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# THE SUN.

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## THE MILITARY OCCUPATION OF ALEXANDRIA,

### ADDITIONAL DETAILS.

**The City Quiet—Disposition of the Military—Destruction of Railroad Bridges—Number of Troops in Alexandria, &c.**

The city of Alexandria, since the exciting events of Friday morning, has become more quiet. From the Washington Star we gather the following additional particulars:

AFFAIRS IN ALEXANDRIA.

At 9½ o'clock on Friday night the body of Jackson was laid out in the parlor of the Marshall House, the corpse dressed in the uniform of the artillery company to which he had belonged. There was no guard about the house, and no crowd. A few friends of Jackson were superintending the removal of the furniture to the country, and with that exception all was quiet in and about the place.

The people of the town at that hour wore on their faces an expression of anxiety as if some fearful thing was about to fall upon the city, in consequence of the assassination of Col. Ellsworth. Mixed with this expression of apprehension was a counter one of relief on the countenances of not a few, that the federal forces had not attacked the city and reduced it to ashes, as had been pretty generally feared. There seemed to be a general feeling of regret among the substantial citizens of the town at Col. Ellsworth's death. The stores, and in fact all places of business, were closed throughout the day, and the city wore an aspect as silent as that of the Sabbath. The business people, however, resumed their several avocations again on Saturday.

At the railroad depot, the railroad company had taken the precaution to run off all the freight and passenger cars, engines, etc., except a few which were being hastily loaded with railroad iron, (of which there appeared to be a considerable quantity at the freight office,) when the U. S. troops took possession. About the wharves and warehouses, where hitherto the life and excitement of the business of the town has been concentrated, the silence was absolutely oppressive, and the only people to be seen were numbers of negroes who stood about the wharves and on the corners, with frightened faces, talking in low tones to each other.

The Virginia troops hurried out of town in order to beyond the depot, where they jumped on the train, (half a mile out of the town limits.) They numbered between four and five hundred, the Loudoun Infantry, the Warren Rifles, the Mountaineer Rifles and the Old Dominion Rifles. The Loudoun Cavalry and half the Fairfax company escaped on their horses.

The U. S. troops are occupying the same quarters occupied previously by the routed out troops, and many other buildings scattered over the town. Col. Wilcox's quarters are at O'Neil's Railroad Hotel, on King street, near the outer Orange and Alexandria Railroad depot. The Marshall House (where Col. Ellsworth was killed) is taken for barracks for a portion of the Michigan regiment.

The retreating Virginia troops that escaped fled by rail to Manassas Junction, where there are said to be four or five thousand of their comrades fortified.

All the active and noted secessionists that had remained in Alexandria up to the arrival of the U. S. troops have left on passes issued by the commanding officer, some of them accompanied by their families. Guards are posted over the town.

The parties seized in their rooms at Jackson's Hotel immediately after the occurrence of the tragedy there, were taken in their respective chambers, and were not held in custody over an hour, no secession officers being among them as alleged. No citizen of Alexandria or Virginia was held in custody there.

Col. Terrett, the commander of the Virginia forces, retreated up the Orange and Alexandria railroad. He is said to have burned all bridges behind him quite up to the Manassas Junction, twenty-seven miles from Alexandria, to prevent pursuit.

We hear that the wife and children of Gen. Robert Lee, commanding the disunion troops of Virginia, continue at their residence—Arlington House—and are therefore now within the lines of the troops of the United States, where they are of course perfectly safe.

THE PRESIDENT'S MOUNTED GUARD.

No more arduous duty in connection with the affair than that performed by the President's Mounted Guard was assigned to any other corps. Some of them were employed as guides for the occasion, while nearly all the rest were on scouting duty, scouring the country for miles in all directions, in advance of the marching battalions. Captain Owens, of that corps, guided the troops that captured Ball's company.

THE DEFENSES.

At noon on Friday, the engineers having previously staked out the work, the New Jersey troops commenced throwing up defenses at the junction of the Washington, Alexandria and Columbia turnpike, opposite Columbia Spring and Pavilion, and ere nightfall another similar work was commenced by a different Jersey regiment on the next succeeding (and higher) height on the road towards Alexandria.

THE NEW YORK SEVENTH.

The New York Seventh are in camp upon the race course, from which position they command the immediate approach to the Long Bridge. They therefore occupy the position of a reserved guard. The three Jersey regiments continue encamped on the side of the turnpike between the end of the causeway next the Long Bridge and Four-mile Run.

THE SIXTY NINTH.

The first duty with which the New York Sixty-ninth was charged was that of destroying the connection between Alexandria and Leesburg by rail. To that end, ere sunrise on Friday morning they burned seven of the bridges and tore up some five miles of the track of the Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad, capturing on its way down to Alexandria a locomotive and train, with the passengers upon it. Among the latter were two disunionists, in uniform, who were duly held to await the orders of the commanding General with reference to their disposal. In the course of the morning they made prisoners of two disunion scouts, (of Captain Ball's company,) who not knowing of the advance of troops of the United States, and the consequent hasty retreat of the rest of their picket, came unsuspectingly within the United States picket's lines.

The different divisions of troops engaged in the affair, so soon as they reached their several destinations, commenced securing them for permanent occupation; most of them laboring from early daylight until nightfall with pick and shovel to that end.

THE BATTERIES.

About 4 P. M. the detachment of Sherman's flying artillery that accompanied Col. Wilcox's command to Alexandria, having been relieved by a portion of Capt. Rickett's that went over the river at noon, returned to their quarters in this city, after having been some sixteen hours in the saddle.

THE TELEGRAPH REPLACED.

On Friday the telegraph wires between Washington and Alexandria were replaced by order of the Commanding General. The line is of course to be used for communication between Gen. Mansfield and the troops in Alexandria. Ere daylight the wires of the telegraph upon the Orange and Alexandria railroad were cut by the advance party of troops making the dash upon Alexandria.

PRISONERS TAKEN.

The following is a list of the Virginia cavalry troops taken prisoners:

Captain M. D. Ball, Lieut. Grigsby, privates Ball, Monroe, Harrison, Smith, Uterback, Sprigge, Burk, Gean, Nelson, Burk, Heath, Kirby, Ball, Nelson, Kensalar, Warfield, Bell, Thompson, Clomp, Walcott, Stalcup, Moore, Smith, Ball, Butler, Ford, Alexander, Grigsbee, Cooksey, Reed, Falkland, Bell, Radcliff, and Williams.

They were placed in charge of Commander Dahlgreen at the Washington navy-yard, who will hold them until the government shall make some provision for their retention or release. It is said that 45 members of an infantry company were also captured, and that Dr. Boyle, ex-Mayor Lenox, Captain Schaeffer, and Noble Thomas, of Washington city, are among the number.

A picket guard of the Anderson Rifles on Thursday night arrested two members of the Fairfax Cavalry, named respectively, Ball and Kirby. A man named Smidt, belonging to the same corps, was also arrested by Lieut. Lipscomb, of the Rifles, a little later.

Henry Nevitt and David Porter were arrested on the train stopped by the President's Mounted Guard, and brought to the [illegible] were examined by the mil[illegible] committed to jail.

James W[illegible] sixty [illegible] company with a [illegible] neighborhood of [illegible] by a squad of the President's Mounted Guard. When arrested, they [were] in full uniform, and were armed with old-fashioned carbines, sabres and navy revolvers, and were out as picket guard.

ADDITIONAL.

James Jackson, who killed Col. Ellsworth, was a man of violent temper, yet of generous impulses where his prejudices were not immediately roused. He headed the company that not long since cut down the republican flag at Occoquan, and the secession flag flying over this house was the first one thrown to the breeze in Alexandria.

As late as Thursday, some of his neighbors remonstrated with him upon essaying to keep it flying in view of the fact that it was highly probable that the troops of the United States would very shortly occupy Alexandria, and it was well known that the disunionist authorities had ordered its evacuation, by the few disunion troops there, at the first moment they might make their appearance. He, however, swore that he would sacrifice his life in keeping it flying—and by daybreak the next day his oath was fulfilled.

