

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the latest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, March 19, 1761.

STRAYED from the Head of South-River, about the last of July, a Black Stallion between 11 and 14 Hands high, a natural Pacer, branded on the near Buttock with a large T, has some other Brands which are forgot, has a Blaze down his Face, and two white Feet both on the near Side. Whoever will take up the said Horse and give Intelligence thereof to the Subscriber, shall have Forty Shillings Reward. HENRY WELLS.

Winchester, in Virginia, October 1760.

By Permission of his Honour the GOVERNOR.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR Raising the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds, for Building a MARKET-HOUSE in the Town of WINCHESTER.

Table with 3 columns: Ticket number, Amount paid, Amount received. Includes 1 Ticket of £100, 2 Ditto 50, 3 Ditto 25, 6 Ditto 10, 16 Ditto 5, 20 Ditto 3, 40 Ditto 2, 795 Ditto 1. Total prizes 883, total blanks 2617, sum raised 400.

3500 Tickets at 10s. £. 1750

THE above is not Three Blanks to a Prize. The Drawing to begin the First Day of May next, at the Court-House in Winchester. A List of Prizes to be published in the Virginia and Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished, without any Deduction.

The Managers are, George Mercer, James Cook, Alexander Weddow, John Greenfield, Robert Rutherford, Charles Smith, William Ramsay, Thomas Rutherford, John Hite, James Keith, James West, Thomas Lemen, Jacob Hite, and Charles Brasfield, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath, for the faithful Discharge of this Trust.

Tickets may be had from any of the Managers, from Messieurs Carlyle and Dalton in Alexandria, Mr. William Scott in Fredericksburg, or the Printing-Office in Williamsburg; from Messieurs Spenser in Upper-Marlborough, Mr. John Cary in Fredericksburg, in Maryland, or at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

STOLEN or Stray'd, some Time since, from Baltimore-Town, a Dark Bay Horse, about 13 Hands high, branded on the off Buttock with something resembling the Letter I; a Star in his Forehead; trots, paces and gallops: He formerly was the Property of Mr. Thomas Jennings in Annapolis, and known by the Name of Prince.

Also broke loose from her Moorings in the North West Branch of Patuxet River, a new Twelve Hoghead Flat, without Rudder, Tiller, Oars, or main-Thwart.

Whoever brings either or both to William Lee at Elk-Ridge Landing, or to Alexander Stewart in Baltimore-Town, shall receive Thirty Shillings Currency for the former, and Forty Shillings for the latter.

Alexandria, Fairfax County, in Virginia, October 1.

To be LET, and Entered on immediately,

A VERY choice TRACT of LAND, containing several Thousand Acres, belonging to CHARLES, Earl of TANKERVILLE, formerly known by the Name of John Colvill's Kitchin Tract, lying on Patowmack River, and chiefly bounded in by Kitchitken Creek, in the County of Loudoun, and Colony of Virginia.

Any Person may know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber at Leesburg, in the said County, where Attendance will be given, by JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in Somerset County School: Any Person properly Qualified, upon applying to the Visitor, will meet with such Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will support them in. Signed by Order, ARNOLD ELZEY, Register.

AM RIND, at the PRINTING-Office. Persons may be supplied with this Length are taken in and inserted in Proportion for long Ones.

To the KING's most Excellent MAJESTY.

The humble ADDRESS of the Right Hon. the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, Novem. 18, 1760.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, beg leave to return your Majesty our humble thanks for your most gracious speech from the throne.

On this first occasion of approaching your royal person, permit us to express our unfeigned sorrow for the severe and distressing loss, which not only this nation, but all Europe has sustained in the sudden death of our late excellent and most pious sovereign, your Majesty's illustrious grandfather, the long experience which we had of his royal virtues, the dignity of his government, and his uniform care of our rights and liberties, not interrupted in any one instance during the course of so many years, demand from us the most grateful acknowledgments; and will make his memory as dear to us as the height and splendor to which he had raised the greatness of these kingdoms, will render it glorious to all posterity.

