

present System seems to be that of re-  
sistance to its ancient Limits, and disabling  
it from disturbing the Repose of Europe.  
O'S T O N, September 4.  
Captain Winslow, who arrived here Yester-  
day from Louisburg, we learn, That  
the 10th of August last, Signal was made for  
sailing Ships to weigh Anchor, in order  
to the Bay of Gaspay, in the River  
St. Lawrence, viz. Royal William, 84 Guns, Sir  
Hardy, Bedford 64, Lancaster 64, De-  
pue 60, Pembroke 60, Vanguard 64, 2 Fri-  
gates, 1 Fireship, and 7 Transports, with  
1000 Men on board, under the Command  
of General Wolfe, there to make a Diversion  
on the Bay of Fundy, to take Possession of the  
River: That the French 64 Gun Ship was  
seen to be going to England:—That the  
French 10th of August and St. John's daily  
agreed to the 11th Article of Capitulation  
as fast as they were put on board failed  
to be:—And that Captain Rouse, in the  
Man of War, of 50 Guns, was going  
to the French Settlements at Newfoundland.  
NEW YORK, September 11.  
About Twelve o'Clock the Albany Post  
arrived, after riding in an extraordinary  
manner to bring us the following important  
News of the Success of Col. Bradstreet's  
Expedition on Lake Ontario. An Express first  
brought the Account to Albany on Thursday last  
of the Great Carrying Place, on the Road to  
the Westward; but the Post was then discharged, and  
the Gentleman there directly set out to overtake  
the Express which he did after 20 Miles ride, and in-  
form us of the following  
Extract of a Letter from an Officer who was in the  
Action with Col. Bradstreet, on Lake Ontario,  
Oswego, August 30, 1758.  
I have the Pleasure to inform you, That I  
arrived here this Day with a Brig under my  
Command, deeply loaded with Furr, Skins, Bala-  
st, Liqueurs, &c. &c. The Brig is the same  
taken from us by the French at Oswego  
about 100 Days ago.—I have not Time to be very par-  
ticular to the Siege of Cadaraqui, or Frontenac;  
but inform you, that on the 25th Instant, at  
the Siege of the Fort:—The  
French mounted two Cannon on an Eminence,  
and kept constantly firing on the Fort: The  
Col. Bradstreet ordered 1200 Men (almost  
all what he had with him) round the Fort,  
and ordered two more Pieces of Cannon.  
Command: We found the Enemy's Fire  
very hot; but towards Night they fired mostly over  
the Fort, and only killed one Man; and wound-  
ed several. The Vessels which lay in the Harbour  
under constant Fire up, but were silenced by our  
Artillery: They attempted to go off by making  
use of Hotshots of our Fire, were obliged at last  
to burn their Boats, and let the Vessels drive; which  
was about 5 Miles below the Fort, where  
they were got them off. The 28th, the Fort  
was given up to us on the following Conditions,  
That the Garrison should go to Canada on  
parole of Honour, and return an equal Num-  
ber of Men to Fort William Henry:—And  
the Governor of the Fort (who is the Third in  
Command with the French) should return Col-  
onel Bradstreet to his Place:—I am, in Haste, Your  
Obedient Servant.

Army, but no one knew whither, only imagined  
to be against Oswego, or Fort La Gallette, a-  
bout 35 Miles below Frontenac, on St. Lawrence  
River, and about 85 Miles from Montreal. That  
the Plunder got at the Fort was worth 70,000 l.  
Sterling: And, that there was a surprizing Altera-  
tion in the Behaviour of the Indians at the Great  
Carrying Place, for the better.  
Extract of a Letter from an Officer who went with  
Colonel PETER SCHUYLER to Canada,  
agreeable to their Parole (and who left Albany  
for that Purpose about the 20th of July last) dated  
at Montreal, August 1, 1758.  