A week ago, a Union man of Washington city, who was in Alexandria on business, was denounced by a Washington refugee, and a band of disunionists threatened to shoot him or hang him, when Jackson went to his rescue, and threatening to kill any man who molested him, saved him (Mr. Diffendaffer) from the vengeance of the mob.

A company of U. S. dragoons on Friday took post at the Virginia end of the Georgetown Aqueduct, which it is evident they purpose to occupy permanently.

It is reported that the whole U. S. force now on the other side of the river is between 16,000 and 17,000 men. This can hardly be true. Our estimate is but 8,000, with as many more so placed as that the commanding general can throw them over there at an hour's notice.

Col. Heintzelman, of the U. S. Engineers—a member of Gen. Mansfield's staff—is now in personal command of the troops in Alexandria and on the line between this city and Alexandria, including the Seventh New York, the three New Jersey regiments, Wilcox's Michigan regiment, Ellsworth's Zouaves, and the U. S. cavalry and light artillery on duty in that quarter. The troops thrown to the north of them, from Columbia Springs to the Little Falls bridge—including the various regiments now erecting defensive works on Arlington Heights—are under the immediate command of Captain Wood, of the U. S. Engineers.

Throughout Friday, Hunter's Chapel, on the Columbia turnpike, within a mile of the Fairfax line, was occupied by a squad of U. S. troops, who left ere nightfall, however.

[From the Washington Chronicle of yesterday.]

A MIDNIGHT TRIP TO ALEXANDRIA.

Posting out at a late hour on Saturday night our reporter advanced to Alexandria and returned at midnight. All is quiet, and the front and rear roads from city to city are thoroughly guarded. Crossing over the Long Bridge, where cannon are planted at the ends, the first West Point battery was passed midway between the bridge and Roach's. At the latter point the 2d Jersey and 7th New York regiments are stationed—the latter under orders to return to the city before morning. Taking the rear road, the 25th New York (Albany) regiment was passed at the canal bridge, where the Confederate President, in effigy, is suspended, head off. On a mile further, the 12th New York are encamped at the Old Mills, the inhabitants escaping in terror at their approach. Troops well. Passing the picket guards, the city was approached, and the suburbs found to be guarded at all points by the Zouaves.

Passing the guards, and advancing to the "Marshall House," a company of the Michigan regiment were found in possession of the building, the other companies being stationed in detachments over the city. During the day the city was searched, and several hundred muskets, rifles, revolvers and quantities of ammunition, &c., obtained, stowed in the theatre, old court-house, &c. The city is in possession of 2,500 troops. All is quiet, and the people are rejoicing and showing the troops every favor and attention in their power.

A number of arrests were made during the day, of men with concealed weapons.

Returning by the river route, the entire road was found to be guarded by close pickets run out from the regiments encamped at every mile or two along the route. The Second U. S. Cavalry were passed advancing towards Alexandria. The Fifth Massachusetts Regiment were met at midnight advancing in the same direction. The bridge is guarded by the Jackson Guards and Putnam Rifles, nearly every plank over its long stretch being measured by a soldier in a horizontal position, and guarded by his mate.

## THE WAR MOVEMENTS.

## EXCITING BUT UNFOUNDED RUMORS.

As the civil war, in which the country has been unfortunately plunged, progresses, rumors of every kind multiply. Every hour gives rise to the most extravagant reports, and therefore a press whose highest ambition it should be to lay before its readers an impartial and truthful epitome of the news of the day, finds itself sadly puzzled. The press North and South, as a general thing, seems to have entered upon a war of crimination and recrimination, and instead of calming the excitement and allaying unfounded prejudices, to rejoice in adding to the excitement of the moment. This being the case, we have to omit much that reaches us, and often find ourselves unable to discriminate between truth and fiction. We subjoin such matters of interest as we deem worthy of record:

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

HARPER'S FERRY, May 26.

*Unreliable Reports—Probable Advance on Leesburg—Number of Troops in Harper's Ferry—Virginia Vote on the Secession Ordinance, &c.*

*Editors of the Sun:*—The reports of considerable engagements near Alexandria are not credited at this point, but there is evidently full preparation made to receive troops advancing from any quarter. It is expected here that the United States forces will advance upon Leesburg, in a movement upon this place. But it is said that any force likely to be sent in that direction will be met by forces which will require little or no aid from this point.

There are about 17,000 troops in and immediately around the Ferry, and there is every appearance that the whole line to Richmond is strongly occupied. Gen. Jos. E. Johnston is in command here.

The telegraphic returns and couriers sent to this point indicate that the majority for the secession ordinance will be near 70,000.

Martinsburg is occupied by a small body of Confederate troops, and Grafton by about 1,500 of the same. This is reported by Virginians just arrived from that point.

Access by the railroad to the Ferry has been prevented by the destruction of a culvert at the Point of Rocks. Passenger trains ran today to that point from the east and west, discharging passengers and baggage with very little delay.

Provisions seem to be in abundance. E..D.W.

FROM WHEELING.

A gentleman who left Wheeling on Saturday afternoon states that a good deal of excitement was prevailing there, and that some strong supporters of secession had been compelled to leave the city. The feeling on this subject was running very high.

The same gentleman passed through Harper's Ferry yesterday, and found all quiet there.

EXCITING RUMORS FROM WASHINGTON.

On Saturday afternoon the city of Washington was thrown into a state of intense excitement in consequence of a rumor that a battle was in progress a few miles from Alexandria. The news, of course, was flashed over the telegraph wires to Baltimore and other cities, where the excitement was also very great until it was ascertained that it was a false alarm. The Washington Star of Saturday has the following account of the origin of the alarm:

At one P. M. to-day a telegraph from the other end of the Long Bridge announced that the New Jersey troops on that side of the river had just been attacked by disunion troops, in what force we could not learn. Immediately afterwards, three guns were fired—the signal for all the troops here instantly to get under arms. In a quarter of an hour we saw many detachments assembling at their quarters, and some on the march for the Long Bridge. Gen. Mansfield hastened at full gallop across the bridge on receiving the information, and instantly aids and orderlies were in motion towards the encampments and barracks of the various troops.

Shortly before two P. M. one of our messengers reached the Star office from the other side of the river—direct from the camp and intrenchments being thrown up by the twelfth New York regiment, whom he left in their most advanced position south. All was quiet there at that hour.

On reaching the camps of the Jersey regiments he found them rapidly forming into line for a movement to the [re]lief of the New York twelfth, in con[sequ]ence of a rumor that that regi[ment had been] attacked, brought them by [illegible] man, who alleged that he had [heard] much firing around their camp.

[Hurr]ying along towards Washington, on reaching the Seventh Regiment's encampment, (at the race course,) he found that the regiment had just heard that the New Jersey camp were in such commotion as to justify the belief that they had been attacked.

On crossing the Long Bridge he met detachments of flying artillery and other U. S. troops in full run for the other side of the river; and between the Long Bridge and the Star office the Massachusetts Fifth and another regiment came upon them, running towards the alleged progressing engagement with trailed arms, as though eager to be in the fray.

The streets, housetops, and every eligible seeing place in the city was, at 2 P. M., lined with eager crowds, stretching their necks in the direction of the supposed fight, and cheering company, battalion and regiment as they rushed past towards the Long Bridge, most of them running in line at the rate of five or six miles per hour.

One account says that the cause of alarm was the appearance of smoke on Arlington Heights, originating from the burning of bridges in the vicinity. We have also the following dispatches, which we give for what they are worth:

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Some of the troops who so hastily crossed the river this afternoon have returned to the city, disappointed in their expectation of meeting the enemy. The movements of the afternoon, however, demonstrate the facility and expedition with which forces can be thrown into Virginia.

The President, while in the procession accompanying the remains of Col. Ellsworth to the cars, was informed by a courier of stirring hostilities on the Virginia side. Gen. Mansfield was similarly advised; and this was the foundation of the military movements here today.

A dense smoke was meanwhile seen on the line of the Arlington Heights and the sound of cannonading heard. The latter, however, proved to be minute guns, and the smoke arose probably from the camp fires.

