

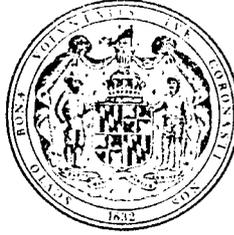
MARYLAND STATE ARCHIVES

Parris N. Glendening
Governor

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Chief Judge, Court of Appeals
Chairman, Hall of Records
Commission

Edward C. Papenfuse
State Archivist and
Commissioner of Land Patents

Christopher N. Allan
Deputy State Archivist



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March 28, 1997

Women of Achievement in Maryland History, Inc.
12125A Viers Mill Road
Silver Spring, MD 20906

It is with great pleasure that I submit nominations for Lois Green Carr and Phebe Jacobsen for inclusion in *Women of Achievement in Maryland History*. Both of these women have made significant contributions to the study of history and to the preservation and interpretation of the historical record of Maryland. They are extremely worthy of inclusion in a compilation of the most accomplished and distinguished women in our state.

I have included references for both women and will forward letters of support as soon as possible. Thank you for your consideration of these nominations.

Sincerely Yours,

Edward C. Papenfuse
State Archivist and
Commissioner of Land Patents

enclosures



Women of Achievement in Maryland History Nomination Form

Nominee: DR. LOIS GREEN CARR

Date of Birth: March 7, 1922

Place of Birth: Holyoke, Massachusetts

Length of Maryland Residency: 41 years

Address: 94 Quarter Landing Road, Annapolis, MD 21401

Telephone:

H: (410) 268 3986

W: (410) 974 314

Area of Nominee's Achievement/Contribution: The study of colonial history, especially in Maryland.

Dr. Carr has been the Historian of Historic St. Mary's City since 1967. She is also Adjunct Professor of History, University of Maryland College Park; Senior Adjunct Scholar, Maryland State Archives; and Historian, Maryland Historical Trust.

Dr. Carr has a BA in History with High Honors from Swarthmore College, an MA in History from Radcliffe and a PhD in History from Harvard University. She is the author of numerous books, articles, and papers on Maryland colonial history and has received several prestigious awards. In 1996, she was awarded the Maryland Humanities Council's Eisenberg Prize, given to "Marylanders who, throughout their lifetimes have made significant contributions to public understanding and appreciation of one or more humanities disciplines." In 1994, Dr. Carr was awarded the Alice Hanson Jones Prize by the American Economic History Association for the book *Robert Cole's World* which she co-authored with Lorena Walsh and Russell R. Menard.

Dr. Carr's work using family wills and inventories, as well as land records, to research and interpret the history of colonial Maryland developed entirely new methods of study in social and economic history.

Dr. Carr is a member of the American Historical Research Association; the Organization of American Historians; Economic History Association; Social Science History Association; and the Institute for Early American History and Culture. Her publications include:

- *Maryland's Revolution of Government, 1689-1692*
- *Robert Cole's World: Agriculture and Society in Early Maryland*, with Russell R. Menard and Lorena S. Walsh. Winner of the Maryland Historical Society Book Prize, 1993; and the Alice Hanson Jones Prize of the Economic History Association for an outstanding book published in North American Economic History during 1991-1992.
- *The Planter's Wife: The Experience of White Women in Seventeenth Century Maryland*, William and Mary Quarterly, 3d Ser., 34 (1977), with Lorena S. Walsh. Voted by readers of the *Quarterly* to

be one of the eleven most influential articles published over the first 50 years of the third series.

