

SOLD,
 ing Tracts of Land,
 County, formerly the Pr
 containing, 300 } Acres.
 a Mile of Port Tobacco.
 at Nanjemoy, containing
 00 Acres, at the Pording
 as you go from Piscataway

37 } Acres.
 n the Head of *Wicomico*
 Title to several Tracts not
 belonged to the *Wjones*:
 apply to
David Ross.
Mr. Jonathan
 Merchant, is possi
 of the *Patuxent* Iron
 in Years, and desirous
 is willing to dispose of it,
 ble to purchase may know
 to
William Lux, of
Baltimore, Attorney in
 Fact to Mr *Forward.*
 by the said *Lux,* a
 will carry 18 Hogheads of
 rigg'd, and an excellent
 cer, who has four Years to
 his Business very well, ha
 s Yards.

E M E
A
T E R Y,
 to be applied for finishing
 RIST CHURCH, in *Phila-*
 due towards purchasing a
 us in Pieces of 8. Total.
 1500 is 1500
 500 are 1000
 200 are 1000
 100 are 2000
 50 are 1250
 20 are 800
 10 are 2000
 6 are 8250
 First drawn, 100
 Last drawn, 100

ieces of 8 each, is 18000
 e paid to the Possi
 are Prizes, as soon as the
 Sum of 15 per Cent being
 h seems to be the best Me
 fortunate can best afford it,
 the Lottery is enriched by
 eces of Eight, and the Ad
 a better, there being not
 rize.
 n on the 1st Day of March
 r full.
 are appointed Managers;
Abram Taylor, Benja-
Stedman, John Keorley,
Hampbrey, Joseph Redman,
Leach, Henry Elwes, John
bee, who are to give Bond
 e faithful Performance of

n six Months after Draw
 mercially given for the Use
 ot to be demanded after
 dlingly.
 William Reynolds, in *Ar-*

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, February 8, 1753.

PARIS, September 4.

LETTERS from Madrid the 29th ult. say, that his Catholic Majesty has resolved to send a strong Squadron to America, to support his Guarda Costa's in the Execution of their Orders for preventing every Kind of contraband Trade. Which Resolution, they tell us, he has taken upon Advice that the British Court intends to send a Squadron to the West-Indies, to protect the Commerce and Navigation of the English; and we can tell them, that if both these Resolutions be carried into Execution, the Fate of the Spanisht Squadron may be easily foretold.

Ratisbon, Sept. 3. The Court of Vienna, among other Reasons for refusing to satisfy the Pretensions of the Elector Palatine, has principally insisted upon the following: That after the Death of Charles VI. the Elector having openly declared against the Pragmatic Sanction, which he had guaranteed, the Damage that happened to him from the Austrian Troops, in Consequence of that Declaration, ought to be looked on as the common Fate of War. Thus the Imperial Court has probably saved us 20,000l.

Madrid, September 15. The Court has received Information within these two Days, by a particular Express, that the Register Ship, called the Neptune, arrived on the 11th Instant in the Bay of Caciz, in her Passage from Vera Cruz, from whence she set sail about the Middle of June last.

The Cargo of that Vessel consisted in One Million 268 Thousand and 39 Piastrs in Gold; that is to say, 382 Thousand 141 on Account, and for the Use of his Catholic Majesty; and the Remainder for the Use and on the Account of our most substantial Merchants; 258 Arrobs of Anniseed, 80 Serons of Cochineal, 2343 Arrobs of Sugar; 252 Bales of Jallap; 30 Serons of Indigo; besides a large Quantity of other Merchandizes of different Kinds, of great Value, all of the Produce of that Country.

Hague, October 2. We now promise ourselves some Determination of several important Articles, which lay dormant during the Governante's Absence; and these are no less than nine; viz. the Incorporation of the Regiments; the exact Payment of the Agents, that they may be more regular in their Payments, and prevented from deducting 10, 12, or more per Cent. for advancing Money to Officers; the provisional Tutelage, in Case of the Stadholder's Death, the Presidentship of which the Mother of the late Prince has in her Eye; the Nomination of the Stadholder's Governor; the Regulation in the Payment of the Contingents of the several Provinces into the general Chest; an Alteration in the Levy of the Taxes, which since the Abolishment of the former, becomes daily more grievous to the Subject; the Re establishment of the Navy, about which the Admiralties attend with great Expences to the Public, and without an Augmentation of the Appointments of our Ministers abroad.

October 14. Letters from Madrid advise, that Mr. Keene has made Representations to the Spanish Ministry about their augmenting their Naval Forces in America; but they don't tell us what Answer his Excellency received. The same Letters inform us, that it is not at Alicant only, but in almost all the Ports of Spain, that the Importation of foreign printed Linnens is prohibited. They also tell us that the Woollen Manufactures are greatly improved, which is chiefly owing to the great Number of foreign Artificers who come to them in Spight of all the Precautions taken and penal Laws made by certain Governments to prevent it; the Spaniards giving them Salaries, and other Advantages, greater than they could get at Home.

LONDON.

September 2. We hear, that as soon as the Vacation is over, a very strict Enquiry will be made,

by proper Authority, into those Places of private Custody filled Madhouses; as the Public is extremely alarmed on Account of some very odd Stories which are current: And indeed, considering that no Person can be committed upon Suspicion, however strong, of the most atrocious Crime, but by a proper Authority, and to a legal Prison; it seems very irreconcilable to the Principles of our Constitution, that private People should be allowed to send their Relations to such Places, where they are always confined, and often tortured (by strait Waist-coats, and other Inventions) without any Process, and even without the Privy of the Magistracy; and notwithstanding also, that in this, as in all other Cases, where the Welfare of Society requires it, the Law has prescribed the proper Method; and this Method is equally rational and just.