The troops now here have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to march at a moment's notice, the utmost watchfulness on the part of military authorities to guard against the approach of secession troops being everywhere manifested.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—An account just received from Virginia, which seems to be truthful, says the cause of the alarm was that the federal picket guard at Little Falls Church, near Arlington, were attacked and driven in by the secessionists.

The federal troops rallied and the secessionists were soon put to flight.

The 69th New York regiment left their works at the entrenchments, and are now drawn up in line on the brow of the hill.

The troops which hastily left the city this afternoon are halting within a mile of the city.

The artillery and cavalry passed on in the direction of Alexandria.

The bridges on the Leesburg Railroad in Virginia have been destroyed by the government forces, in order to prevent the march of the Southern forces from Harper's Ferry in the direction of Washington. This line of railway communication connects the cities of Leesburg and Alexandria, running in a northwesterly direction along the northern boundary of Virginia. It is the direct line between Harper's Ferry and Alexandria.

Reports from Alexandria to-day state that everything is quiet there. It is expected that the government force will soon advance into the interior of Virginia by way of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, which is now held by our troops.

Alexandria and Arlington Heights are now so thoroughly fortified as to be entirely safe against any attack.

Two monster Columbiads are to be sent from this city to Fortress Monroe.

The War Department has taken official measures to improve the commissariat of the army and intends that the troops shall have no further cause of complaint on that score.

AFFAIRS ON THE POTOMAC.

The Washington Sunday Chronicle has the following:

The commander of the Mount Vernon reports that a telegraph, by flags, has been established from the mouth of the Rappahannock river to Fredericksburg, a distance of 120 miles. The river is fortified at Bolas rocks, 40 miles up, and again 60 miles up. The steamer Pocahontas is blockading the mouth of the river. On shore every man is reported a fighting secessionist, and no Union man is safe in the vicinity. The volunteers of Rappahannock county were all ordered to be mustered into service on Wednesday.

At Aquia creek a battery has been established, consisting of four guns and two howitzers, brought down from Fredericksburg. The commander of the Mount Vernon went within three-quarters of a mile of the enemy, but the guns of the battery did not open fire, and declining himself to fire the first gun, he returned and went on his course.

The steamer Page, seized at Alexandria by secessionists, lies under the guns at the battery at Aquia creek.

LATER FROM OLD POINT COMFORT.

The steamer Adelaide, Capt. Cannon, reached her wharf Saturday morning from Old Point Comfort. Every thing appeared to be perfectly quiet in that vicinity. A steamer arrived on Friday from New York, having on board about six hundred troops from Troy, N. Y.

Commodore Stringham had released five schooners bound to Baltimore and held by the blockading squadron. Two of them ran ashore on Hampton bar, and the tug Live Yankee was sent to haul them off, but failed. They got off, however, on the flood tide, and proceeded on their course.

There was no further talk of an attempt to march against Norfolk without reinforcements to make an army of twelve thousand men.

General Butler, with a force of one thousand men, moved towards Hampton on Friday, but did not enter the village, as it was thought advisable for him not to do so.

The steamer Minnesota had left for the coast, and it was said that her destination was off the harbor of Charleston.

Col. Van Ness, paymaster of the federal army, came up on the Adelaide. There seemed no disposition at Fortress Monroe to march against the Virginia forces, who are said to be very strong, and ready for an attack from any point leading to Norfolk.

STILL LATER.

The Georgianna, Capt. Pierson, reached her wharf yesterday morning from Old Point. On Friday night the Virginians burned the Hampton bridge, thus cutting off the communication between Fortress Monroe and Hampton.

Gen. Butler, with about two thousand men, had encamped on the farm of Col. Seegar, and he was said to be preparing for an offensive movement.

On Saturday there were two arrivals of troops from the North at Fortress Monroe—an aggregate of about two thousand men.

No further demonstration had been made against Sewell's Point, the fortification on which is said to be completed.

There was a rumor of a difficulty among the Virginia forces near Hampton, but it could be traced to no reliable source. Everything was quiet, though it was thought a conflict was near at hand.

The passengers by the Georgianna were not permitted to land, and they returned on her to this city. The blockade will now be rigidly enforced against all vessels. There will be no boat up from Old Point this morning, and it is doubtful if one will be sent down this afternoon.

REPORTS FROM HAMPTON ROADS.

The Washington papers have very important news from Hampton Roads. For instance, the Republican, of that city, on Saturday morning, announced the following, under the head of "The American Troops Splendidly Victorious."

"The Yankee arrived this morning from Fort Monroe, reports that Gen. Butler yesterday captured Sewell's Point, with a loss of eighty-four killed and wounded. The enemy lost three or four hundred killed and wounded, and many prisoners, stated as high as six hundred.

"On Thursday evening the enemy's pickets near Fort Monroe were surprised, and three hundred prisoners brought into the fort."

The Star, on the contrary, without mentioning any loss of life, announces that the War Department is in receipt of information that the Sewell's Point battery, near Fortress Monroe, was taken on Friday by the combined land and naval forces, under Gen. Butler.

Our own advices from Old Point are later than the above. Passengers who left there on Saturday afternoon and arrived here yesterday morning, by the Bay Line of steamers, report everything quiet, and say they heard nothing of any advance on Sewell's Point.

CONE RIVER OBSTRUCTED.

The Virginians are said to have obstructed the mouth of Cone river, by sinking vessels in the channel, to prevent the ingress of federal vessels. Cone river flows into the Potomac about fifty miles from its mouth, and affords access to Northumberland county, and a large district of country in that section of the State. Three of the vessels sunk were plainly visible, and it is said reach entirely across the channel.

TROOPS AT GRAFTON, VA.

A large number of Southern troops are said to be encamped at Grafton, Va.

THE COMMANDER AT HARPER'S FERRY.

Gen. Johnston, (late Col. Johnston, U. S. A.,) who commands the Southern troops at Harper's Ferry, resigned in California, April 19th. He is a Kentuckian by birth, born 1803, but all his interests are in Texas. He graduated at West Point in 1826 as lieutenant in the 6th infantry. He served in the Black Hawk war, and then in 1836 he emigrated to Texas. He entered the Texan army as a private soldier, and was soon promoted to succeed Gen. Felix Houston in the chief command, which led to a duel between them, and Gen. Johnston was wounded. In 1840 he retired from office—he had been senior brigadier-general and Secretary of War—and settled on his plantation.

In 1846, at the request of Gen. Taylor, he took command of a volunteer Texan rifle regiment, and served in that capacity for six months. As acting inspector general to Gen. Butler at the seige of Monterey, he received the thanks of his commander. In 1849, President Taylor appointed him postmaster. In 1857 he was given the command of the United States forces sent to teach the Mormons [illegible]. He commanded the Utah military d[ivision], and on the death of Gen. Clarke, assumed the command of the department of the Pacific.

SEIZURE OF PRIZE VESSELS.

The United States District Attorney in New York has received communications from the flag officer of the blockading squadron, dated Hampton Roads, 21st inst., stating that he had forwarded to New York a number of prize vessels loaded at Richmond with tobacco, &c., among which were several English vessels. He desired they should have early disposition. He states that he does not think that the English vessels desired to defy the blockade, but that they merely sought to secure the high freights and large cargoes they had in.

The Pioneer, one of the vessels seized, is owned, ship and cargo, at Richmond. The Tropic Wind, another of the prizes, claims to be an English vessel, but is commanded by Captain Born, originally of Massachusetts, but more recently of Maryland.

Ship North Carolina, of Norfolk, Foster, from Havre for Norfolk, has arrived at New York, a prize to the United States ship Minnesota. She was taken, while going into Hampton Roads.

Several captures having been made in Hampton Roads before the expiration of the fifteen days notice given by the government of the blockade, restitution has been ordered in such cases.

Twenty vessels in all are said to have been seized by the squadron off Old Point. The blockade is vigorous, and all attempts to evade it are unsuccessful.