Name of Nearest Living Relative: Jack Ladd Carr

Address and Telephone: see above

Relationship to Nominee: Husband

Name of Person/Group Submitting the Form: The Maryland State Archives

Address: 350 Rowe Boulevard, Annapolis, MD 21401

Telephone: (410) 974 3914

References (Letters of support to follow):

- Dr. Ronald Hoffman
Director
Institute of Early American History and Culture
- Dr. Lorena S. Walsh
Historian, Colonial Williamsburg Foundation
40 Holly Road
Severna Park, Maryland 21146

I hereby certify, under penalty of perjury, the statements made on this form are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Signature Edward C. Poyner *pb*

Date March 28, 1997

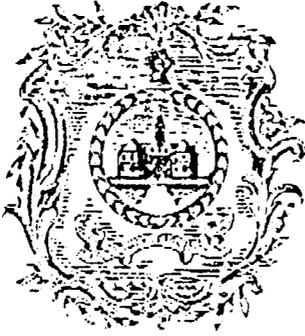
Title: State Archivist

Received by Women of Achievement in Maryland History, Inc.

(Date)

Women of Achievement in Maryland History, Inc. reserves the right to edit and/or modify the information provided.

Telephone: 804-229-1000



The
Colonial Williamsburg
Foundation

POST OFFICE BOX C
WILLIAMSBURG, VIRGINIA 23187

40 Holly Road
Severna Park, MD 21146
28 March 1997

Nominating Committee
Women of Achievement in Maryland History
12125A Viers Mill Road
Silver Spring, MD 20906

To the Nominating Committee,

I am writing in strong support of the nomination of Lois Green Carr as a woman of achievement in Maryland history. In her role as Historian for Historic St. Mary's City, Lois's research has served to shape the planning and overall interpretation at one of the state's largest history museums. Her scholarship also extends well beyond the local and state level. Her areas of expertise encompass legal and political history, agriculture and labor, family and society, and standards of living. Her publications, including numerous essays in scholarly journals and collected volumes, as well as Maryland's Revolution of Government, 1689-1692, with David W. Jordan, and Robert Cole's World: Agriculture and Society in Early Maryland, with Russell R. Menard and Lorena S. Walsh, have influenced the interpretation and teaching of early American history in classrooms throughout the country. One article, "The Planter's Wife," was voted one of the eleven most influential essays in colonial American history published in the William and Mary Quarterly between 1944 and 1992, and Robert Cole's World received both the 1993 Maryland Historical Society book prize and 1994 Economic History Association Jones Prize.

Moreover Lois has served as mentor to scores of scholars, both young and old, who have come to work over the past thirty odd years at the Maryland State Archives, at the University of Maryland, and elsewhere. She has unstintingly shared her wide knowledge of the sources of Maryland history, has been a generous and astute critic, and never fails to challenge and inspire others to meet the highest standards of good history research writing. Finally, she has been and continues to be an influential role model and particular inspiration to other women historians.

Sincerely,
Lorena S. Walsh
Lorena S. Walsh
Historian

Lois Green Carr

010-24-4822

Born at Holyoke, Massachusetts, March 7, 1922

Education

Harvard University, Ph.D., 1968 (History).
Radcliffe College, A.M., 1944.
Swarthmore College, A.B., 1943. High Honors in History.

Professional Experience:

1967-present. Historian, Historic St. Mary's City.

1982-present. Adjunct Professor of History, University of Maryland,
College Park.

1988-present. Senior Adjunct Scholar, Maryland State Archives.

1971. Visiting Professor, St. Mary's College of Maryland.

1956-1964. Junior Archivist, Maryland Hall of Records Commission,
Annapolis, Maryland; Assistant Editor, Maryland Manual, 1956-1960; Editor,
Maryland Guide, 1956-1964.

1952-1956. Freelance editing.

1951-1952. Editorial Assistant, College Department, Alfred A. Knopf, Inc.

1950-1951. Freelance editing, Alfred A. Knopf, Inc.

1948, Instructor in English, Juilliard School of Music.

1946-1947. Instructor in History, Cambridge Junior College, Cambridge,
Massachusetts.

1944, Assistant, History Department, Harvard University.

Memberships

American Historical Association (Research Division, 1980-1982).

Organization of American Historians (Committee on Historic Sites,
1971-1973; Nominating Committee, 1985-1986).

Economic History Association (Nominating Committee, 1982-1983;
Committee on Research in Economic History, 1988-1990; President Elect,
1989-1990; President, 1990-1991).