Such a loss could only be repaired by your Majesty. And the same time that we console with your Majesty on this melancholy event, we beg leave to offer you our most sincere congratulations on your happy accession to the throne. As your Majesty is the rightful and immediate inheritor of his crown, you are so of those virtues with which he adorned it; and which promise a continuation of the same blessings to his Kingdoms. It fills our minds with inexpressible joy, to see the pleasing hopes we had conceived from your many merciful and amiable endowments, and the early demonstrations of your affection to this country, so fully verified in your first declarations to your parliament.

We are penetrated with the condescending and endearing manner in which your Majesty has expressed your satisfaction having received your birth and education amongst us, that a future birth it cast on the name BRITON, when you, are pleased to esteem it amongst your glories! The several paternal assurances which your Majesty has promised to give us, speak your resolution to be the common father of your people. No stronger proof can be given than by adopting this undeniable maxim, That their love is the best security of your throne. From this principle will naturally flow the strictest adherence to our excellent constitution in church and state, and the maintenance of that surest basis of the protestant interest in these kingdoms, the Toleration: And we cannot but applaud your Majesty's wisdom and piety in making the encouragement of true religion and the one of the great foundations of your government.

We adore the goodness of providence in the signal successes which we have been blessed this last summer. The acquisition of the extensive province of Canada, with the recovery of Montreal, is an event of the highest importance in our view; and it is no small addition to the glory resulting from it, to have shewn, that while the British arms carry conquest, they carry protection.

We look upon the great advantages gained in the East-Indies, as highly beneficial to the trade of these kingdoms. We have the justest sense of the happy consequences arising from the operations of Great-Britain in particular, as well as to the common cause in general, from the wise conduct of Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick. After what the country had before experienced from his abilities, we are not surpris'd that they should not come to a decisive engagement.

The magnanimity and perseverance of the King of Prussia, is not only the admiration of the present age, but of all Ages; and the noble stand made, and the victories obtained by that Prince, must be the strongest motives to the persons engaged against him, to concur in the proper measures to restore the tranquillity of Europe.

The judicious sentiments which your Majesty has declared us, concerning your royal navy, and the commerce of your subjects, are truly worthy of a British monarch, and tend to improve our natural strength, and most valuable resource. The weakening of the French force by sea, to great a degree, and the low state to which their trade is reduced, we esteem amongst the most solid benefits accruing to this nation from the expensive efforts made this war.

Your Majesty's regard for public merit shines forth in the several notices, which you are pleased to take of the valour and intrepidity of your officers and forces by sea and land. They are equally conducive to the safety and glory of our country; and your gracious acceptance of the service of the militia, as being useful in the present arduous conjuncture, will be a great encouragement to their zeal.

At the same time that we thankfully acknowledge your Majesty's tender consideration for your people, in your desire to have found your Kingdoms in full peace, we cannot but admire your wisdom in the comprehensive sense you have expressed of the causes and necessity of the present war. We are convinced that your Majesty's humane disposition, makes you lament the calamities of it; whilst your greatness of mind has determined you to pursue it with vigour, in order to a safe and honourable peace, so desirable, not only to your Kingdoms, but to all Europe. Animated by that duty

which we owe your Majesty, and by our zeal for the honour and interest of these kingdoms, we give your Majesty the strongest assurances, that we will cheerfully support you in prosecuting the war; assist the King of Prussia, and the rest of your allies; and heartily concur in all such measures, as shall be necessary for the defence of your Majesty and your dominions, and for the other national and important ends which you have so fully laid before us.

The anxiety, which your Majesty has so early declared, for the uncommon burdens of your people, demands our sincerest thanks. Your tender concern will be an inducement to bear them the more cheerfully, and a pledge to your faithful subjects, that they shall be relieved from them as soon as the public security will, in sound policy, admit.