### Presbyterian General Assembly, (O. S.)

**The War Question at Issue.**

EXCITING DEBATE ON DR. SPRING'S RESOLUTIONS.

EIGHTH DAY.

The order of the day was taken up, being the resolutions of Dr. Spring, of New York, advising the appointment of the 4th of July next as a day of general fasting and prayer for blessings on our rulers and the Congress of the United States, and for the restoration of a "speedy and honorable peace." Also,

"*Resolved*, That in the judgment of this Assembly, it is the duty of the ministers and churches under its care to do all in their power to promote and perpetuate the integrity of these United States, and to strengthen, uphold and encourage the federal government."

In consequence of the announcement that the resolutions would act as a test question with the assembly, the house was densely filled with persons of every denomination, and they took the deepest interest in the proceedings. A large portion of the audience was composed of ladies.

The Rev. Dr. Thomas took the floor on a point of order, as a motion had been previously made to lay the question on the table. He advocated the resolution at considerable length, arguing strongly in favor of supporting the federal government. We have, he contended, been protected by its power, and now if our blood is demanded for the maintenance of this government, we, as the people of the Presbyterian Church of the United States, should freely pour it out for its support. [Applause.]

The chairman here interrupted and remarked that no such manifestations could be permitted.

Dr. T. continued and alluded in strong terms to the effect that the action of the synod would have upon the brave hearts who, faithful to their country, stood proud and erect upon the decks of our navy, and those who had shouldered the musket, resolved, through all hardships and trials, to stand faithful to the last. Did the Synod but adopt the resolutions, the hearts of these patriots would be cheered, and their arms strengthened, and no obstacle should interfere to thwart their noble resolves.

In conclusion the speaker alluded to the course of Bishops Whittington and McIlvaine, of the Episcopal Church, who demanded the recognition of the President of the United States. Public sentiment will condemn that General Assembly which will not sustain the government.

Dr. Gillespie was the next speaker. He thought Dr. Spring's resolutions would be like igniting a magazine. They would produce an explosion. Let us save the church; let us confine ourselves to these things which pertain to the church. Look at what outside questions have done for the Methodist and Baptist churches. They are rent! Shall we rend our noble fabric? Our union is our beauty, strength and glory, and woe to him who would cause divisions in the church. He would be willing to sacrifice his life to bring back the Union of our fathers unbroken. He loved Cæsar, but he loved the God of Cæsar and the church more than Cæsar. He thought the government would not be strengthened by these resolutions, and it would create a bad feeling at the South. The North and South do not understand each other, and if the masses of the people in both sections understood each other, the present troubles would be obviated in thirty days.

Rev. Mr. Hopkins, of Ky., condemned the "sophistry" in Dr. Gillespie's speech. He denied that the passage of the resolutions would cause the explosion of the magazine.

Mr. Bergen, of Philadelphia, followed. He deprecated the introduction of the subject. He was pained to see it introduced by the Reverend Father, who did it. Not that he did not love his country. He had voted to lay the resolutions on the table. They were couched in courteous terms, and the men voting against them would be placed in a false position. Men must vote against them who love the Union, and he would, if it were possible, like to see them withdrawn, and leave the question they involve to be answered by the broad history of the church.

Rev. Mr. Lee, of Indiana, asked who was the "dead" that are to be "buried." Thank God it is not the government of the United States, and Jeff. Davis will find it out. [Hisses and applause.] A question of order was raised. The Moderator decided that all expressions calculated to cause disorder are not in order. An appeal from the decision was taken but withdrawn.

Mr. Lee then resumed. He reiterated his assertion that the general government is not numbered with the dead. He trusted that when the vote was taken, all would vote as God dictates us to vote. Let us sustain the government, and let us sustain the soldiers of the government.

Dr. Hodge said this General Assembly was not afraid to announce its allegiance to the general government, or to the constitution and laws, and he therefore thought no member thereof need be excited, in order to force him to do his duty in this respect. No one doubted the loyalty of the Presbyterian Church. It had always stood by the government in all former troubles, and no one would doubt it now. A member of the President's cabinet, on being consulted on the subject, said "the best you can do for the Union is to keep unbroken the unity of your church."

Dr. Backus, of Schenectady, here rose and said that other members of the cabinet wished the church to preserve its unity. This fact had been learned by telegraph. [Sensation.]

Dr. Hodge resumed, saying that if the Church split, it tended unquestionably to help the dissolution of the national Union. This process has been begun. The Methodists and Baptists have yielded. The Old School Church has yet preserved its unity, from Maine to Louisiana. Every man of us would say with our brother from Tennessee we would lay down our lives for the Union. If this bond be broken, our blood flows with it. The fate of the Church lies in your hands brethren. Differences of political opinion do not interfere with church membership. I am fully convinced that the interests of our church, and of religion generally demand and require that we remain one body.

Dr. Hodge thought the resolutions of Dr. Spring were not needed; they were out of place, and would only increase the ill feeling which might exist among some of the members now. He asked leave to introduce a series of resolutions as a substitute, which he had prepared. The main tenor of the substitute is that the General Assembly take no active part in the present distressed state of affairs, either upon one side or the other, by looking forward steadily to the time which they pray may soon come when a peace honorable to all may be consummated, &c.

The question of postponement of the debate on the previous question then came up, but as there was no call of two-thirds for the postponement the debate was proceeded with.

Dr. Anderson, of California, obtained the floor, and advocated the resolutions of Dr. Spring. He thought it would be eminently honorable, consistent, and even Christian and orthodox, to stand by the federal government in its hour of trouble, to say nothing of the obedience we owe to the warning voice of twenty millions of freemen and Americans, at the least calculation. He said it was useless to try to drown the assembly with such milk-and-water sophistry as that contained in the substitute. It was entirely too weak. It was composed of about one gallon of milk to one hundred barrels of water. [Great laughter and applause in the galleries.]

He would not like to go back to California and tell the people there that the Old School Presbyterian General Assembly had refused to lend its voice in prayer and supplication to sustain the federal government, and that it was afraid to announce its loyalty to the world. Dr. Spring next took the floor. He said he would give something, however, to know what caucusing and prying was used to get that member of the President's cabinet to say what was accorded to him. And he would like to know if the gentleman said just that and nothing further. He would not be personal, but he ventured to say there was a falsehood somewhere. [Sensation.] If there was any union in the Church it was in the Northern and Western States, and these loyal States had more than a majority of the communicants, and they must be respected.

Pass the substitute of Dr. Hodge and he would not like to say how much of the Synod of New York would meet on friendly terms with the General Assembly. He thought the church was all on this side of Mason and Dixon when unity was spoken of, and he thought that every church could stand unmolested with his resolution in its hands.

He spoke at some length, and in conclusion said that this was probably the last time he would ever meet his brethren of the General Assembly again on earth, as he was now old and feeble, but he would depart in peace if it be recorded that in his last moments he raised his voice and cried, "Long live the Union!"

Judge Ryerson, of N. J., was the next speaker. His argument was forcible, and favored the resolutions of Dr. Spring.

Rev. Dr. Watts next spoke. He remarked that we have here men from Texas, from Louisiana, from Tennessee, and from Kentucky, and brave men from Virginia, who have come here to prove that the bonds of the church are still as tenacious and powerful as ever. He denied that the permanency of the Presbyterian church depends upon the permanency of the Union of this Confederacy. The unity of Christ's mystical body does not depend upon any two nations upon the face of the earth.—National organizations may be dissolved in the providence of God, but the church need not be affected by any new dynasty that might be established. He trusted that the present popular upheaving would prove to all coming generations that we have here a church without a bishop, as well as a State without a King. He could not see the necessity of passing such resolutions at this time.

Mr. Hastings, from Pittsburg, said he was out and out opposed to Dr. Hodge's substitute, and in favor of the other. He believed that the fall of the resolutions, if they did fall, would be to the Presbyterian church what the fall of Sumter was to the country.

Mr. Hoyt, from Nashville, Tennessee, replied with great force and feeling. He felt deeply pained that these resolutions should be introduced at such a time, when only twenty-four members were present from the South; and could not see the necessity for action in the matter, particularly as members of the Cabinet at Washington had recommended the Assembly to leave the subject alone at this juncture. If, however, they were determined to separate, it would be well enough to have the matter settled at this time.