Social Science History Association

Institute for Early American History and Culture (Council, 1980-1982)

Maryland Historical Society (Editorial Board, Maryland Historical Magazine, 1988-90; Publications Committee, 1990--).

Economic History Society

Advisory Board, Philadelphia Center for Early American Studies, 1981--

Historic Annapolis, Inc.

Awards and Grants

Phi Beta Kappa, Swarthmore College, 1943.

Swarthmore College and Radcliffe College fellowships, 1943-1947.

Minnie Cumnock Blodgett Fellowship, American Association of University Women, 1949-1950.

National Science Foundation Grant to St. Mary's City Commission (now Historic St. Mary's City), 1972-1973, "Social Stratification in Maryland, 1658-1705." Co-principal investigator with P.M.G. Harris.

National Endowment for the Humanities grant to St. Mary's City Commission, 1976-1979, "The Development of Society in the Colonial Chesapeake." Co-principal investigator with P.M.G. Harris and Russell R. Menard.

Regional Economic History Research Center, Eleutherian Mills-Hagley Foundation, Fellow, 1979-1980.

Arthur C. Cole Grant-in-Aid, Economic History Association, 1980.

National Endowment for the Humanities grant to Historic Annapolis, Inc. and St. Mary's City Commission, 1981-1983, "Annapolis and Anne Arundel County, Maryland: A Study of Urban Development in a Tobacco Economy, 1649-1776." Co-writer of proposal (with Lorena S. Walsh) and Senior Research Associate.

American Association for State and Local History grant to Historic St. Mary's City, 1988-89, "A Biographical Dictionary of St. Mary's County County Residents, 1634-1705." Project Director.

Publications

Maryland's Revolution of Government, 1689-1692 (Ithaca, N. Y., 1974). With David W. Jordan.

Maryland: A New Guide to the Old Line State (Baltimore, 1976). With Edward C. Papenfuse, Gregory A. Stiverson, and Susan A. Collins.

Robert Cole's World: Agriculture and Society in Early Maryland (Chapel Hill, 1991). With Russell R. Menard and Lorena S. Walsh.

"The Founding of St. Mary's City," Smithsonian Journal of History 3 (1968): 77-100.

"Margaret Brent," "Ann Mathews and Francis Dickinson," "Anne Catherine Green," in Edward T. James and Janet Wilson James, eds., Notable American Women, 1607-1950. 3 vols. (Cambridge, Mass., 1972).

"The Clocker Family of St. Mary's: A Sample Career Study," Chronicles of St. Mary's 20 (1972): 141-150.

"Ceramics from the John Hicks Site, 1723-1743: The St. Mary's Town Land Town Land Community" in Iam M.G. Quimby, ed., Ceramics in America, Winterthur Conference Report, 1972 (Charlottesville, Va., 1973), 75-102.

"'The Metropolis of Maryland': A Comment on Town Development along the Tobacco Coast," Maryland Historical Magazine 69 (1974): 123-145.

"Opportunity and Inequality: The Distribution of Wealth on the Lower Western Shore of Maryland, 1638-1705," Maryland Historical Magazine 69 (1974): 169-184. With Russell R. Menard and P.M.G. Harris.

"The Development of the Maryland Orphans' Court, 1654-1715" in Aubrey C. Land, Lois Green Carr, and Edward C. Papenfuss, eds., Law, Society, and Politics in Early Maryland (Baltimore, Md., 1977), 41-62.

"The Planter's Wife: The Experience of White Women in Seventeenth-Seventeenth-Century Maryland," William and Mary Quarterly, 3d Ser. 34 (1977): 542-571. With Lorena S. Walsh. Reprinted in eleven collections.

"The Foundations of Social Order: Local Government in Colonial Maryland" in Bruce C. Daniels, ed., Town and County: The Structure of Local Government in the American Colonies (Middletown, Conn., 1978), 72-110.

"Changing Life Styles in Colonial St. Mary's County, Maryland," Working Papers from the Regional Economic History Research Center 1 (1978): 72-118. With Lorena S. Walsh.