Among the many Barbarities related of the private Madhouses, the following may be depended on as Matter of Fact, being related by a Gentleman of great Honour and Veracity.

A Lady, who resided altogether in the Country, had a Legacy of 1500l. left her by a Relation; the Monster who was to pay it did not pretend to dispute the Legality of it, or the Want of Effects to pay it, but civilly invited her to London to receive it; upon which she came up, and was appointed to meet him at a private Madhouse, but a little way out of Town, where she was told the Gentleman was not yet come, and was shewn into the Parlour, where she staid with Impatience, 'til Night coming on, when she concluding he would not come, called for the Coach she came in, but was answered the Coach was discharged; and upon her expressing a good deal of Surprize at such Treatment, the Master asked her if she knew where she was, and upon her replying she did not, he told her she was in a Madhouse, and immediately set his Myrmidons to seize and shave her, which they did; and it was no less than seven, if not nine Years, before she got out of their hellish Clutches. And we have been informed by a Person, who lived many Years in a private Madhouse, that half the People there were no more mad than the rest of Mankind; and were put in by those who wanted to get Possession of their Estates. So great an Evil calls loudly for the Interposition of the Legislature, as no Person is safe whilst they are allowed of in their present Shape.

Extract of a Letter from Collin (in Germany), dated August 30.

"Three Days ago, the Troops encamped in our Neighbourhood performed a grand Exercise; the Design of which was to represent an innocent Appearance of a grand Attack, which might exhibit to the Spectators the Skill and Address of the Troops in one of the principal Operations of War. But very unfortunately they acted their Part with a little too much Ardour, and instead of the Scene of an Attack it prov'd a real one. The two Regiments of Hildburghausen and Haller were posted very advantageously on a rising Ground, of which the Regiments of the Archduke Charles, of Neipperg, Wolfenbuttle, Botta, Gaisrugg, and Sincer, were ordered to dispossess them.

This they executed with a very high Proportion of Heat, and not without an Intermixture of Malice; for, in marching to the Attack, some of the Soldiers pick'd up little Stones, others clapped in a Handful of Gravel, and many pulled of their Buttons, and put them into their Pieces, by which, upon the first Discharge, there were a great many killed. This induced the other two Regiments, or rather forced them, to act in the same Manner; so that the Dispute became serious and obstinate, in spite of all that the Generals could do to part them, which could not be accomplished 'til a heavy Shower of Rain, and the coming on of Night, obliged them to desist. A Captain of the Regiment of Neipperg was killed, several other Officers wounded, and, as yet, we have no distinct Account of the Loss amongst the private Men.

Last Night an Accident happened at a Gentleman's House in Bur street, St. James's, supposed to be done by some frolicksome Sparks, who had tied a Cat by the Tail to the Knocker of the Door, and knocking at the Door, the Maid Servant opened it, when the Cat flew at her and seiz'd her; which so frightened the Maid, that she fell into Convulsion Fits, and was obliged to be carried to the Hospital; and no Sense appearing, there are little Hopes of her Recovery.

NEW-YORK, January 22.
Last Thursday Evening an Express arrived here in four Days from Boston, by whom we have a Print of the 11th Instant; from which we have taken the following fresh Advices from the London and Gentleman's MAGAZINES, for the Month of October last, and other public Prints brought here by Capt. Bradford, in about eight Weeks from London.

HANOVER, October 4.
HIS Britannic Majesty continues indefatigable in his Pursuit of State Affairs; and 'tis not in the least doubted, but that before his Departure for England, most of the important Concerns, which induced him to visit these Dominions this Year, will be settled on a very sure and solid Foundation.

Lisbon, Sept. 22. The Court has received the agreeable News, that our small Squadron, who had been cruising above Gibraltar, had met with four Algerine Corsairs, and after a very resolute Engagement, had taken two of them, in which there were 48 Pieces of Brass Cannon, and 100 Men were made Captives.

Lisbon, Sept. 27. The Governor of Sernambuc has lately informed our Court, that three new Mines had been discovered in the Brazils; that two of them were Gold, and the other Silver; and that in the last there were a great Quantity of Diamonds; and that the Persons employed in making their Searches into those hidden Treasures, met with as much, or more, Success than they expected.

Rome, October 7. Our Ecclesiastical State has lately been alarmed with more Shocks of an Earthquake than usual; and in the Night between the 26th and 27th of September, a fatal one was felt at Veletri, which reduced several Houses in an Instant to Ruins, and terrified the Inhabitants to such a Degree, that they expected every Moment to be inevitably lost.

RUSSIA.
 The clement Empress has lately abolish'd the severe Punishment of the Knout. A Courier arriv'd from Cazan, brought Advice, that a dreadful Fire on the 15th, had almost totally destroyed that City, and another Fire has also happened at Moscow.

FRANCE.
 The Duches of Parma is arrived at this Court. Twelve Hundred Men will soon be embark'd for the East Indies, and 400 Men will also be sent to build Forts at several of our Settlements.

SPAIN.
 There are 38 Men of War now building in the Ports of this Kingdom; 16 of which are to mount 34 Guns, 12 of 40, 6 of 52, and 4 of 70. Mr. Keene has made Representations to our Court, in Relation to the augmenting the Number of our Men of War in America.

His Majesty has augmented the Salaries of the English Workmen employed in his Yards, in order to increase their Diligence: We have in all 300 Foreigners at work in those Places, above Half of whom are English and Irish, and our Marine is on so good a Footing, that when the Ships on the Stocks are finished, we shall have a Fleet of 98 Vessels, great and small.

The principal Ship Builder of the King of Spain at Ferrol, is Mr. Ruth, formerly a Boat Builder at Rotherhith. He was bred a Papist, and as he was not skill'd in Drawing, he decoyed one of the best