The Mudd Family
of the
United States

Volume I

Richard D. Mudd, A.B., M.A., Ph.D., M.D.
THEODORE ("DORY") MUDD (ABAAA A)*

b "At the old homestead" nr. Bryantown, Md. 5-31-1785
d Millwood, Mo. 10-4-1864
son of Henry Thomas Mudd and Mary Aloysia ("Ally") Mahoney
m 1812 Dorothy Ellen ("Dollie") Dyer (b. 6-9-1795; d. Md. 4-17-1861), dau of Jeremiah ("Jerry") Dyer and Lucy Orde Smith

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<tr>
<td>a (Judge) Henry Thomas</td>
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<td>b Robert Merrick</td>
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<td>c Alexander (Alec)</td>
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<td>d Jeremiah Theodore</td>
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<td>e (Dr.) George Dyer</td>
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<td>f Sylvester Samuel (&quot;Ves&quot;)</td>
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<td>g (Dr.) James Marcellus (&quot;Marce&quot;)</td>
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<td>h Robert Ignatius</td>
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| b 9-23-1816 (cont'd)                                                  |
| b Chas. Co., Md. 9-16-1818 (cont'd)                                  |
| d 7-16-1834 (cont'd)                                                  |
| d 10-11-1820 (cont'd)                                                 |
| b 12-26-1824 (cont'd)                                                 |
| b 11-20-1825 (cont'd)                                                 |
| b 12-7-1830 (cont'd)                                                  |
| b Chas. Co., Md. 8-7-1832 (Ref. 95)                                   |
| d 1881                                                                |
| m by A. G. Mitchell, M.G. on 3-8-1880 Emily E. (Emma) Whiteside (b. 12-24-1838; d. St. Louis Mo. 8-16-1922), dau of Jacob Whiteside. |

In the 1880 census Lincoln Co., Md. (Union Twp., p. 511); James M. Mudd, 27, doctor, b. Md.; Emma E., 20, b. Mo; and with them a Luckman family.

James Theodore Mudd (Abaa aga) never married. It is said that he died in 1880 and was buried in Millwood, Mo. An Ellen Mudd (age 7 or 8), dau of a Marcellus Mudd and his wife "Martha," was baptized at St. Alphonsus Church in Millwood, Mo. on 3-3-1873, her sponsor being Judge Henry T. Mudd. Also, an Emma Mudd (said to be aged 12) dau of a Marcellus Mudd and his wife Martha, was baptized on 6-2-1873.

1870 census Lincoln Co., Mo. (Hurricane Twp., p. 78) James M. Mudd, 38, farmer, b. Mo.; Emma E., 30; Jacob (T.?) 10 Ella E., 8.

1880 census Pike Co., Mo. (Clarksville, p. 562): James M. Mudd, phys., 44; Emma, 39, b. Mo., parents b. Ky.; and with them several boarders who were salesmen and one milliner.

In the notes of Mary Joseph Mudd (Abaa adf) the author located one of James Marcellus Mudd's old business cards which reads as follows: "Dr. J. M. Mudd, S. W. Corner Third and Vine Sts., St. Louis, Mo. Office hours from 9 to 12 A.M., from 2 to 5 P.M., All hours at night." James M. Mudd (Abaa ag) graduated in medicine from the University of Md., Baltimore, Md., in 1856. (Historical sketch of U. of Md., Medical School, Cordell 1891). His graduation thesis of 45 pages was on the subject of Small Pox.

On 3-15-1869 James M. Mudd and his wife Emma sold land to Rachel B. Cobb.

h Robert Ignatius

| b 8-12-1834                                                        |
| d 2-1-1851                                                        |

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Clarissa ("Clare") b 10-12-1813
d Millwood, Mo. 3-30-1872
m Chas. Co., Md. 4-21-1840 (Ref. 95) (Dr.) Hilary Pius Mudd (Abaga b), son of Thomas Nathaniel Mudd and Hester Ann ("Hetty") Mudd.
Issue: (See Abaga b)

In 1822 Clarissa Mudd, age 9, was placed under the guardianship of Thomas Benjamin Dyer her uncle,¹⁵ brother of Clarissa's mother.