Maryland at the Beginning (Annapolis, Md., [1978]). With Russell R. Menard and Louis Peddicord.

"Immigration and Opportunity: The Freedman in Early Colonial Maryland" in Thad W. Tate and David L. Ammerman, eds., The Chesapeake in the Seventeenth Century: Essays on Anglo-American Society and Politics (Chapel Hill, N.C., 1979), 206-242. With Russell R. Menard.

"Inventories and the Analysis of Wealth and Consumption Patterns in St. Mary's County, Maryland, 1658-1777," The Newberry Papers on Family and Community History. Paper 77-4C; reprinted in revised form in Historical Methods 13 (1980): 81-104. With Lorena S. Walsh.

"The Lords Baltimore and the Colonization of Maryland" in David B. Quinn, ed., Early Maryland in a Wider World (Detroit, Mich., 1982), 167-215. With Russell R. Menard.

"A Small Planter's Profits: The Cole Estate and the Growth of the Early Chesapeake Economy," William and Mary Quarterly, 3d Ser. 40 (1983): 172-

196. With Russell R. Menard and Lorena S. Walsh.

"The Charter of Maryland" in Edward C. Papenfuse, ed., A Declaration of the Lord Baltimore's Plantation in Mary-Land (The Maryland Hall of Records 350th Anniversary Document Series, No. 2, Annapolis, Md., 1983), vii-xxvi. With Edward C. Papenfuse.

"The First Expedition to Maryland" in Edward C. Papenfuse, ed., A Relation of the Successfull Beginnings of the Lord Baltimore's Plantation in Mary-land (The Maryland Hall of Records 350th Anniversary Document Series, No. 3, Annapolis, Md., 1984), vii-xli.

"Sources of Political Stability and Upheaval in Seventeenth-Century Maryland", Maryland Historical Magazine 79 (1984): 44-70 (350th Anniversary Issue).

"Toleration in Maryland: Why It Ended" in Maryland 350: History of Religious Toleration (Baltimore, Md., 1985).

"Immigration and Opportunity in Colonial Maryland: The British Experience" in Virginia Geiger, ed., Maryland Our Maryland (Lanham, Md., 1986), 153-170.

"Lifestyles and Standards of Living in the British Colonial Chesapeake" in M. Baulant, A. Schuurman, and P. Servais, eds., Inventaires apres deces et vente de meubles. Apports a une histoire de la vie economique et quotidienne (XIVe-XIXe siecle) (Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium, 1988). With Lorena S. Walsh.

"The Standard of Living in the Colonial Chesapeake," William and Mary Quarterly, 3d Ser., 45 (1988), 135-159. With Lorena S. Walsh.

"The Transformation of Production on the Farm and In the Household in the Chesapeake, 1658-1820," Working Papers of the Social History Workshop, University of Minnesota (1988). With Lorena S. Walsh.

"Economic Diversification and Labor Organization in the Cheapeake, 1650-1820" in Stephen Innes, ed., Work and Labor in Early America (Chapel Hill, N. C., 1988), 144-188. With Lorena S. Walsh.

"Diversification in the Colonial Chesapeake: Somerset County, Maryland, in Comparative Perspective" in Lois Green Carr, Philip D. Morgan, and Jean B. Russo, eds., Colonial Chesapeake Society (Chapel Hill, 1988), 342-387.

"Land, Labor, and Economies of Scale in Early Maryland: Some Limits to Growth in the Chesapeake System of Husbandry", Journal of Economic History, XLIX (June, 1989), 407-418. With Russell R. Menard.

"Inheritance in the Colonial Chesapeake" in Ronald Hoffman and Peter J. Albert, eds., Women in the Age of the American Revolution (Charlottesville, Va., 1989), 155-208.

"Changing Lifestyles and Consumer Behavior in the Colonial Chesapeake" in Cary Carson, Ronald Hoffman, and Peter J. Albert, eds., Of Consuming Interests: Styles of Life in the Eighteenth Century (Charlottesville, Va., forthcoming 1992). With Lorena S. Walsh.