Rev. Dr. Musgrave followed in favor of the resolutions and against the substitute.

NINTH DAY.

The resolutions of Dr. Spring were again taken up, and the Rev. Mr. Wines, of Pa., read a dispatch to and from Judge Bates, as follows:

"*Hon. Edward Bates, Washington City:*—Have you said that in your opinion and that of other members of the cabinet the best thing our Assembly can do to sustain the government is to preserve the unity of the Presbyterian Church by abstaining from any declaration on our present troubles; it is so stated by what claims to be good authority. If consistent with your views, please answer immediately.

"E. C. WINES."

Mr. Bates replied:—

"*Washington, May 24th.*—Rev. E. C. Wines, D. D.—Yes; for myself decidedly; and I believe for other members of the cabinet.

"EDWARD BATES."

Rev. Mr. Wines then offered a resolution declaring it inexpedient to give any formal expression of opinion touching the national crisis, and that the whole subject be indefinitely postponed.

Judge Allen then offered an amendment to the second resolution of Dr. Spring, and the latter accepted it. It would then read as follows:

*Resolved*, That in the judgment of this Assembly, it is the duty of the ministers and churches under its care to do all in their power to promote and perpetuate the integrity of these United States, and to strengthen, uphold and encourage the federal government *in the just exercise of all its functions under our noble constitution.*

On the general question Dr. Matthews, of Ky., next took the floor. He said it was with great pleasure that he unfurled the Stars and Stripes of the old government. [Applause.]

The Moderator here declared that such demonstrations could not be permitted. The Assembly will adjourn and the house will be cleared if they continue to occur.

Dr. Matthews then resumed. He remarked that loving the federal and the Presbyterian Union, he could not but feel that the plowshare of division would be passed across the Church, if Dr. Spring's resolutions were passed. You will drive off all the Union men in the South, and oppress them terribly. The support of the Administration by the members of our Church does not depend on the action of this Assembly. But I tell you that the position of Southern Union men is terribly influenced by such action. Do not crush us with this burden! [The speaker was here almost in tears.]

In closing the speaker said that he could not vote for either Dr. Wines's paper or Dr. Hodges's paper, though he would prefer the former. There are a minority at the South who wish to secede from our Assembly. Let us not give them an opportunity to do so.—Then there are other men who are laboring at the South to heal the breach. Let these Union men be helped. Let us remember how the Saviour treated the erring women when he said: "He that is without sin let him cast the first stone at her."

The tone and demeanor of Dr. Matthews was supplicating and tearful. His words were not without great effect on the feelings of the members. Many of them were in tears during his speech. He breathed fervent Union sentiments, but earnestly pleaded that the oppressed Southern brethren should not be driven from the Church by the action of the Assembly.

Rev. Mr. Lloyd, of Ohio, opposed Dr. Spring's resolutions. Several other speakers followed, after which the Assembly adjourned until Monday.

### The Late Colonel Ellsworth.

Col. Ellsworth, who was killed at Alexandria, was a native of New York, having been born in Saratoga county in the year 1837. He was consequently but twenty-three years of age at the time of his death. Several years since he removed to New York city, but after a short stay determined to cast his lot among the people of the great West. He therefore settled in Chicago, Illinois, and procured a situation.

When about 21 years of age he conceived the idea of forming a company of Zouaves, whose drill and discipline should be superior to those of any other organization in existence. Carrying his plan into execution, the Chicago Zouave Cadets were organized, and in about a year they were the admiration of the people of Chicago. Last summer they paid the principal cities of the Union a visit, and their march was one continual ovation. Returning to Chicago, Col. Ellsworth was received with great enthusiasm, and immediately became one of the lions of the town.

Determining to pursue a profitable occupation, he entered the law office of President Lincoln, and after that gentleman's nomination, stumped the State in favor of his election. After the contest he returned to his books, and left them again to accompany the President to Washington. He was very popular with Mr. Lincoln, who appointed him a second lieutenant in the army. This, however, he declined to accept, and he was then commissioned to raise a regiment of firemen, and succeeding, was the first to fall.

Col. Ellsworth was engaged to be married to a highly interesting young lady living in Rockford, Ill. Those who knew the deceased speak of him in the highest terms, as possessing social qualities of an elevated order, and a free and generous spirit.

THE EFFECT IN NEW YORK.

The news of the death of Colonel Ellsworth spread through the city of New York like wildfire on Friday morning, and roused afresh the excitement, which during the last week had cooled down. Col. Ellsworth is said to have had a premonition of his untimely end, he having remarked when leaving the arsenal in 35th street, where he drilled his men, that he never again expected to be in New York alive. Immediately on receipt of the news, the flags on the State Arsenal, City Hall, all public buildings, engine houses, hotels, and private establishments, were lowered at half-mast in token of respect to the deceased.

### Refusal of a Passport.

Mr. F. W. Center, a citizen of the United States, applied a few days since to Mr. Nones, commissioner of deeds, in New York, for a passport, as he intended visiting his friends in Paris. After waiting a few days he finally received a dispatch from Secretary Seward, saying that a passport could not be given him. The New York News says he subsequently received a communication from the Union Defense Committee, requesting his presence before them. He, in company with Mr. Nones, called at Pine street, and was questioned by that committee. They asked him where he was born. Mr. C. stated that he was born in Florida, but at an early age left there, and for the past twenty-five years had been a resident of New York and California; he now claims the latter place as his home. He had to satisfy them that he was a Union man, although in his affidavit before the commissioners he had sworn that he was an American citizen, which was substantiated by a fellow-citizen of his who had known him from his boyhood. Still it appeared that this did not satisfy the government, and they had therefore ordered him for examination before the Union Defense Committee. Here he had to swear again that he was not a secessionist, and that he would support the federal government. After making them these statements, the committee gave him a pass, which was signed by two of its members, and told him in case he should receive any impediment in leaving the city that pass would protect him, and in case his passport should not arrive in time that the pass would be recognized by the American consul in London, who would see him all right to Paris. The next day, however, he received his passport from Washington, it having been forwarded upon receipt of a dispatch from the committee saying that all was right.

### LOCAL MATTERS.

*Condition of Things on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.—Detention of Coal Trains at Harper's Ferry.—Arrests by the Virginia and United States Authorities.—Obstructions to Railroad Travel at the Point of Rocks.—Provisions in Virginia.—Transit of Col. Ellsworth's Remains.*—The trains arriving in this city from the West during Saturday and yesterday brought confirmatory intelligence of decided military movements on the part of the Virginia troops. On Friday all the coal trains from the Cumberland mines were stopped at Harper's Ferry, and the cars arranged so as to form barricades in case of an attack. The detention of the trains was based on the supposition that the coal was intended for the use of the United States, and would certainly be used in coaling vessels in the service of the government. About 3,000 tons of coal were stopped. Col. Johnson, who is in command at the Ferry, was telegraphed by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, concerning the detention of the trains, and the above is the substance of his reply. The Western Express train from the west arrived at the Camden station at 5 o'clock on Saturday afternoon. Passengers report stirring movements in the vicinity of Harper's Ferry, and the military surveillance of the trains was more rigid than ever.

Walter Millett, a freight conductor on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, was taken from the train at the Point of Rocks, and held under arrest.

The immense rock, known as "Bollman's Rock," overhanging the railroad track at the Point of Rocks, had been charged with seventy-five pounds of powder, and an attempt made to blow it from its position so as to fall on the track, but the first discharge of the blast had not the anticipated effect. Preparations were being made for a second attempt. Bollman's rock stands at an altitude of about 50 feet, and is about twelve feet square. The obstruction of the track by its fall would be prefect, but the rock could easily be removed by blasting. The track here has also been blown up by charges of gunpowder placed beneath the sleepers. About twenty-five feet were destroyed in this manner. It is believed these movements are unauthorized. Persons at Harper's Ferry and the Point of Rocks openly declared that the western train of Saturday afternoon was the last that would be allowed to pass east.