A Clarissa Mudd (probably Adbbe) was the baptismal sponsor for Clarissa Dyer, dau of Thomas and Elizabeth Dyer, on 12-26-1825;¹⁶ for Elizabeth Ann Dyer on 11-6-1829;¹⁷ for George Dyer Mudd (Abaab ae) on 6-5-1827; and for Elizabeth Jane Howard on 5-28-1821.¹⁸

Mary Rose b Chas. Co., Md. 7-23-1822
d Frederick, Md. 4-16-1875

At the age of fifteen years, Mary Rose Mudd entered the Visitation Convent in Wash., D.C. and later became a Visitation nun. She received her habit on 11-4-1843 and was professed on 11-21-1844.

She was one of the first Prioresses of the Visitation Convent in Frederick, Md. which she and ten other Sisters established on 8-8-1846 and where she labored for 29 years.

Sr. Mary Rose on 7-19-1865 wrote a kindly letter to Dr. Samuel A. Mudd (Abaab bc) when he was imprisoned at Dry Tortugas.²⁰

An excellent account of her life is in the author's file (see also "Convent of the Visitation, Frederick, Md. 1846-1946", privately printed).

Ann Theresa ("Anna") b Chas. Co., Md. 1-6-1829 (Ref. 95)
d (probably Baltimore) Md. 8-1-1913

Ann Theresa Mudd entered the Carmelite Convent on 12-3-1850. She became Sr. M. Joseph, a Carmelite nun, on 1-21-1852.

As Mother Joseph, she and two other Sisters were sent to Rimouski, Canada, 180 miles south of Quebec to found a convent.

Mother Joseph resided at the Carmelite Monastery on Asquith Street in Baltimore, Md., and on 1-21-1913 celebrated her Diamond Jubilee. She was famed for her simplicity, candor, and sincerity.

ISSUE: It was said that the father of Judge Henry Thomas Mudd (Abaaa aa) reared twelve children as did his grandfather and great-grandfather (Ref. 70).

In a list of Millwood, Mo. Mudds made by Judge Henry Thomas Mudd in 1888, two of Theodore Mudd's (Abaaa a) sons, viz. Henry T. and Alexander, were listed.

PERSONAL HISTORY: In 1816 Theodore Mudd was one of the Justices of Chas. Co., Md. He was a member of the House of Delegates from Chas. Co., Md. in 1832 (Ref. 111), and was Judge of the District Court.

Theodore Mudd was a farmer and stood high in the estimation of his fellow citizens. He was man of good sense with an irreproachable character.

Theodore and Dolly Mudd were baptismal sponsors for Sylvester Mudd (Adbba f) who was born on 8-23-1850. Theodore Mudd was also the baptismal sponsor for his niece Elizabeth Emily Dyer the daughter of George and Dorothy Dyer (Ref. 95). Dorothy Mudd was the baptismal sponsor for Rose Ellen Mudd (Adbba j).

In several places in the Port Tobacco Times, e.g. 12-31-1845, 1-8-1846, 1-15-1846, and 1850, etc., undelivered mail addressed to Theodore Mudd was said to be held at the Port Tobacco Post Office. (See however Theodore Mudd of the 1830 census, under Bennett Mudd, Aaga.)
MIGRATIONS: Theodore Mudd was the only son of Henry Thomas Mudd (Abaa) to remain in Maryland. However, after the death of his wife he went to Missouri to visit and was still there at the time of his death in 1864. Although it is recorded that Theodore Mudd went to Missouri in 1862, Ref. 111 states that he went to Missouri in 1863 and practised there for a while.22

CENSUS: In the 1810 census of Chas. Co., Md. Theodore Mudd was listed with males 10 to 16, 3; females under 10, 2; 16 to 26, 1; over 45, 1; and 21 slaves. This is obviously Henry Thomas Mudd's (Abaa) family because Theodore Mudd was not yet married.