"We arrived here in perfect Health the 29th  
of last Month, and have met with a most kind and  
hospitable Reception from the Governor and In-  
tendant (who is now here) as well as from all other  
Ranks and Degrees of People; nor is our staying  
so long either taken ill, as to ourselves, or our  
Commander in Chief who kept us.—You will  
have heard no Doubt e'er now, That Col. Schuyler  
is authorized by General Abercrombie to exchange  
both himself, and me, and 3 other King's Officers,  
who have been some Time Prisoners in Canada;  
this Exchange the Governor of Canada has accept-  
ed without Hesitation, and has assured us it will  
take Place whenever he receives our General's An-  
swer to the Proposals he now makes him, for a  
general Exchange of all the Soldiers and Inhabi-  
tants, Prisoners on both Sides; and as each Party  
are, no doubt, equally desirous to have their Peo-  
ple, this cannot miss to take Place as soon as the  
Prisoners can be collected together, and brought  
to the Place agreed on, which is thought cannot  
exceed a Month at farthest; till which Time the  
Col. and myself are to remain at Montreal, where  
all the Prisoners they have are to be assembled.  
If any Opportunity of writing offers before my  
Return to the English Dominions, I shall not fail  
to embrace it, but I fancy not, and hope to write  
you from English Ground in a Month's Time."  
Yours, &c.  
A Letter from Rogers's Island, near Fort Edward,  
dated August 23, 1758.  
"Lieutenant Brewer, and six Rangers, came  
in here last Sunday, and brought in one French  
Prisoner, which they took about four Miles from  
Crown-Point.—Some Parties were to set out from  
the Lake last Night, in Quest of Prisoners.—One  
of our Serjeants and 5 Rangers returned last Night  
from a Scout to Carillon, but without Success, be-  
ing discovered by a Scouting Party of the Enemy;  
they never discovered each other till they came  
within 3 Rods, when they exchanged a few Shot,  
and so parted. There begins to be some Talk  
here about returning to Carillon—some expect it,  
others desire it, and many are afraid of it.—Two  
Deserters came into the Lake the Night before last,  
who inform, that the Indians immediately after  
Rogers's Battle went all home, except about 30,  
who were left drunk."  
Extract of a Letter from Halifax, August 14.  
"The Carpenters of this Place are sent for by  
the Admiral to repair the Ruins of Buildings occa-  
sioned by our Siege, and Families are daily em-  
barking to settle there, so that we may expect that  
Louisburg will be esteemed a Place of Consequence  
to our other American Colonies.—A Discovery  
was made of a Plot last Night, betwixt some of  
the Inhabitants of this Place and our neighbouring  
French and Indians, and was this Night to have  
been executed; as cannot but displease the Ear of  
every true Briton; and as it more particularly  
concerns us who reside in this Place, we are the  
more obliged to return Thanks to Almighty God,  
for his great Goodness in delivering us out of the  
Hands of our cruel and inveterate Enemies: I  
shall write you just as it was: A Captain's Wait-  
ing Man who frequented a House in Dutch Town  
(so called) on Account of a young Woman who  
lived there, followed her down the Cellar, and  
there discovered and took Notice of a Parcel of  
Fire-Arms, loaded and primed, which he made  
known to his Captain; thereupon Search being  
made, they were found and carried before the Go-  
vernor, and Enquiry being made, it appears there  
was a Plot laid betwixt the Dutch, or some other  
disaffected Persons, with the French and Indians,  
suddenly to fall in upon this Place, and destroy it,  
with every Person in it that could not make their  
Escape; and this Night was appointed for the  
cruel Attempt: They took this Opportunity, as  
our Men-of-War were all at Louisburg. We are  
this Night all to be under Arms, though, as their  
Designs are frustrated, we are in Hopes they will  
return back to the Woods, and that we may not  
be disturbed by them.—Not more than a Mile  
from this Place four French and four Indians were  
seen Yesterday, and 'tis not doubted there were a

large Number not far off. We have now in Sight  
several Men of War from Louisburg, so that we  
hope they will furnish us with such Assistance as  
will put it out of the Power of our Neighbours to  
disturb our Quiet. We are to have 14 Sail of the  
Line to winter here, which are thought sufficient  
to guard us."  
PHILADELPHIA, September 14.  
The following Extracts being taken in some French  
Ships, are published, to shew the distressed Situ-  
ation the French think themselves in.  
Translation of Part of a Letter from Mr. Barret  
de Ferrand, of Bourdeaux, to his Friend Mr. Cbe-  
nie, at St. Domingo, dated April 25, 1758.  
"We are doing our utmost Endeavours to parry  
off the Blows that our Enemies are preparing to  
strike both by Sea and Land, and we have really  
enough to do, as the Odds is against us.  