When the train reached the Relay House a passenger from Harper's Ferry was snatched from the rear car as the train was about moving. The charges against him were the use of seditious language on the train in the presence of some U. States troops, on whose information he was arrested. The gentleman was taken before Colonel Jones, who released him at seven o'clock on Saturday evening, and he came to this city in the Washington train. The military surveillance at the Relay House is stricter than ever.

From all that can be learned, the reports of scarcity of provisions in Virginia are fabrications. Over three thousand casks of bacon, averaging about five barrels to the cask, have been received within a day or two at Lynchburg, Petersburg and Staunton, besides other provisions in any quantity. The soldiers were "faring sumptuously every day" on strawberries and cream, of which luxury great quantities were being received on account of the cutting off of the supply which usually goes North. Grain of all kinds was said to be plentiful.

There were 5,000 Virginia troops at Manassa Gap Junction, on Saturday, and there was an evident concentration of five times that number in that direction from Richmond and other military depots, evidently for the purpose of some defensive operations.

The remains of Colonel Ellsworth left Washington in the 2.30 train on Saturday afternoon, and reaching the Camden Station at 4.10, passed through to New York in the through mail train. The corpse was contained in a metallic coffin, and was carried in the mail car under a guard, composed of the New York Fire Zouaves.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company will discontinue for the present the running of freight trains beyond the Point of Rocks, 12 miles east of the Ferry. The passenger trains will run as usual, it being as much to the interest of Virginia as any other section to allow this privilege.

*Arrest of John Merryman, Esq., by the Military.—Writ of Habeas Corpus.*—Quite an excitement was produced in the city on Saturday morning by the announcement of the arrest of John Merryman, Esq., of Hayfields, near Cockeysville. It appears, that on Friday night, Lieut. Abell, with a squad from the forces stationed at the Relay House, on the Northern Central Railway, moved up the road. They reached the house of Mr. M. about two o'clock on Saturday morning, took him into custody, and awaited the passage of the down train, in which they reached this city shortly before 8 o'clock. He was then placed in a hack and taken to Fort McHenry. While in the custody of the military he declined to hold any conversation with those on the train. The charge upon which he was arrested is said to have been a participation in the burning of the bridges on the Northern Central railway, between Cockeysville and the Maryland line, after the departure of the Cockeysville camp. Mr. M. is still detained at Fort McHenry. He is a prominent citizen of Baltimore county, has for several years held the position of president of the Maryland State Agricultural Society, and is respected by the people generally.

Yesterday morning a petition was presented to Judge Taney, asking that a writ of habeas corpus be issued requiring Gen. Geo. Cadwalader to produce the body of Mr. Merryman at 11 o'clock to-day, and show cause why he should be detained. The writ was accordingly issued and placed in the hands of Deputy U. S. Marshal Vance, who proceeded to Fort McHenry at 4 o'clock in the afternoon and served it upon Gen. C. Judge Taney issued the writ in his capacity as chief judge of the Supreme Court of the United States. The petition for the writ of habeas corpus was presented by George M. Gill and George H. Williams, Esqs., counsel for Mr. Merryman.

*Street Excitement.*—On Saturday, as some five or six of the volunteers from one of the encampments were passing along Baltimore street, some saucy boys near the corner of South called out to them in an irritating manner, and the men showed a disposition to resent it. The incident seemed likely for a few moments to lead to serious consequences, as a number of the citizens on the corner of the street expressed themselves rather freely at what they supposed an uncalled for resentment against the boys. The soldiers seemed willing to transfer the quarrel to the crowd generally, but the determined and proper interference of one of their comrades induced the party to move up the street. All this is wrong and very foolish, inasmuch as the thoughtless conduct of boys has frequently led to the most desperate riots. Let the police have a quick eye to impertinent boys or adults, so as to prevent collision between the citizens and soldiers in any way; and the latter, armed as they seem to be at all times and under all circumstances, should be slow to notice the folly of boys or any other folly, assured that the large proportion of our citizens have no ill-will towards the military, in their relation to the city, but regard them as simply fulfilling the duties of their position.

*Accidents.*—Between 11 and 12 o'clock yesterday morning a little girl, two and a-half years of age, named Mary Newman, was run over on Cross street, near Charles, by a wagon driven by a man named Wand. The child was conveyed by parties who witnessed the accident to the dwelling of her parents, No. 2 Gould's lane, where a physician dressed her injuries. They are not thought to be serious. Wand, the driver of the vehicle, was not arrested.

On Saturday afternoon an accident of a serious nature occurred at the Vineyard House, Fort avenue. A young man, named John Jefferies, in carelessly handling a revolver, discharged one of the barrels, the bullet entering his throat, and passing up into the roof of his mouth. He was brought to his dwelling, No. 292 Light street. The surgeon of the Pennsylvania Regiment encamped at Fort McHenry extracted the ball. The young man's condition yesterday was more favorable, and it was thought the wound was not a fatal one, as at first apprehended.

*Passage of More Troops Through the City.*—Some three or four hundred troops, the command of Col Yoe, stationed at the Relay House, yesterday took a train for this city, and arrived about one o'clock, and took up the march at three o'clock in the afternoon. They were accompanied by a number of wagons and carts containing camp equipage and supplies. They proceeded out Lexington street to Fulton street, and thence to the Frederick road. It was said that they encamped on the grounds of the State Lunatic Asylum, near Catonsville, where they will await orders. While passing through the city the men appeared to be very much fatigued, and were several times obliged to halt and rest themselves by sitting on the curbstones. They did not appear generally to be in good condition.

A regiment from New York will pass through the city to-day, en route for Washington. Several other regiments are expected, and the railroad company have made arrangements for their transportation to Washington.

*Charge of Infanticide.*—Late on Friday evening a woman named Annie Stinedruch, residing at No. 170 Wolfe street, was arrested on the charge of infanticide. The body of the child was subsequently found in a sink, and an inquest held on Saturday morning by Coroner Sparklin. The verdict of the jury was that the child was born alive, and came to its death from the hands of its parents, Annie and Adam Stinedruch, or some persons unknown to the jury. Both parties were committed to jail for the action of the grand jury.

*The Military Camps.*—The camps at Patterson's Park, Fort McHenry and Federal Hill attracted their share of public attention yesterday, notwithstanding the anticipated news from Virginia drew a great many people towards the centre of the city and in the vicinity of the newspaper offices. The regular routine of camp duty occupied the attention of the soldiers, many of whom appeared in the city during the afternoon.

*Base Ball Game.*—The second match game between the Maryland and Peabody Clubs was played on Saturday afternoon, on Madison avenue, in the presence of a large audience of ladies and gentlemen. The game was protracted from 3 to 6 o'clock. The game resulted in favor of the Maryland, that club scoring 44, and the Peabody 8. At a previous match game the Maryland was victorious.

*Seizure of Telegraphic Dispatches.*—On Tuesday last, by order of the federal government, all the telegraphic dispatches in the office in this city were seized and removed. They were taken to Washington, where they will be examined with a view to obtain testimony in relation to the participation of parties rendering aid to the Southern Confederacy.

*Military Funeral.*—The Taylor Light Dragoons, Capt. Dahl, yesterday afternoon attended the funeral of Nicholas Smith, one of their members, in full uniform. They formed in the western part of the city and proceeded to the late residence of the deceased, on Fell street, where the obsequies took place. The dragoons were out nearly in full force.

*The Annapolis Railroad.*—The general government on Monday last surrendered the control of the Annapolis and Elkridge Railroad into the hands of the company, who are now running regular trains as formerly.