"Rural Settlements in the Colonial Chesapeake," in Ralph Bennett, ed., Settlements in the Americas: Cross-Cultural Perspectives (Newark, Del., forthcoming).

Publications in Preparation

Book on the economic and social development of the colonial Chesapeake. With P.M.G. Harris, Russell R. Menard, and Lorena S. Walsh.

Editing Projects

Revision and expansion of J.B. Wright, An Outline History of the United States (Cambridge, Mass., 1950). A text in Basic English.

Guest Editor, Maryland Historical Magazine 69 (1974), issue on St. Mary's City. With Russell R. Menard.

Aubrey C. Land, Lois Green Carr, and Edward C. Papenfuss, Law, Society, and Politics in Early Maryland (Baltimore, 1977).

Lois Green Carr, Philip D. Morgan, and Jean B. Russo, Colonial Chesapeake Society (Chapel Hill, N. C., 1988).

Conference Papers and Lectures

Occasions at which papers were presented, now in print and listed above:

- Winterthur Conference on Ceramics, March 1972.
- Brandeis Conference on Little Communities, June 1972.
- Southern Historical Association, November 1973.
- First Hall of Records Conference in Maryland History, June 1974.
- 32nd Conference in Early American History, College Park, Md., November, 1974.
- Bernard Steiner Lecture, Maryland Historical Society, March 1975.
- Newberry Library Family History Colloquium, September 1975.
- Washington Area Seminar in Early American History, April 1976.
- Columbia University Seminar in Early American History, April 1976.
- Southern Historical Association, November 1976.
- Newberry Library Conference on Quantitative and Social Science Approaches in Early American History, October 1977.
- Regional Economic History Conference, Eleutherian Mills Historical Library, October 1977.
- Colloquium, Departments of Anthropology and History, Brown University, March 1977.
- Social Science History Association, Bloomington, Indiana, November 1982.
- Lecture at Loyola College, Baltimore, Md., in series "Maryland 350: A History of Religious Toleration," November 1983.
- Pemberton Hall Eighteenth-Century Studies Symposium, Salisbury State College, Salisbury, Md., March 1984.
- Symposium, "Maryland Our Maryland," College of Notre Dame of Maryland,

September 23, 1984
 45th Conference in Early American History, Baltimore, Md., September 1984.

Symposium, "Women in the Era of the American Revolution," U.S. Capitol Historical Society, Washington, D.C., March 1985.

Conference, "The Social World of Britain and America, 1600-1820," Williamsburg, Va., September 1985.

Symposium, "Settlements in the Americas: Cross-Cultural Perspectives," Center for Baroque and Renaissance Studies, University of Maryland, College Park, March 14, 1986.

Ninth International Congress in Economic History, Berne, Switzerland, workshop on inventories, August 27, 1986.

Washington Area Seminar in Early American History, March 11, 1987

Philadelphia Center for Early American Studies Seminar, September 25, 1987.

Organization of American Historians, "Towards a History of the Standard of Living in the North American British Colonies," Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, April 1988.

Society of Historical Archaeologists, January 1975. "The Uses of Inventories: A Warning."

Second Hall of Records Conference in Maryland History, September 1978. "Sources and Methods for the Study of Settlement in Early Maryland."

Colloquium, Department of History, Utah State University, November 1979. "Sources for Early American History."

Bicentennial Seminar on Colonial Women in Tidewater, Yorktown Bicentennial Committee, Yorktown, Virginia, September 1981. "The Planter's Wife Reconsidered."

Conference on Women in Early America, Williamsburg, Virginia, November 1981. "The Role of Women in the Colonial Chesapeake." With Lorena S. Walsh.

Conference on Teaching Women's History, Bryn Mawr College, June 1982. "Archival Resources for Teaching Women's History." With Lorena S. Walsh.

Second Annual Stratford Hall Summer Seminar for Teachers, July 1982. "The Planter's Wife Re-considered."