"The King of Prussia, since the Battle he gain-  
ed over us, in which he drubbed us soundly, has  
also beat the Austrians, and regained all Silesia,  
and every Thing else they took from him. Be-  
hold the unfortunate Events of the Battle of Ros-  
bach! which he gained over us the Fifth of No-  
vember. He knew so well how to improve his  
Advantages, that he is now in the most flourishing  
Situation imaginable; he conquers as he goes, and  
it must be confessed that he is a great Warrior.  
"The Appearances that we had of a speedy  
and advantageous Peace, are now vanished. Can-  
ada destitute of every Thing, and our Fleets ru-  
ined by Death and Sickness, present to us but a  
dismal Prospect of the ensuing Campaign, which  
is already commenced. Our Situation is vastly  
changed.—May God assist us, and send a Peace,  
for every Thing goes on badly here, and elsewhere.  
I shall relate nothing of that to you, as I suppose  
it has e'er this reached your Ears.  
"The English continue to take our Shipping;  
few escape them. They have not, however, been  
able to take any of our Men of War; they are  
all arrived; but two of the large Ones are lost in  
Port. All this looks ill, and I shall say nothing  
in regard to this Campaign, only that the English  
threaten a Descent on France, and we are garnish-  
ing our Coasts with Troops. Take Care of yours;  
for 'tis thought they will make Attempts every  
where. They are the strongest, and therefore in  
the Right to do so. I am, &c.  
BARRET DE FERRAND.  
"P. S. I am afraid you will not receive the  
several Letters I have lately wrote you, as the Eng-  
lish let nothing escape. Adieu. We enjoy a pret-  
ty good State of Health, considering our approach-  
ing Misery, which is dreadful to think of, as our  
Affairs go ill in all Parts."  
Marseilles, March 22, 1758.  
"We must wait for a Peace, of which at pre-  
sent there seems to be but little Appearance.—  
That Peace we so much desire.—We are un-  
lucky every where.—The English are already  
gone to Canada with a strong Squadron; France  
is not in a Condition to send any Assistance to that  
Country, either strong or speedy enough to pre-  
vent them making themselves Masters of it or Lou-  
isburg; God alone can preserve it to us; but for  
the most Part God favours the Prudent and Active.  
—The English have taken two of our Men of  
War in the Mediterranean:—Our Army in  
Westphalia has totally abandoned the Electorate  
of Hanover.—The French are greatly degenerat-  
ed, at least the Want of good Generals make  
them appear no more to be the same Men."  
May 12, 1758.  
"Our Affairs continue to grow worse.—As  
to Germany, we have great Reason to fear the  
Hanoverians will force our Army to quit the Field  
entirely, and will enter France along with them.  
—Posterity will not believe, that in less than  
Eight Months France, from being triumphant both  
by Sea and Land, should be reduced to the Point  
of begging Peace, on what Terms her Enemies  
please to impose.—The Power of God is plain-  
ly to be seen in so sudden a Revolution. Adieu.  
We are in good Health, and want nothing but  
Money and News from you."  
A Letter from Barbados mentions, that a Gen-  
tleman arrived there from Cork says, it was con-  
firmed that Admiral Saunders had taken 4 French  
Men of War in the Mediterranean, and sunk two.  
Our private Advices from Albany are of the  
8th Instant, and as follow: That an Express ar-  
rived there the Night before, and brought a Cou-  
ple of Letters from two Officers under Col. Brad-  
street, which agreed, that on the 24th ult. they  
came before Cadaraqui, and summoned it to sur-  
render, which was refused, when a Bomb Battery  
was immediately raised, and on firing the seventh  
Shell from it, on the 27th, the Enemy desired to

capitulate, struck the French, and hoisted English  
Colours, and a Capitulation was agreed on: That  
we lost one Man, had 14 wounded, and took 150  
Prisoners, in which Number they say was the Go-  
vernour of Montreal, who came there to treat with  
foreign Indians; the Number of their Killed and  
Wounded not particularly known: That they took  
100 Pieces of Cannon, 2000 Barrels of Provisions,  
and a great Quantity of Indian Traffic, which was  
all sent to Oswego in two good Sloops.  