These many and eminent proofs of your Majesty's goodness, and of your fixed attention to our happiness, call upon us for the warmest returns of duty, gratitude, and affection, to your sacred person and government. Our loyalty and fidelity are inviolable. Our resolution to maintain your undoubted title to the Imperial crown, and the Protestant succession in your illustrious house, at the hazard of our lives and fortunes, is never to be shaken. Happy shall we be in every instance, whereby we may be able to contribute to the glory, prosperity, and ease of your reign. Your Majesty's prudence, and the benevolence of your royal heart, have pointed out to us the most agreeable means of promoting these ends; by so strongly inculcating the continuance of that union and good harmony, which subsist amongst your people. In doing this, your Majesty has set an inviting and powerful example to all your subjects, which we are determined to follow, by performing every thing on our part, to strengthen and improve this happy situation.

His MAJESTY'S most gracious ANSWER.

My Lords,

I Return you my hearty thanks, for this very loyal and dutiful Address. Nothing can be more agreeable to Me, than your unanimous concurrence in the several weighty matters which I laid before you. The assurances you give Me, of your fidelity and affection to My Person and Government, and of your zeal for the true interest of your country, and for the support of My allies, afford Me the highest satisfaction; and will have the best effect both at home and abroad. It shall be My constant endeavour to answer the expectations which you have formed of My reign.

To the KING's most Excellent MAJESTY.

The humble ADDRESS of the House of Commons to the KING.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Commons of Great-Britain in parliament assembled, approach your royal presence, to express the deepest sense of the great and severe loss, which your Majesty, and these Kingdoms, have sustained by the death of your Majesty's royal grandfather, our late most excellent sovereign; the memory of whose just and prosperous reign will be held in reverence by all posterity.

We beg leave to congratulate your Majesty on your happy accession to the throne, the only consideration that can alleviate our grief for such a loss. The knowledge of your Majesty's royal virtues, wisdom, and firmness, opens to your faithful subjects the fairest prospect for their future happiness at home, and for the continuance of that weight and influence of your Majesty's crown abroad, so essentially necessary in this arduous and critical conjuncture, for the preservation of that system, upon which the liberties of Europe depend.

We return your Majesty our humble thanks for your most gracious speech from the throne: and acknowledge, with the liveliest sentiments of duty, gratitude, and exultation of mind, those most affecting and animating words of our most gracious sovereign, That, Born and Educated in this Country, He glories in the name of Briton. And we offer to your Majesty the full tribute of our hearts, for the warm expressions of your truly royal and tender affection towards your people. We venerate and confide in, those sacred assurances of your Majesty's firm and invariable resolution, to adhere to, and strengthen, this excellent constitution in church and state; to maintain the Toleration inviolable; and to protect your faithful subjects in that greatest of human blessings, the secure enjoyment of their religious and civil rights.

Permit us to congratulate your Majesty on the various successes, which, under the protection of God, have attended the British arms, during the last summer; particularly in the reduction of the city of Montreal, and the entire province of Canada; a conquest equally important and glorious, achieved with intrepidity, and clothed with humanity, the genuine attributes of that British spirit, which, under the benign auspices of your Majesty, will, we trust, continue, by the divine assistance, to give additional lustre to the arms of Great-Britain.

This valuable and extensive acquisition, joined to the signal advantages gained in the East-Indies; the flourishing state of our commerce; the respectable condition of your Majesty's navy, by which the remains of the enemy's Fleet continue blocked up in their harbours, while their trade is almost annihilated; are considerations which fill our hearts with the most pleasing hopes, that your Majesty will be thereby enabled to prosecute this just and necessary war, to

that great and desirable object of establishing, in conjunction with your allies, a safe, honourable, and lasting peace.

We see, with the greatest pleasure, that the progress of the French armies in Germany notwithstanding their superiority of numbers, has been stop'd, and to the honour of your Majesty's arms, their attempts hitherto baffled, by the wife and able conduct of his serene highness prince Ferdinand of Brunswick.