McDonough Conference for Teachers of History, Reisterstown, Maryland, April 1983. "New Research in American Colonial History."

Northern Virginia Studies Conference, Alexandria, Virginia, October 1983. "Immigration of Servants to Maryland and Virginia in the Colonial Period."

Lecture in Friends of St. John's College (Annapolis, Md.) Lecture Series, November 1983. "Toleration in Seventeenth-Century Maryland."

Symposium, "The Ark and the Dove: The Church in the Pluralist Reality,"

sponsored by the Friends of Trinity College and The Catholic Historical Society of Washington, February 1984. "The Original Experiment."

Third Hall of Records Conference in Maryland History, St. Mary's City, Maryland, May 1984. "The Transfer of English Law to Maryland."

American Historical Association, December 29, 1986, Session in Honor of David Beers Quinn. "Remarks."

Conference in Honor of Bernard Bailyn, Harvard University, October 31 1987. "Extension of Empire: The Transfer of English Law to Maryland."

Conference, "Unlocking the Secrets of Time: Maryland's Hidden Heritage," Maryland Humanities Council, Annapolis, Maryland, November 1989. "The Head of the Bay: Strategies for Working on Cecil County, Maryland."

Symposium, "The Eye of the Beholder," Annapolis, Maryland, May 1990. "Introducing State-Wide Photography of Marion Warren."

Symposium, "Toleration and the Maryland Tradition in Catholicism," Maryland Historical Society, October 13, 1990. "Toleration and Politics in Early Maryland."

Lecture, Friends of St. Mary's City, "Toleration and Politics in Seventeenth-Century Maryland," March 13, 1991

Economic History Association, Boulder Colorado, September 29, 1991, presidential address, "From Servant to Freeholder Revisited: English Emigration to the Chesapeake and the Standard of Living."

Other Professional Activity

Organization of American Historians, St. Louis, Missouri, April 1976. Session, "The Colonial Tavern." Chair.

Duquesne University History Forum, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, October 1976. Session, "Mid-Level Government in Early America." Chair.

Organization of American Historians, Atlanta, Georgia, April 1977. "Comment" on Timothy H. Breen, "The Social Context of Dissension in Massachusetts, 1689-1692."

Economic History Association, September 1978. Workshop, "Measurement of Wealth and Income." Participant.

Colloquium, Department of American Civilization, University of Pennsylvania, April 1979. Participant.

Mini-Conference, "Black Life in Tidewater Virginia," Colonial Williamsburg Foundation, May 1979. Participant.

Conference, "Economic Growth and Social Change in the Early Republic, 1775-1860," University of Illinois at Chicago, April 1980. "Comment" on Allan Kulikoff, "Designing a National Probate Sample: The United States,

1790-1840."

Conference, "Needs and Opportunities in Early American Economic History," Williamsburg, Virginia, October 1980. Participant in comments on a book draft by John McCusker and Russell R. Menard.

American Historical Association, Washington, D.C., December 1980. "Comment" on Carole Shammas, "Women and Inheritance in the Age of Family Capitalism" and Ned Landsman, "Old World Patterns in a New World Colony: Scottish Family Networks in East New Jersey, 1680-1760."

Fifth Berkshire Conference of Women Historians, Poughkeepsie, N.Y., June 1981. "Comment" on N.E.H. Hull, "Discretionary Justice and Women's Serious Crimes in Colonial Massachusetts, 1673-1774" and Donna Spindel, "Women and Crime in North Carolina, 1670-1740."

Economic History Association, Baltimore, Maryland, September 1982. Session "Levels of Living in Colonial America." Chair.

American Historical Association, San Francisco, December 1983. "Comment" on Carter Hudgins, "Patrician Cultures, Public Ritual, and Political Authority in Virginia, 1700-1740"; John Strassburger, "Class Assumptions, Elections, and Political Authority in New York, 1710-1740"; and William Pencak, "War and Colonial Political Development."

