

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, November 4, 1756.

is at the Plantation of James at Bennett's-Creek, in Frederick up as a Stray, a black Horse, is high, unbranded, has a Star in a bob Tail, some small Saddle Back, and a Bell on his Neck. may have him again, on proving and paying Charges.

September 20, 1756. by last Night, from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named He is a tall, lusty, ignorant, Count-out 5 Feet 9 Inches high, of a dark and wears his own black Hair; he Trade, was born in Wales, is about and either can't or pretends not to He had with him when he an old superfine blue Broad-Cloth own with a blue Velvet Cape, and el Waistcoat, with black Glafs But- Edges bound round with white supposed he may have other Cloaths likewise both white and check Shirts. cures the said Servant, and brings bscriber, in Annapolis, shall receive ngs Reward, if taken within ten polis; Forty Shillings, if above; ut of the Province, Five Pounds. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

OLD AT PUBLIC SALE, lony, for the Use of Mr. Thomas Creditors, on the 11th Day of No., at the House of the said Lambden, County, CT of LAND, lying in Calvert in Maryland, called Poorland, con- cers. Tract of Land, or Cypress Swamp, et County, called Chance, containing

Tract of Land, lying in Worcester nning 100 Acres, called Timber Grove. Tract of Land, lying in the said Coun- g Acre, containing 59 Acres. Tract of Land, lying in the same Eden-Town, containing 130 Acres. Tract of Land, lying in the same d Fletcher's Addition, containing 106

THRAIM WAGGAMAN, late Sheriff of Worcester County, ere will be Sold at the same Time d Goods.

O B E S O D, xchange, Sterling Money, Gold, Silver, or Current Money, CT of Land, adjoining to George- in Frederick County, containing 230 abouts, convenient for Trade, with ng-House, fifty Feet long and thirty ur Rooms on a Floor, with a good Office, with Brick Chimneys. Also Ground in George-Town, with two n-Houses; whither, in a good Crop- wards of a Thousand Hogsheds large Stone-House, adjoining the utes, with a Kitchen and Garden, a Public-House. Store-Houses, be- r improv'd Lots.

of Land, lying on Gosse-Creek, in County, two Miles from George- ing 286 Acres, 80 of which fit for nd; whereon there are two Apple- other Improvements: This lies con- the Eastern Branch of Potowmack. s inclinable to buy either of the of Land, Houses, or improv'd Lots, the Subscriber, living at the Wood- George's County, Maryland: Where applied, likewise, with choice N B- either Sex, and of any Age.

GEORGE GORDON. y one that buys the Tract of Land House adjoining to George-Town, e given him for Payment of Part.

ENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, sells of manufactured TOBACCO, in Quantities.

Office in Charles-street; per Year. ADVERTISE- Week, and One Shilling

Mr. GREEN;