When we consider the stupendous efforts, made in every campaign, by your Majesty's great ally the king of Prussia, the defeat of the Austrians in Silesia, and that recent and glorious victory obtained over the army commanded by marshal Daun, we cannot sufficiently admire the invincible constancy of mind, and inexhaustible resources of genius, displayed by that magnanimous monarch, to whom the most dangerous and difficult situations have only administered fresh occasions for glory.

Our most dutiful acknowledgments are due to your Majesty for the mention which you have so graciously made of the distinguished valour and intrepidity of your officers and forces at sea and land, and for the declaration of your Majesty's constant resolution to encourage and reward such merit: and we return our most humble thanks to your Majesty for your favourable acceptance of the zealous and useful service of the militia, in the present arduous conjuncture.

We assure your Majesty, that your faithful commons, thoroughly sensible of this important crisis, and desirous, with the divine assistance, to render your Majesty's reign successful and glorious in war, happy and honourable in peace (the natural return of a grateful people to a gracious and affectionate sovereign) will concur in such measures as shall be requisite for the vigorous and effectual prosecution of the war; and that we will cheerfully and speedily grant such supplies as shall be found necessary for that purpose, and for the support of the king of Prussia, and the rest of your Majesty's allies; firmly relying on your Majesty's wisdom, goodness, and justice, that they will be applied in such a manner as will most effectually answer the ends for which they are granted, and with the utmost economy that the nature of such great and extensive operations will allow; and that we will make such an adequate provision for your Majesty's civil government, as may be sufficient to maintain the honour and dignity of your crown, with all proper and becoming lustre.

Your Majesty's faithful commons approach your royal person with hearts penetrated by the warmest and liveliest sense of your unbounded tenderness and concern for the welfare of your people; and rejoicing at the high satisfaction which your Majesty takes in the union which you universally prevail throughout your Kingdoms: A deep sense of that national strength and prosperity visibly derived from this salutary source, and above all your Majesty's approbation of that happy union, and the natural disposition and wish of your royal heart to cement and promote it; are the strongest incentives to concord, and the surest pledge of its duration. The fixed resolution, which your Majesty has declared, to countenance and encourage the practice of true religion and virtue, will, we doubt not, prove the best means of drawing down the favour of God upon a dutiful and united nation; and we shall never cease devoutly to offer up our ardent vows to the divine providence, that, as a recompense for these royal virtues, your Majesty may reign in the hearts of a free and happy people, and they, excited by your Majesty's benevolent care to discharge your royal function, and animated by gratitude for the enjoyment of so many blessings, may make the due return, by a constant obedience to your laws, and by the most steady attachment and loyalty to your person and government.

His MAJESTY'S most gracious ANSWER.

Gentlemen,

I Return you my cordial thanks for this most dutiful and affectionate address, and for your warm expressions of fidelity to my person, and attention to the honour and dignity of my crown.

The unanimous assurances that you will make effectual and speedy provision for the vigorous prosecution of the war, and for the support of my allies, afford me the truest satisfaction, and will, I trust, prove the happy means of reducing the enemy to the terms of a just and honourable peace. With such zeal and harmony among my people, I have only to implore the continuance of the divine blessings on their generous efforts, and on my ardent endeavours for the permanent felicity of my loving subjects.

V I E N N A, November 15.

THE last Dispatches from Petersburg, are very agreeable to the Court. The Czarina has promised to make her Army set looser than usual next-Year; and that she will not in the least swerve from the Plan that shall be concerted for putting an End to this cruel War.

Nuremberg (an Imperial free City of Franconia, and Capital of a Territory of the same Name, in Germany) December 1. Marshal Daun, it is thought, is not yet out of Danger. He did not quit the Command till upwards of three Hours after he was wounded. It is certain that in the Memory of Man there has not been a Campaign equal to that of the 3d of last Month.