Private Letters from Boston mention, that six  
Ships of the Line, and three Frigates, had failed  
under the Command of Sir Charles Hardy; on  
board of which was General Wolfe, with four  
Regiments, in order to take Possession of the Bay  
of Gaspay, and build a Fort there: That Govern-  
our Lawrence was at Halifax: And that Colonel  
Monckton was to march by Land, with 2000  
Men, to St. John's River; where, with some Fri-  
gates, they were to take Possession all along that  
River: That the Regiments coming to Boston from  
Louisburg, are said to be the Royals, Forbes's,  
Webb's, Lafcelles's; Third Battalion of Royal  
Americans, and Fraser's Highlanders.  
ANNAPOLIS, September 21.  
Since our last we have heard of the following  
Elections of Representatives, viz.  
For Charles County, Captain Arthur Lee, Mr.  
John Hanson, junior, Captain George Dent, and  
Mr. John Trueman Stoddert.  
For Prince-George's County, William Murdock,  
Esq; Mr. George Fraser, Captain Francis King, and  
Mr. Josias Beall, junior.  
For Calvert County, Mr. Benjamin Mackall, junr.  
Mr. James John Mackall, Mr. Edward Gantt, and  
Col. William Fitzhugh.  
For Baltimore County, Captain Thomas Cockey  
Deye, Mr. William Govane, Captain John Ham-  
mond Dorsey, and Mr. Samuel Owings.  
For Talbot County, Mr. John Goldsborough, Mr.  
Pellard Edmondson, Mr. Samuel Bowman, and Capt.  
Woolman Gibson.  
Last Week, Maurice Mongall was Tried at the  
Bar of the Provincial Court, for being concerned  
(with some other Villains, who made their Escape)  
in breaking open and robbing the Store of Capt.  
Richard Hayton in Baltimore County, in June last,  
of which he was found Guilty. Upon his Return  
to Prison under Care of the Sub-Sheriff, MAURICE  
was Angry, and said, he thought how it would be  
as soon as he saw how they were going on.  
On Friday Thomas Ledstone, from Frederick Coun-  
ty, was Tried for Horse-stealing, and found Guil-  
ty; and is remanded back to that County, there  
to suffer.  
By a Gentleman from Frederick-Town, we hear,  
That a Person was come in there from Ray's-Town,  
who gave an Account, that 2000 of the Forces  
under Brigadier General Forbes, had advanced as  
far as within Fifteen Miles of Fort Duguesne. We  
are in Hopes soon to give our Readers an Account  
of the Reduction of that Fort.  
CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, Enter'd,  
Brig Betty Russell, T. Hammond, from Barbados:  
Cleared for Departure,  
Ship Hero, James Hall, for London;  
Sloop Betty and Sally, J. Savills, for N. Carolina;  
Ship Thetis, Matthew Craymer, for London;  
Brig Recovery, Daniel Robbins, for Madeira;  
Ship Betty, William Strachan, for London;  
Snow John, Richard Milner, for Ditto;  
Snow Robert & Anne, David Lewis, for Ditto;  
Snow Gooch, Robert Brown, for Ditto;  
Ship Fishbourn, Halbert Henson, for Ditto;  
Schooner Conck, John Baker, for Virginia;  
Snow Prince George, D. Baynes, for Whitehaven;  
Schooner Anson, Thomas Parr, for Rhode-Island;  
Ship Nancy, Joseph Richardson, for London;  
Ship Sally Brown, John Johnson, for Ditto.  
HENRY GASSAWAY,  
WILL Lodge GENTLEMEN of the  
ASSEMBLY, at FOUR SHILLINGS  
per Day.  
COMMITTED to Prince-George's County  
Goal, on the 4th Instant, as a Runaway,  
Negro Charles, who says he belongs to John  
Stewart, of Stafford County, in the Colony of Vir-  
ginia. His Master may have him again, on pro-  
ving his Property, and paying Charges.  
COLMORE BRANES, Sheriff.  
THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. Henry  
Woodward, near Annapolis, taken up as a  
Stray, a Dark Bay Horse, about 13 Hands high,  
branded on the near Buttock, but with what can-  
not be made out, and trots and gallops.  
The Owner may have him again, on proving  
his Property, and paying Charges.

5/

L