In the 1820 census of Chas. Co., Md. Theodore Mudd was listed with males under 10, 3; 16 to 18, 1; 16 to 26, 1; 26 to 45, 1; females under 10, 1; and 26 to 45, 1.

In the 1830 census Chas. Co., Md., Theodore Mudd was listed with males under 5, 1; 5 to 10, 2; 10 to 15, 2; 40 to 50, 1; females under 5, 1; 5 to 10, 1; 15 to 20, 1; 30 to 40, 1.

The family of Theodore Mudd is also to be found in 1840 and 1850 census of Chas. Co., Md.

In the 1860 census of Bryantown (Chas. Co.), Md. Theodore Mudd age 76, planter with real estate valued at $4500 and personal property valued at $12,000, was listed with his wife Dorothy, 66; Sylvester, farmer, 29; and Richard Cook, farm hand, 30.

MILITARY SERVICE: During the War of 1812 Theodore Mudd was a Lieutenant in Captain Goodwin's (or Ignatius F. Gardiner's) Company of the 1st Regiment;24 later he was Captain of a company of volunteers; and still later he was Colonel of the 1st Regiment of the Maryland State Militia (Ref. 125). On 10-5-1846, at the time of laying out a parcel of land named "Robinhood," Theodore Mudd was referred to as Major Mudd.

Copied from "The Peoples Version" (Ref. 44) dated January 1902 and written by Howard Weeden in December 1801 under the heading of "The Mudd Family" is the following: "Theodore Mudd commanded in Colonel Sterrett's 5th Maryland Regiment at Bladensburgh on August 24, 1814, in which were also five of his brothers and Thomas Mudd (Abaga) and his 'only' brother Francis (Abagb). The fight at Bladensburgh was nothing to brag about, but M. Sherrys History says the gallantry of Sterrett's Regiment was the redeeming feature of the day."

PROPERTY: The old homestead on which Sylvester Samuel Mudd (Abaa af) continued to live after the death of his father Theodore, was the place where the ancestors of the Maryland Mudds were born. It was granted to Major William Boarman as a tract of 900 acres on 10-10-1686. Major William Boarman conveyed this tract of land to Thomas Mudd (Ab) who bequeathed it to his son Henry Mudd (Ab). The latter on inspecting the surveys found them to be defective (some surplus property was in the bounds) and requested a resurvey from the Lord Proprietary of the Province of Maryland. The request was granted on 5-12-1714 but was not executed and thereby became vacant. Then, the request was renewed on 2-14-1720 and the patent was issued on 7-3-1755. This patent which is recorded in detail in Henry Mudd's (Ab) account, was in the possession of Jeremiah Theodore Mudd (Abaa ade).

Miss Anna Mary Mudd (Ababc abl) has a letter dated 5-23-1884 from Judge Henry T. Mudd (Abaa aa) to her father wherein is written "the old homestead in Charles County, Md. is owned by my brother Sylvester and the widow and children of my brother Jeremiah T. Mudd. The patent to the old homestead is in the possession of my brother Sylvester at the old home."

On 2-17-1809 in Washington, Territory of Columbia, (now D.C.) George Moore leased to Theodore Mudd of Washington a farm of 148 feet on E Street North for $20.00 a year for ninety-nine years with the privilege of buying the farm at any time for 12 1/2 cents per foot;26 and George Moore was to pay all taxes, assessments, etc.24 The lease was witnessed by Thomas Munroe. Business in the "Territory" must have improved because on 7-22-1811 the lease sold for $300.00.

In 1814 Francis Mudd (Abagb) and his wife Susannah transferred land in Chas. Co., Md. to Theodore Mudd.28

On 2-11-1814 Theodore Mudd sold George Gardiner a part of "Boarman's Reserve" and "Mudd's Confusion" for $3000.24 On 8-1-1814 this land was deeded back to Theodore Mudd for the same price. Possibly the first transaction was a loan or mortgage.
Theodore Mudd witnessed the transfer of land title between Thomas Courtney Reeves (see Henry Lowe Mudd, Abaab b) and Rev. Francis Ignatius Neale.

