſhal Broglio a ſevere Drubbing: The Particulars of this very glorious and unexpected Event, we hope ſoon to be able to communicate to the Public.

Extract of a Letter from Quebec, via Boſton.

"About a Fortnight ago the Britiſh Merchants of this Place preſented a Memorial to the Governor, complaining of the Hardſhips laid upon them in particular, as well as upon the Nation in general, by the 26th, 37th, and 48th Articles of the Capitulation of Canada. By theſe Articles the French have Liberty to export to France whatever Peltries they may have, without being confined to any one particular Time or Quantity, to which Purpoſe they are, moreover, to be found with Britiſh Veſſels at any Time. By this Means the French have got Poſſeſſion of the Fur Trade as fully as before the Conqueſt of Canada, and run no other Riſque than that of the Sea, in ſending it home; the Conſequence of which is, that the French Merchants being better acquainted with the Country than the Britiſh, the former ingroſs all the Fur Trade, and even import Goods of the Manufacture of France, by Way of Guernſey and Jerſey, by which Means they will always be enabled to ingroſs the Fur Trade, and laugh at all the Efforts of the Britiſh Merchants to ſhare it with them; ſo that if a Stop is not put to the French Exportation of Furs, and to their Importation of French Goods by Way of Guernſey and Jerſey, adieu to the Britiſh Trade in Canada; it will be in vain to import any Thing more than the Trifle that may be wanting for the Uſe of the Troops."—

WILLIAMSBURG, *September* 25.

Laſt Week his Honour the Governor, with ſeveral other Gentlemen, ſet out for the Northward; and we hear he propoſes being back by the 10th of next Month.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 1.

Captain Stewart, from Hamburgh, informs us, that in the Gazette of that Place, of the 23d of July, there was an Account of an Engagement betwixt Part of Prince Ferdinand's Army, and Part of the French, in which the latter loſt, killed, and Priſoners, between Three and Four Thouſand Men.

ANNAPOLIS, *Oct*

We hear from ſeveral Parts of the Countr
Tobacco Houſes, full of Tobacco, being Bur
the cloſe wet Weather, occaſioned by maki
the Houſes, to keep the Tobacco from ſpoilin
Sprigg had a valuable Negro Fellow burn
Tobacco Houſes.

Laſt Saturday, as a Gentleman, with his W
ſmall Children (the Eldeſt a little Boy about
were going from *Patuxent* to *Weſt-River*, o
chaiſe overſet, by going over a Stump, and
had his Thigh broke ſo that the Bone came
and Skin, and none were unhurt but the
the ſudden Toſs was flung out on a Parcel
received no Damage.

Tueſday Evening laſt, the Hon. FRANC
Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor of *Virginia*, with
Gentlemen, came to Town, by Water, from
having been to the Northward as far as *N*
this Morning ſet Sail for his Government.

Monday the 2d Day of *November*, is fix'd
of Four Repreſentatives for this County.

Yeſterday Afternoon, Mr. MIDDLETON,
return'd home in his Boat from *Virginia*.
favour'd with the following great and imp
taken from an *Edinburgh* Gazette of the
brought in there by Capt. *Scott*, in 8 Weeks

"*St. James's, July* 22d. Arrived here
"*bourn*, diſpatched by Prince FERDINAN
"the 16th with the following Account, Th
"of *July* the *French* attacked the Allies on
"*Kirchdenkern*, not far from *Hilſtrup*, be
"the Morning, and held till Nine at Ni
"En-my gave Way in great Diſorder: The
"them to be attacked on their Retreat,
"with ſo much Vigour, that the Enemy ne
"again, but threw down their Arms, and
"utmoſt Diſorder and Confuſion. When
"*bourn* came away, they had taken 12 Pair
"Pieces of Cannon, 3000 Priſoners, beſide
"ber of Officers, ſome of Diſtinction, and
"were bringing in more. The Marſhal D
"commanded on the Right of the *French* A

A *London Gazette Extraordinary*, which Ca
in, imported, "That the Victory obtained
"*Minden* over the *French* Army, was the gr
"compleat that had been gained this War,
"little Loſs on his Side."

About the Beginning of *September*, Six S
ther from the Capes, but parted ſoon after,
were together when they were attacked by a
which took Two of them, Capt. *Curling*,
Patuxmack, and Capt. *Brookes*, who loaded
Captain *Errington*, in the *Fiſhbourne*, who
was Three Times attacked by the Privatee
beat her off, and is returned back to *Norfolk*

We have an Account by Mr. *Middleton*,
had not ſail'd laſt Tueſday; the Wind havi
for near Three Weeks. On Tueſday laſt a
terneon, the Signal was made for unmooring
got under Sail; but ſoon after, it becam
ſaw them come to an Anchor again; but as
fair again about Three o'Clock Yeſterday Mo
tinued ſo till Twelve or One at Noon, he th
Yeſterday out of the Capes. He has favour
of the Ships, which we have not Room to i
The Liſt was taken laſt Monday, there bein
beſides two Ships which he ſaw join them,
the Bay, and Two out of *James-River*.

For LONDON	—	—		
BRISTOL	—	—		
LIVERPOOL	—	—		
WHITEHAVEN	—	—		
GLASGOW	—	—	—	
HULL	—	—	—	—
LEITH	—	—	—	—
LISBON	—	—	—	—
WEST-INDIES	—	—	—	

TICKETS in the PHILADEL
LOTTERY, to be had at the
OFFICE, in *Annapolis*. This Lot
tively begin Drawing on Monday
November.

Prizes.		The SCHEME Dollars.	
1	of	3000	is
1	of	1500	is
1	of	1000	is
1	of	750	is
2	of	500	are
3	of	250	are
5	of	200	are
5	of	150	are
9	of	100	are
15	of	75	are
50	of	50	are
100	of	25	are
50	of	20	are
100	of	15	are
3828	of	8	are
4171 Prizes.			First draw
8329 Blanks.			Laſt draw

12,500 Tickets, at 4 Dollars, a

TO BE SOL
A LIKELY YOUNG NEG
Enquire of the Subſcriber ne
borough. JOHN