JUSTITIAE partes sunt non violare homines, verecundiae non offendere, is an Observation (if I mistake not) of Cicero's, and yet I believe I may venture to affirm with very great Certainty, that no Man hitherto hath been so fortunate, as to find out a Method of conducting himself through the various Scenes of Life, without transgressing, in some Sort, the Rules of Justice, and of Modesty; nay I have known it frequently happen in the course of human Affairs, that a Man hath offend- ed without his Knowledge, and directly contrary to his Inclination; such is the Inadvertency of Friends, the Malice of Enemies, and the ground- less Conjectures of indifferent People; and to give an Instance of this directly relative to myself, is the Business of this Letter: In one of your Papers, (but of what Date I do not now remember) a very ridiculous Letter was exhibited to the Public, with some Animadversions of a Gentleman, who thought proper to conceal his Name, (though why he did so I can't possibly imagine), wherein he endeavours to prove, (presumptive Proof indeed!) that I was the Author of the Letter, and what was infinitely worse, in order to aggravate the Offence, he insinuates that I wrote it with a premeditated Design to fully the Reputation of a Clergyman of consummate Virtue, to affront the whole Kingdom of Ireland, and to gratify a particu- lar Faction, of which he very uncharitably sup- poses me a Member; to this Charge, however un- just, I made no immediate Reply, because I was informed, that at all Events, I should be obliged to answer the injured Clergyman in a Court of Law, and some Gentlemen of Ireland in another Place; so that without my Knowledge, and ex- pressly contrary to my Intention, I was, in all Pro- bability, shortly to be involved into almost in- extricable Difficulties, and for no other Reason that I am capable of conceiving, but for that an anonymous Writer, of more Warmth than Prudence, had taken it into his Head, that I was the Author of that Letter: Under these Circumstances I re- mained silent for some Time, and so for ever should have done, but for a Gentleman, who en- quired of me with too much Good-Nature to be refused, if I had written that Letter; him I then informed, as I now do you Mr. Green, that I was not the Author of that Letter in your Gazette.— Mr. Henry Rozer, with whom I have the Pleasure to be acquainted, and to whom that Letter is said to be directed, is censured with me, for hav- ing maliciously published it to the Prejudice of Mr. Brogden; but as that Gentleman's Character is more than sufficient to refute such a Conjecture, I shall dismiss this Subject, with the following Truths; First, that I am very much above, and do heartily detest that infamous Business of Drudg- ing in any Party; Secondly, that I have ever studiously endeavoured to avoid Reflections Per- sonal and National, and that if at any Time any such inadvertently fell from my Tongue or Pen, they ever gave me the utmost Inquietude; and, Lastly, I almost believe with Tully, that "Detrabere alicui alteri, et hominem hominis incommodo suum augere commodum, magis est contra naturam, quam mors, quam paupertas, quam dolor, quam caetera." Give this a Place in your Gazette, and oblige, SIR, Your humble Servant, ALEXANDRIA, October 10, 1756. G. JOHNSTON.

Frederick County, September 29, 1756. Mr. GREEN, I HOPE you will not refuse to give this a Place in your Paper, that Justice may be done

to a Piece of MILITARY VIRTUE, and that they who Discharge their Duty may not be Con- founded with those who behave in a base and cowardly Manner.

About the Beginning of August last, the Inha- bitants below Conococheague raised Twenty Men by Subscription, to Patrole in that Neighbourhood, under the Direction of William Teagard, a Lieu- tenant in the Militia under Captain Reuch: The Enemy came down Baker's-Ridge about the 18th, and had dispersed themselves into different Par- ties; on the 20th a Party of them killed George Hicks and Lodovick Claymour, at a Funeral, and soon after a Party of Thirteen of Teagard's Men, under the Direction of one Luke Thompson, came upon their Tracks and followed them, till they came within two Miles of the Mouth of Conoco- cheague, on the Pennsylvania Road, when five Guns were fired about 300 Yards from them; this threw the Party into some Confusion, but Matthias Nicholls, a young Lad of Eighteen, insisted they should run up and come upon the Enemy while their Pieces were unloaded, and set off immedi- ately; at the Distance of sixty Yards he looked back and saw some of the Party running away, he threatened to fire among them unless they came along with him, which induced some of them to follow him for a few Yards, till he got out of their Sight by a Turn in the Path. Five Indians had fired at William Pofflewaite and John Dackerly coming from Pennsylvania, the latter rode off un- hurt: Nicholls seeing Pofflewaite all Bloody, at first Sight took him for an Indian and levelled his Piece to fire on him, but Pofflewaite called he was a white Man, and the Indians were behind. Nicholls went up cautiously to Pofflewaite from Tree to Tree; told him not to be afraid, he would never leave him, and accordingly guarded him into Col. Cresap's, where he found the twelve Men who had basely deserted him.

Teagard's Party never appeared again while the Enemy were down, but now insist on three Weeks Pay, and threaten to Warrant the Subscribers. Nicholls has never mentioned Pay, nor does he expect a Farthing, as they did not continue out their Month.

The whole Fire of the Indians fell on Poffle- waite, two Bullets were lodged in his Horse, one went in at his Back and out at the right Groin, another went through the same Thigh, and as he turned his Horse to see the Enemy, another went in at his left Groin: He has lain ever since in the Fort at Conococheague, and is now in a fair Way of doing well. Thus, by the Bravery of a young Lad of Eighteen, a Woman is preserved from being a Widow, and three young Children from being Fatherless.