In 1822 Theodore Mudd and his wife Dorothy, John Alexander Dyer and his wife Sarah, and George Dyer conveyed to Alfred Manning the dwelling house of John Dyer with "Mt. Pleasant" consisting of 136 acres and also "Moore's Ditch" consisting of 21 acres.

Dorothy Mudd, John Alexander Dyer, and George Dyer were sister and brothers.

On 9-3-1824 Theodore Mudd acquired through Charles Mudd (Abed), agent for Patrick Mudd (Abagb b) of Wash. Co., Ky., 47 acres of "Hickory Thicket" and part (number of acres not known) of "Boarman's Reserve" for $70 in cash and $140 in notes. Also, Mary Eleanor Mudd (Abch) transferred almost identical sized tracts of the same properties to "James" Theodore Mudd.

The property known as "Hickory Thicket" was surveyed for Charles Beavens on 2-14-1695 and was patented to him 3-15-1695. It lay in what was then Calvert County on the west side of the Patuxent River, and consisted of 600 acres more or less. It lay on 'the Coach Road upon the levels'.

On 4-3-1835 Theodore Mudd purchased from Hugh Cox for $700 land known as "Hickory Thicket" and "Huckleberry Swamp" of 200 acres formerly owned by Charles Beaven and so sold to Sam'l Duckett by Hugh Cox, Sheriff, in 1831.

Mrs. Charles Isbell felt that the above buyer was Sam'l Luckett instead of Sam'l Duckett.

On 3-10-1837 Theodore Mudd and his wife Dorothy, for $1116, sold property to William Townshend.

In 1839 Theodore Mudd was a member of the school district in the 4th Election District of Chas. Co., Md., and as such, he purchased with George F. Wilkerson, Henry C. Walters (or Waters) and Oswell Gibbons, co-trustees, land of John A. Deakins and wife Ann.


This land was adjacent to the lands of John A. Dyer's children, Thomas C. Reeves' heirs, Leonard Farrell's heirs, and Thomas B. Dyer's heirs.

On 9-8-1840 Theodore Mudd and Dorothy Mudd deeded to Alfred William Gardiner for $3400 land in Chas. Co., Md. known as "Moore's Ditch" and "Davis Deed" containing 215 acres and "Luckett's Levels" containing 13 1/2 acres. The properties known as "Moore's Ditch" and "Davis Deed" were occupied by Richard Farrell.

In January 1843 Theodore Mudd assigned to his son Jeremiah T. Mudd all his (Theodore's) right and equity in 150 acres of land which consisted of part of "Hickory Thicket", part of "Huckleberry Swamp" and part of "Drum Head". The land, which at that time was occupied by Mary Beaven the widow of Richard Beaven, was situated on the road from Gallant Green to Bryantown and adjacent to land formerly owned by Ralph Mudd (probably Abee) and land belonging to Benjamin Beaven and Richard Beaven (see land transaction, dated 5-10-1856). "Huckleberry Swamp" which lay in Chas. Co., Md. on the east side of Zachya Swamp bounded by land called "The Hickory Thickett" was surveyed for Richard Beavens on 7-1-1723 and patented to him on 6-9-1729. "Drum Head" in Chas. Co., Md. which adjoined "Thomas Discovery", "Thomas Discovery Enlarged", "Wardwell", "Hickory Thickett", "Huckleberry Swamp", "Boarman's Reserve Resurveyed" and "Weich's Plains", was surveyed for William Barker on 6-3-1795.

On 4-19-1848 Theodore Mudd for love and affection deeded to his son Jeremiah T. Mudd 300 acres of land which consisted of "Mudd's Park", "Hickory Thickett" and "Huckleberry Swamp" which he had purchased of Hugh Cox; and part of "Hickory Thickett" and "Boarman's Reserve" which he had purchased of Raphael Mudd's heirs.

The farm was referred to as "Mudd's Park".