Mini-Conference, "Virginia Legal History," Colonial Williamsburg Foundation, March 1984. Participant.

Association for Living Historical Farms and Agricultural Museums, Williamsburg, Virginia, June 1985. Workshop. With Karen Stanford.

Organization of American Historians, New York, N.Y., April 1986. Session, "Studying History at the Micro-Level: Southeastern Pennsylvania in the Eighteenth Century." Chair.

Conference, "Maryland and the Ratification of the U.S. Constitution", Washington College, Chestertown, Maryland, June 1986. Session "Origins of Maryland Constitutionalism." Chair.

Smithsonian Institution Workshop, "Consumer Culture," January 23, 1987. Participant.

Southern Historical Association, November 13, 1987. Session on "Consumers and Community in the Anti-Bellum South." Chair.

Conference, "Women and the Transition to Capitalism in Rural America, 1760-1940," University of Northern Illinois, April, 1989. Session, "Household and Market in the American North, 1760-1870." Chair.

Conference, "The Standard of Living in the Nineteenth Century," National Bureau of Economic Research, Cambridge, Massachusetts, August 1990. Participant.

Conference, "Religion, Popular Culture, and Material Life in the Middle

PERSONAL HISTORY, Lois Green Carr

I was born and grew up in Holyoke, Massachusetts, a mill town on the Connecticut river. My father, Donald Ross Green, was a textile manufacturer. My mother, Constance McLaughlin Green, taught history at Mt. Holyoke College when I was little and obtained her Ph. D. in history from Yale University in 1938. I was the oldest of three children. My brother, Donald Ross Green, Jr., was two and a half years younger than I was; my sister, Elizabeth Langford Green (deceased 1970), was six years younger.

In the fall of 1936 I left home to attend the Putney School, a new, coeducational experimental school located on a farm in Putney, Vt. It had been in operation only a year when I went there. Putney was a liberating experience that changed my life. I escaped joyfully and forever from the rigidly ethnically stratified society of a mill town where a tiny minority of Anglo-Saxon Protestants owned the mills and most of the wealth, although upper levels of Irish Catholics controlled the political scene. At Putney, we students worked hard on academic subjects, but we were also taught the value of manual labor. We all worked on the farm several afternoons a week and those who wanted to help care for animals arose at dawn each morning to work in the barn. (I was not among these.) We learned to love outdoor life and the importance of conserving our natural environment. Evenings were devoted to music, drama, arts and crafts and the occasional lecture. With so much to do, we became very efficient in the use of our time, with lasting results.

I had one disappointment at Putney. I went there eager to learn how to milk a cow. (This was before the days of the milking machine.) Unfortunately, over all three years I was there, I had a permanently red throat (it didn't hurt), but Putney had a certified herd; so for all three years I was allowed only to wash the cows tails before milking.

Until I went to Putney, I had supposed that I would go to Bryn Mawr College, but at Putney I made a dear friend whose mother was Dean at Bryn Mawr but whose father was head of the history department at Swarthmore College. My friend was very anti-mother and pro-father at this stage of her life, and persuaded me that I would like Swarthmore better. My parents were dismayed, especially my father, who to that point had never heard of Swarthmore. However, he and my mother agreed that if I could get a tuition scholarship at Swarthmore, I could go there if I chose. I did so choose, and to this day, I think that Swarthmore, with its honors program and co-education, was the best place for me.

Until my senior year, I assumed that I would go to graduate school somewhere, get a Ph. D., and look for a career in research or college teaching. However, through work in the Swarthmore Student Union I had become very interested in public housing issues in Philadelphia and decided to investigate working for the United States Housing Authority. Unfortunately, for me, the Housing Authority was at that point concentrating on persuading college graduates to pursue jobs with their newly organized local housing authorities. I had only to mention that for me the local authority was Holyoke, Massachusetts, and everything rolled to a stop. Everyone said, too bad, but your connections are all wrong for getting an appointment or being able to carry out the work if you did. Massachusetts was notorious for the politicalization of its housing authority operations and WASPS, even if local-born -- perhaps especially if local born -- need not apply.