The Romans, who were such Judges of Military Merit, decreed particular Honours to him who saved the Life of a Citizen, and shall this young Man pass unnoticed, at the Time a Cap- tain of the Militia ran away, with sixty Men well armed, without daring to look for the En-emy! And by that dastardly Behaviour, broke up this fine Settlement between the Mountains.

ON THE TIMES. HOW kind has Heav'n adorn'd this happy Land, And scatter'd Blessings with a lavish Hand? Yet what avail our unexhausted Stores, Our blooming Mountains and our sunny Shores. With all the Gifts that Heav'n and Earth impart, The Smiles of Nature, and the Charms of Art; If proud Oppression in our Vallies reigns, And Tyranny usurps our happy Plains? The poor Canadian, beholds in vain, The fat'ning Oxen, and the swelling Grain, Starves, in the Midst of Nature's Bounty curst, And in the loaden'd Orchard, dies for Thirst.

De necessariis nulla est deliberatio. Then hence my Friends, like Light'ning let us fly, And hurl Destruction on our Foe that's nigh: Pull down Oppression from its Tyrant-Seat, And save our Country; or, embrace its Fate.—

PARIS, July 9. Extract of a Letter from the Marshal Duke de Richelieu, dated at the Camp before St. Philip, June 29.

I HAD long meditated some Blow that might hasten the End of the Siege, and at length determined to make my general Attack on Sunday the 27th. I consulted all the General Officers upon it the Day before, and they instantly saw the Extent and Advantages of my Design. I had previously charged the Count de Maillebois to make the proper Dispositions for it, which he executed in the best Manner. Every General Of- ficer performed what was assigned to him with Courage and Judgment.

The Marquis de Laval, Major-General of the Trenches, was charged with the Attack on the Left, which was directed against Strugen and Argyle Forts, the Queen and Ken's Redoubts. He had with him sixteen Companies of Grenadiers, and four Battalions to support the Attacks: The Officers under him were the Marquis de Monty, Brigadier, and the Marquis de Briqueville, Colo- nel. The former was to attack Strugen and Ar- gyle, and the latter was to advance against Ken's Redoubt, and the Covered Way between that Work and the Queen's Redoubt. Lieutenant Col. de Sades was to attack the Queen's Redoubt at the Head of four Companies of Grenadiers. At each of these three Attacks there were two Engi- neers, and 150 Labourers, an Officer of the Train of Artillery, and ten Gunners, a Detachment of 50 Volunteers with Scaling Ladders, and a Bri- gade of Miners.

The Center Attack was directed against the West Redoubt, and the Caroline Lunette, and commanded by the Prince de Beauveau, who had two Brigades under his Command, with which he was also to support the Trenches in Case of Need.

The first Attack on the Right was directed against Fort Marlborough, under the Command of the Count de Lannion, with a Brigade of the Royals, and the Regiment of Britany. M. de Roquepine, and the Chevalier de Lempis, at the Head of 400 Volunteers, and 100 Grenadiers, was to land at St. Stephen's Cove, and march a- gainst Fort Charles.

The Design of the second Attack on the Right, under the Marquis de Monteynard, with two Brigades, was to get Possession of the South- West Lunette, to communicate with the Attack of Fort Charles, and to cut off the Communication between Marlborough-Fort and that of St. Philip.

During these Attacks Lieutenant-Colonel de Beaumanoir, who commanded at the Lighthouse- Mount, was with his Detachment to put off in Boats from the Cove between Fort St. Philip and the Lighthouse-Mount, to come and favour M. de Monty's Attack, and endeavour to slip into the Covered Way between the Half-Moon and Fort Argyle. M. de Tortainval, Captain in the Regi- ment of Hainault, was to land, with 100 Men of this Detachment, at the Foot of the Enemy's grand Battery towards the Entrance of the Har- bour.

At Ten o'Clock at Night all our Batteries having ceased Firing, the Signal for the Attack was given by the Firing of a Cannon, and the Throwing of four Bombs from the Lighthouse- Mount, M. de Monty advanced against Strugen and Argyle, and afterwards Messieurs de Brique- ville and de Sades made their Attack on the Queen's and Ken's Redoubts. Our Troops marched up with the greatest Intrepidity, and after a very smart, long, and bloody Firing, took