On 6-12-1849 Theodore Mudd and his wife Dorothy deeded land in Lincoln Co., Mo. to Henry T. Mudd (Abaaa aa) and Alexander Mudd (Abaaa ac) (two separate deeds) for love, affection, and $1.00.

On 5-10-1856 Theodore Mudd and Dorothy Mudd of the State of Maryland deeded to Jeremiah Mudd (Abaaa ad) for $275 a tract of land "whereon Mary Beaven, widow of Richard, lives". This tract of land containing 113 acres more or less consisted of the parcels of land which was deeded by Richard Beaven to Frank Mudd (obviously Abagb) and afterward deeded by Frank Mudd to Theodore Mudd; and also land deeded by Nicholas Stonestreet, trustee, to Theodore Mudd on 5-6-1836. These parcels of land, all of which were recorded in Charles County, were part of "Hickory Thickett", part of "Huckleberry Swamp", and part of "Drum Head" situated on the road from Gallant Green to Bryantown and adjacent to land.
owned by Raphael Mudd (probably Abce), Richard Beaven and Benjamin Beaven. Witnesses to the sale were Sylvester Mudd (Abaaa af) and Benjamin Marshall.

On 4-24-1861 Theodore Mudd sold 161 acres of "Hickory Thicket" for $1704. This property originally belonged to Bennett Mudd (Abc).

There are many descendants of Mudd slaves living today who have retained the name of Mudd. One of these was Alec Mudd, a former slave of Theodore Mudd's (Abaaa a), who lived for many years at Kirkwood, Mo.

COURT AND COUNTY RECORDS: Theodore Mudd and Phillip Ford were appointed by the court to estimate the value of Ed D. Boone's estate for whom Chas. Boone was guardian. Theodore Mudd was appointed the administrator of Lucy O. Dyer's estate. The petition reads: "Theodore Mudd who intermarried with Dorothy one of the daughters of Lucy O. Dyer deceased." In the same court record book (p. 169) the nearest of kin of Jeremiah Dyer are listed as Thomas E. Dyer, Alex Dyer, Theodore Mudd's wife, Marsham Bowling's wife, Augustus Burch's wife and Ann P. Gardiner.

In regard to jury service, bonds, suits with reference to estates, etc., Theodore Mudd is referred to in the Chas. Co., Md. Court records as follows: Year of 1818 on pp. 78, 79, 183, 213, 241, (ex. of Henry T. Mudd): 270, and 287; year of 1819 on pp. 388 and 389; year of 1820 on pp. 444, 138, 210, and 434; year of 1821 on pp. 1, 70 and 133; March 1821 on pp. 155, 260, 294, 300, 327, and 411; August 1822 on pp. 455 and 461; March 1827 on pp. 183; and August 1829 on pp. 68, 144 and 241. In December 1850 Theodore Mudd and John F. Gardiner were appointed appraisers for the estates of Samuel Turner and William G. Turner. (Chas. Co. Ct. Rec. 1849 - 53, p. 199, and 1850, proceedings, p. 123.)

WILLS AND ADMINISTRATIONS: Theodore Mudd and John W. Wright witnessed Margaret Ann Mudd's will which was dated 2-24-1816 and probated 3-26-1819 (see account of Henry Mudd, Abb). Theodore Mudd was a witness to the will of Elizabeth Adames in 1816 (Chas. Co. Md. Wills Bk 13, p. 447).

DYER FAMILY: The issue of Jeremiah Dyer and Lucy O. Smith are being recorded here because they were so closely associated with the Mudd family. They are:

1. John Alexander ("Alex") Dyer who married Sarah (maiden name unknown).
2. Henry Oswald Dyer (d. 1811) who evidently had no wife or children at time of his death as he left all of his estate to his father Jeremiah Dyer.
3. Thomas Benjamin Dyer, (the author's great grandfather) who married Elizabeth (Or Clara) Reeder (see Ref. 139). Their son and daughter married Mudds, viz. Jeremiah ("Jerry") Dyer married Mary Clare Mudd (Abaab bi) and Sarah Frances Dyer married Dr. Samuel Alexander Mudd (Abaab be).
4. George Dyer who married first to Ruth Gardiner and secondly to Dorothy (Ellen?) Gardiner, the daughter of Richard and Aloysia Gardiner. A daughter of George Dyer and his second wife, Dorothy (Ellen) Gardiner, was Sophia Ann Dyer who married William Albert Mudd (Abdab).
5. Theodore Dyer who married Esther Gardiner. Their daughter Elizabeth Ellen Dyer married her first cousin Henry Thomas Mudd (Abaaa aa). Other issue of this Theodore Dyer were Mary Jane (Dyer) Simms, George Dyer, and Amanda Dyer George Dyer's middle name was Ignatius.
6. Anna Cecilia Dyer who married Dr. James Reeves. Their daughter Sarah Ann Reeves (said to be the only child) married Henry Lowe Mudd (Abaab).
7. Sarah Dyer who married first to Dr. Jesse Jameson and secondly to Marsham Bowling.
8. Ann Parmelia (or Amelia) Dyer who married Joseph (or James) Gardiner. She died 12-3-1850 at the home of her son T. Elzare Gardiner (Port Tobacco Times). Ann P. Dyer and James Gardiner were married 5-17-1808.
9. Susanna Delia (or Susan Adelia) Dyer (b. 1783; d. 1846) who married Benjamin F. (or Augustus) Burch.
10. Dorothy Ellen ("Dollie") Dyer who married Theodore ("Dory") Mudd (Abaaa a).
THE MUDD FAMILY OF THE UNITED STATES

12. Marham Dyer

13. A daughter who married Robert Hagan of Kentucky. In the congregation of St. Joseph's at Bardstown, Ky., previous to 1812, there were several families of Hagans and among them were Basil Hagan, Robert Hagan, and Alexius Hagan (see Ref. 65, p. 6). The widow of Robert Hagan who d. in Nelson Co., Ky, 1849 was Margaret, probably Dyer.

Jeremiah Dyer, father-in-law of Theodore Mudd (Abaaa a), is said to be the son of Thomas Dyer (1715-1768). This Thomas Dyer, married twice, first to Sarah Edelen and secondly to Henrietta Clements. Henrietta (Clements) Dyer in her will dated 1777 refers to her son Jeremiah and so it appears that the Jeremiah Dyer who married Lucy O. Smith was the son of Thomas Dyer and his second wife Henrietta Clements. There is no proof that Thomas Dyer m. 1st Sarah Edelen as stated above.

Jeremiah Dyer and his twin brother Giles Dyer married daughters of John and Susannah Smith of Jordan in Chas. Co., Md. Jeremiah married Lucy O. Smith prior to 1776 and Giles married Susannah Smith. John Smith (of Jordan) was aged ninety years or thereabouts in August 1772.

It is said that Jeremiah Dyer's brother, Walter Dyer a Revolutionary soldier, married a Mary Mudd. The author has not been able to identify this Mary Mudd (see account of Thomas Mudd, Aa).

Jeremiah Dyer's will, wherein his entire estate was bequeathed to his wife Lucy Odie Dyer, was probated on 11-4-1823.

Lucy Ordre Dyer's will (dated 10-14-1833 prob. 3-27-1834) refers to her granddaughter Sarah Ann Mudd (see Henry Lowe Mudd, Abaa a), her daughter Dorothy Mudd (wife of Theodore Mudd, Abaa a), and her son-in-law Robert Hagan. The will was witnessed by George Gardiner, Clarissa Mudd (probably Abaa ai), and Robert Mudd (prob. Abaag e).

SMITH FAMILY: John Smith in his will dated 6-4-1776, referred to his wife Susanna; to his daughters Lucy Ordie Dyer, Susanna Dyer, Christina Clemmons; to his son Ignatius Smith; and to his grandsons Benjamin, James, and Basil. This John Smith was the son of the John Smith who made his will on 4-13-(17167).