### PROCEEDINGS OF THE COURTS.

*Criminal Court.*—Judge Bond.—F. Pinkney, Esq., prosecuting.—The following business occupied Saturday:

John Howard, alias Bull Allen, was convicted of inciting a riot and resisting officer Graham, and remanded to await sentence. Seveas Riley, charged with riotous conduct—not guilty. H. Schofield, charged with assaulting G. W. and Elizabeth Brashears—case compromised. Henry Fisher, convicted of disorderly conduct, kicking in the windows of Mr. Wright's apothecary store on Broadway, was fined $5 and costs. Thomas Sinclair, charged with assaulting and resisting officer Jas. Walker—compromised on payment of costs. Leml. Harney, charged with entering the house of Wm. Mason and breaking furniture—not guilty. Samuel Hart, charged with attempting to incite a riot with the Union Rifle Company of Baltimore county on leaving the National Hotel. Judgment not guilty. G. W. Aaron, charged with assaulting M. Dashiells. Not guilty. Daniel Hoover, charged with assaulting George Hartlove. Not guilty. Edward Johnston, (colored,) convicted of assaulting Wm. H. Mc. Pherson (colored) with a hatchet, was fined $1 and costs. John Weiss, convicted of assaulting and beating his wife Frances, was fined 25 cents and sent to jail for one month. Flora Coultmeyer, convicted of assaulting Sophia Field, was fined 25 cents and costs. Clifford Anderson, charged with rioting in Pratt street on the 19th of April, gave bail in $500, James M. Anderson becoming his security.

The court adjourned till to-day at 11 o'clock.

*Common Pleas.*—Judge Marshall.—Charles F. Seibert vs. George H. Wetter; plaintiff's appeal from Myers—judgment affirmed.

John T. Ford vs. State. Appeal from Ridgaway—judgment reversed.

P. W. Kerney vs. Northern Central Railway Company. Appeal from Myers—judgment affirmed.

Mary J. Semner, adm. John O. Hunt. Appeal from Alexander—dismissed.

Assignment for to-day 214 to end of docket.

*Superior Court.*—Judge Martin.—Calwell vs. Wallis and Thomas, garnishees of Gittings, &c. Case stated—before reported; under curia.

Citizens' Fire, Marine and Life Insurance Company vs. Same—same.

Assignment for to-day, Nos. 37 to 79.

[Reported for the Baltimore Sun.]

TOWSONTOWN, May 25, 1861.

CIRCUIT COURT FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY.—Before John H. Price, Judge.

The equity case of Ann Althier vs. Jacob Wisner et al., argued before the court at the last term, and held under curia, was to-day dismissed in favor of the defendants, viz:—Wisner et al.

The ejectment case of Ann Nesbitt vs. John O. Price, commenced on Wednesday last and not concluded, was postponed until Monday, when it will be resumed.

The attention of the court was occupied in hearing the arguments of counsel in the exceptions taken to the report of certain sales made of mortgage property by James H. Hand, trustee. Held under curia. Mr. Mussellman for exceptants and Mr. Brune for the trustee. Adjourned until Monday morning.

CIRCUIT COURT FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY.—Before Judge Price.—The following case was heard on Saturday:—Clement B. Grubb vs. James H. Hann; exceptions to final ratification of sale of Avalon Nail and Iron Works. Argued by Musselman for Grubb and by F. W. Brune, Jr., for Hann.

TO KEEP MOTHS FROM CLOTHES.—Nothing moths dislike so much as being disturbed.—The clothes, &c., should therefore be taken out of the linen bag, (a pillow-case tied or sewed at the open end is the best,) and well shaken once a month. A bag of clothes left unshaken is like an undisturbed fox covert, where there are plenty of rabits to a fox.—He won't go away till he is forced to decamp, by being hunted up.

Moths can't bear tallow, and if curtains, etc., are put away for any time I should recommend a pound of the commonest tallow candles to be put in paper, and placed in with them. In the museum of the Jardin des Plantes, at Paris, they told me they used benzoin collas to keep the moths out of the skins of the animals, and not a trace of a moth did I see in their miles of galleries of stuffed beasts.

The other day I was asked what to do with a Crimean sheep-skin coat that had got the moth in it. I had it well shaken, and then benzoin collas rubbed in. It is not the moth that flies about that does the harm to the clothes, so much as the grub from which the moth comes—a white little creature with a red head. I collected several of these grubs from the Crimean coat, and having moistened the palm of the hand with benzoin collas, I put the grubs on it. They began to twist and turn about, and were dead in a second or two. I should therefore recommend benzoin collas to destroy moth grubs when present, and also to keep them away.

I have read somewhere, (but I can't recollect where,) that cyanide of potassium was fatal to moths, and that they won't go near it. It would be worth trying this; and I imagine the best form to use it would be to buy some of the soap that photographers use to clean the nitrate of silver stains from their hands, and place it along with the clothes. But, after all, frequent shakings are the best antidotes for moths and their grubs.—*London Field.*

SHALL THERE BE NO PEACE?—Shall this glorious country be destroyed—rent asunder, and all its boasts of future greatness be as empty sounds? We hope not. We hope soon to hear "a still small voice" coming from the North and the South, which will be caught up on the wings of the wind, and wafted into every nook and corner of the great republic. Let the friends of peace raise their voice, and if possible drown the terrible clang of war. Let the rulers know that the people are for peace, and they will cheerfully yield to some measures of compromise which may result in a reconstruction, and the thirty-four stars still be made to continue to burn in one galaxy, and illuminate the world with civil liberty.—*Delaware Gazette.*

DEPARTURE OF THE GREAT EASTERN.—The steamship Great Eastern sailed from New York on Saturday with 194 passengers and a small freight, including 4,500 bbls. flour, 5,800 bushels wheat, 900 tierces lard, and some 500 tons of bacon, hops, and other produce, in all over 2,500 tons freight. Amongst her passengers are Baron Sternberg, of Russia, George Vandenhoff, the dramatic reader, and others of note.

BIRTHDAY OF QUEEN VICTORIA.—Last Friday was the forty-second birthday of Queen Victoria. The steamer Great Eastern and other British vessels at New York were in full dress, with flags from stem to stern, in honor of the day, and a salute of twenty-four guns was fired from the dock of the Cunard line of steamers.

SURGEONS IN THE NAVY.—Messrs. William Lowber, Phineas J. Horwitz, Wm. D. Harrison, Charles Martin, Francis M. Gunnel, Jas. Suddards, S. Allen Engles, Benjamin Vreeland, Edward Shippen, Charles F. Jones and Samuel F. Coues have been promoted and appointed Surgeons in the U. S. Navy, and not assistant surgeons, as has been stated.

DEATH OF YOUNG WINANS.—On Friday evening, young Winans, of Baltimore, who was accidentally shot at Mrs. Stout's boarding-house, in Washington, on Thursday night, died from the effects of the wound. He was much loved by the members of the troupe now performing at the theatre here, of which he was a member, and his death has cast a gloom over the whole party.—*Star.*

GEN. BUTLER.—We see it stated that Gen. Butler has resigned his commission as Major General of the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, and has been appointed a Major General in the United States Army.

Baily Brown, a volunteer, was shot and killed near Grafton, Va., last week, by a soldier on guard.

Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia, first lieut. in the 2d cavalry, has resigned his commission in the United States army.

# THE SUN.

BALTIMORE, MONDAY, MAY 27, 1861.

*Editors of The Sun:*—I thank you for your reply to my note the other day, asking your opinion about the duty of a citizen of Maryland. I believe it has done good, for I have heard several persons speak well of it, and some with very great satisfaction.

Will you oblige me still further, and state your views about the present position of Maryland, and how her people *ought to feel, think and act under the circumstances?* I believe that you could do still more to satisfy and relieve the public mind by a free expression of your private, individual sentiments about what I have asked you. M.

We are perfectly willing to meet the proposition of our correspondent, yet we do not know how to be more explicit than we have already been in speaking on the same subject at different times heretofore. Whether it can do any good to speak more directly to the particular point indicated, we do not know; at all events we are disposed to attempt it.—Let us say at the outset, though, that we have no "private or individual sentiments," we are not quite free and unreserved about putting in print. We may possibly fail to satisfy the *feelings* and *thoughts* of many in doing so; for we cannot presume to suggest how any man in Maryland "ought to *feel* and *think*" about the position of the State in this crisis.—Those are privileges which cannot enter into discussion with us, and will be affected, more or less, by the constitution and temperament of the man, and his associations, political or otherwise. We know just how we "feel and think," but whether it is as we "ought to feel and think," or as anybody else "ought to feel and think," are questions not to be determined by any arbitrary standard of fact or opinion. We know what our duty is, and we mean that it shall be honorably fulfilled; and we trust that the State of Maryland will, through the respect for their duty and honor on the part of her sons, emerge from this day of gloom and the severity of her trial with her name untarnished by just reproach.