So off I went to Harvard in November of 1943.

I welcomed the opportunity to attend a large university, where, I believed, I was completely unknown. All my life to this time, I had lived in small communities where everyone knew me and had expectations. My first day I

walked into the office of Professor Arthur Schlesinger, Sr. to get permission to take his seminar in American Social History, and I could hardly open my mouth before he began by apologizing to me for having refused my mother admission to the graduate program in history in 1932. (That she had ever applied at Harvard was news to me.) He and others had told her that a home with three children 100 miles away would make it impossible for her to do the work. She should go home and raise her babies. But seven years later she had won a major prize for the book she had made from her Yale dissertation : Holyoke, Massachusetts: A Case History of the Industrial Revolution in America. The lessons for me at the time were 1) the importance of persistence; and 2) the fact that I had no escape hole. I was born with connections and had to live up to the expectations that resulted.

As I grew older, I drew another lesson from my mother's experience. I have never been aware of any discrimination against me because I am a woman. But I came to realize that I had watched my mother endure it. Every one knew her to be an exceptionally talented scholar, but no one in academia ever offered her a tenured teaching appointment. The man in the competition was always appointed. My mother grew up in a time when gender roles were much more restricted than they have been in my day.

In 1946, I married a fellow graduate student, Allen R. Clark. We were both ABD (all but the dissertation). In 1947, after he accepted an instructorship at Barnard College, we moved to New York, where we lived until 1952. In 1949, my husband lost the Barnard job, but taught for a year at the Juilliard School of Music, as I had done for a semester in 1948. In 1950, I began working as an editorial assistant at Alfred A. Knopf in the College Department. And on June 10, 1952 my only child, Andrew R. Clark, was born.

At this point both my husband and I were jobless, so we moved in with my

mother, who had just purchased a large house on the waterfront in Alexandria, VA. Two years later Allen was offered a teaching internship at St. John's College in Annapolis. We moved there immediately, and I have never left.

Allen had two years at St. John's, years during which I did some freelance editing. When his job came to an end, mental instability that had plagued him for many years began to worsen. He found part-time work in a think tank, but by 1961 was unable to work at all. Meantime, our son was developing problems so severe that in 1960 we had finally sent him to the Linwood Children's Center in Ellicott City for treatment and schooling. In the spring of 1962, Allen and I finally separated, an act that produced immediate improvement in his psyche and led to an excellent think tank job. For me, the separation led to my introduction to Jack Ladd Carr and our marriage in July 1963. A year later, Andrew returned from Linwood to live with us.

I had returned to employment in 1956, when I accepted a job as junior archivist at the Maryland Hall of Records. This move turned my life around. I had done no work for years on my Ph. D. dissertation because I could not get to New England for needed research, but at the Archives I was surrounded by Maryland court records that no one had yet studied. At the same time, Harvard was beginning to insist on showing progress or getting out. My solution was to ask to change my topic to one on Maryland history. Today I am astonished that the department agreed, but at the time I was so determined not to give up that the possibility of refusal did not occur to me. In 1961, Professor Bernard Bailyn kindly agreed to take me on as his student, and I finally finished in 1968, twenty-five years after I started!

In October of 1967, I began working as the historian for the St. Mary's City Commission. My work in Maryland is summarized in the enclosed vita, and

there are a few comments in the articles I have included. In my view museums have exceptional opportunities for reaching a general public and teaching the value of learning about the past. ^{Since 1948} I have never sought a position in the college class room. I enjoy teaching through a museum much more.

You probably will not want to use much, if anything, from the preceding pages, but perhaps they make clear that I was born into a relatively privileged life and have had far fewer difficulties to overcome than most people. I can only hope that my work in research and writing of early American history and my efforts to teach its meaning through museum programs represent at least a partial repayment for the opportunities that have been handed me.

If you want more comment from me, give me a call. My number ^{is} ~~is~~ 410-974-3914.