FOOTNOTES

1. At the home of his son-in-law Dr. Hilary Pius Mudd (Abaga b).
2. Also given 1800.
3. Date Uncertain.
4. Sr. Mary Joseph Mudd recorded Lucy O. Smith's middle name as "Odre" (or "Odie"). Ref. 139 records her name as "Ethelreda but known as Audrey".
5. Dr. Joseph A. Mudd (Abaga bd) recorded 9-16-1816 as Henry Thomas Mudd's birth date. Henry Thomas Mudd's baptismal sponsor was Rev. Robert Angier, pastor of Upper and Lower Zachiah Congregations in Chas. Co., Md. (Ref. 95).
6. Ref. 95, p. 24. Robert Merrick Mudd was baptized on 11-24-1818 his sponsors being Jane Mudd (Ababa k), aunt, and Rev. Robert Angier.
8. Ref. 95, p. 62. Jeremiah Theodore Mudd was confirmed in 1838.
9. Richard Edelen Mudd (Ababa aa) thought Dr. Mudd's name was Dominick but of this there is no indication.
10. Frances Theresa Kennedy (Ababa aeg) gave 11-21-1826 as her father's birth date. George Dyer Mudd was baptized on 6-5-1827 (Ref. 95 records birth date of 6-15-1827) his sponsor being Clarissa Mudd. See ADBBE 11. Birth date of 12-30-1831 recorded on tombstone but the birth date record at the Maryland Historical Society is 12-7-1830. (Ref 95)
12. The baptismal record gives the name "Joannes Marcellus".
13. Baptized in Millwood, Mo. on 6-7-1873 his sponsors being James Edwin Mudd (Abaaa sac) and Patrick St. John. Also known as Jacob Theodore.
15. Also see account of Clarissa Mudd (Abbe).
16. Ref. 95, p. 120.
17. Ref. 95, p. 43.
18. Ref. 95, p. 128.
19. Ref. 95, p. 117. The baptismal sponsors were Athanasius Mudd (ABAFA) and Catherine Smith.
20. Ref. 84, pp. 110-1.
21. Ann Theresa was baptized on 5-28-1829 her sponsor being Elizabeth Gardiner.
22. Also see Ref. 31, p. 10.
23. 605th household, p. 789.
25. This land is described in the legal transaction. It is located in the heart of Wash., D.C.
27. D.C. Records, Bk. AC 28, p. 79.
29. L. IB #10, f. 524-5, Chas. Co., Md.
30. L. IB #14, f. 561, L.R., Chas. Co., Md.
31. The James Theodore Mudd mentioned here is Theodore Mudd (Abaaa a). Whether or not his first name was "James", we do not know.
33. L. IB #21, f. 455, L.R., Chas. Co., Md.
34. L. AB #11, p. 84, P.G. Co., Md.
35. L. IB #25, f. 410, L.R., Chas. Co., Md.
36. L. IB #23, f. 452, L.R., Chas. Co., Md.
37. L. IB #24, f. 222, L.R., Chas. Co., Md.
38. WM 3, f. 77, L.R., Chas. Co., Md.
40. L. JS #1, f. 418, L.R., Chas. Co., Md.
42. Chas. Co., Md. Orphans County Record, 1827-1828, p. 35. Also see account of George Dyer Mudd (Abaaa ae).
44. His name also said to be Thomas Osborn Dyer. It should be noted that a brother of Sarah Frances Dyer (dau of Thomas Benjamin Dyer) was named Thomas Oswald Dyer.
45. It is also said that Dorothy Gardiner was the daughter of Ignatius F. Gardiner, and a daughter of Jeremiah Dyer and Adeline Smith.
46. See accounts of Dayton Henry Mudd (Abaga cab) and Florence Ann Elizabeth Mudd (Abcae aah).
48. See Chas. Co., Md. Court Record, March 1824, p. 73.
50. T 1, p. 85, P.G. Co., Md.
51. Ref: Mary Joseph Mudd (Abaaa adf). Also see Ref. 139.
52. Chas. Co., Md. Court Record U3, f. 15.