With regard to the position of the State, it is in no sense equivocal. Her political relations to the general government are just the same as they have ever been. We know that many citizens fancy that our State and city have been and are deeply humiliated. The papers, north of us, gloat over what they please to call our humiliation, and threaten other States with our shame and disgrace.—This is part of a purpose, which any thinking and observing man will readily understand. But all this is sheer, unadulterated nonsense. The guilt of the *design* to humiliate our State and city attaches to those who have attempted to carry it out in the manner we have seen, and do see day by day; and they incur the just reproach of our people. But this reproach does not justly attach to the officers and men encamped about us, in any degree. We may differ with them in opinion about the duty to which they have committed themselves, but having assumed that duty under the general government, they are bound to fulfil it, and should by no means suffer indignity at the hands of our people. We are not obliged to lavish upon them hypocritical pretences, and a hospitality we should have cordially invited them to under other circumstances. But we owe it to ourselves to act towards them with all outward, sincere and honorable propriety. As strangers in our streets, though armed with authority and deadly weapons, and ready to use all against us, our own dignity and self-respect, in view of our political relations to the general government, demand that we should bear ourselves towards them as we would to any unoffending stranger sojourning in Baltimore.

Nor do we think any just reproach of a *design* to humiliate our State or city attaches to the general government. In fact, we are confident in our own minds that no such design exists. The general government would gladly include this State and city among its devoted adherents, but there is not a man in the Lincoln cabinet who is not as well informed about the true sentiment of our people as we are here. And while we have no doubt that Mr. Lincoln and Gen. Scott, and possibly every member of the government, are rather disposed to conciliate than to irritate our citizens, anxious to confide in the public honor, yet they realize the necessity of establishing some degree of military force in our vicinity for their own protection and security. Any rational citizen of Baltimore with a moment's reflection will readily enough comprehend this thing, and feel the absurdity of cavilling about such a proceeding at the hands of the general government, however distasteful the thing may be. We conclude, therefore, that the guilty design to humiliate us is limited to a set of reckless, furious, mad and unreasonable people in the North, and especially such as are connected with a portion of the press in that section.

That this pretended humiliation has no reality in fact, we feel and unequivocally assert. The inaction of our authorities, under the paralysing conduct of Gov. Hicks, when action might have saved the Union and covered our State with honor, or failing in this have elicited the honest sentiment of the State, resulted in the anomalous position we occupied when Mr. Lincoln was inaugurated. Since that time we have continued merely passive spectators of the great drama, of which the prologue is now past, and the tragic incidents are about to ensue. We have had no opportunity to elect a position, nor indeed, has such an opportunity been desirable, the government in its own *personnel*, and the capital it occupies being within the territory of the State. Consequently, secession with Maryland was an impracticable thing, the act including the expulsion of government, or the interposition of a seceded State between the capital and that section of the country by which the government is alone sustained. The occupation of our territory under all these circumstances, by the troops of the general government, as a necessity incident to our relative positions, is no humiliation, can be none, in itself, to our citizens. It is not as if it were a permanent thing designed for our subjugation in all time. Were this the case, the citizens of Maryland would rise as one man to expel such an oppressor, and with their bare hand strike and die, if need be, for their liberties. This is not the case. We are subject to a temporary occupation of our territory for a purpose, deemed at this time essential to the security of the general government, and of which our State constitutes a part.

One more point remains to be considered. Multitudes of our citizens believe that in its purpose, and in the prosecution of its purpose, the general government is violating the constitution, transcending its powers, outraging the rights and liberties of the people, acting in utter defiance of the restraints of law, and usurping despotic authority before which the institutions of our country shrivel and will ultimately disappear. But we believe that the spirit of liberty, however abused and restrained, will disenthrall itself and reassert its glory and its power.

In the meantime our relations to the general government are not affected by all this, as it pertains to duty and its honorable obligations. We may believe that the administration is doing wrong, but if so that wrong must be redressed in a right—not in a wrong way. We cannot, with any decent respect for our own honor and integrity, lift our hands in violence, or treacherously against the authorities at Washington. Let us never stain the escutcheon of Maryland with the dishonor of her sons, and none others can tarnish it. Be sure of that. We are in the Union—Maryland is one of the United States, and all her obligations identified with this position should be faithfully and manfully fulfilled. Though we could anticipate such an event as the overthrow of the administration, and the defeat of all the forces collected at the capital of the nation, and their dispersion before the armies of the South, and their flight over the territory of Maryland, no citizen of this State would be absolved from his bounden obligation to do all that he could to give safe conduct and personal protection to any of them—even the humblest soldier of the ranks.

We want this distinctly understood. For were it in the power of the people of Maryland, in such a case, to raise up against the government and its scattered forces, and turn upon with slaughter, or even withhold from them protection against their pursuers, history would infallibly record against us the damning infamy of the deed. Then it would be truly said that our non-resistance under present military domination was base submission; our submission baser humiliation, and our revenge, when opportunity threw the oppressor in weakness before us, the basest and most dastardly deed of massacre.

No, let us be men, honorable men; recognizing the necessities of circumstance; asserting our own rights; fulfilling the obligations of our political alliance with the general government; and while we cannot strangle or stifle our sympathies with brethren of the South, let us maintain our integrity in all things and to the end with those who have an official right to expect and confide it. And let it be our honor and pride to convince them that we are true to them, because we mean to be true to ourselves.

☞ John Collier was arrested in Washington on Friday, on the charge of uttering rebellious sentiments, and committed to jail.

**The Virginia Election.**—A dispatch from Wheeling states that twenty counties in western Virginia give a large majority against secession. We learn through a correspondent that Hampshire county has given 401 in favor of secession, independent of the vote of the volunteers (160,) making over 500 majority.—Hardy county gives over 300 majority for secession. The vote of Rockingham is as follows: For secession 3,010; against 22. Messrs. Hopkins, Woodson and Grattan elected to the Legislature.

The vote in Alexandria stands for secession 983, against 106. H. W. Thomas elected to the Senate, and W. G. Cazenove to the House.

Berkeley county voted 428 for and 1,226 against secession. Messrs. Shaffer and Kitchen (Union) elected to the Legislature. The town of Winchester is reported to have given 600 majority for secession.

By a slip from the office of the Charlestown Spirit of Jefferson, we learn that Jefferson county voted as follows: For secession 813, anti-secession 365. Hon. A. R. Boteler and Andrew Hunter elected to the Legislature.—At Camp Lee the volunteers voted 137 for secession and 10 against.

Hon. W. G. Brown (Union) is elected to Congress from the Wheeling district.

The following counties voted against secession: Harrison over 1,000 majority; Wood 1,600; Taylor 700; Morgan 1,400, and Marion 400. The town of Parkersburg gives 975 against secession, and Fairmont 114.

In Ohio county 157 votes were cast in favor and 3,368 against secession. J. C. Gist is elected to the Senate, and T. H. Logan and A. Wilson to the House.

**Business in New York.**—The trade of New York city is said to have dwindled down amazingly. A letter from that city says:

"The dry goods dealers continue to make doleful complaints as to the dullness and unprofitableness of trade. There are but few sales making, and those few are strictly for cash. The leading houses are talking of limiting all their credits hereafter to six months. Some are in favor of making four months the limit. For military goods there is a fair demand, and as Uncle Sam is the purchaser, handsome prices are realized."

**Suspension of Mail Communication.**—The Postmaster General has issued an order suspending all communication with the seceded States on and after the 31st instant. Wheeling, Va., and that section of country, are not included in the order, and the mails thence will be dispatched as usual.

## By Telegraph for the Baltimore Sun.

### FROM WASHINGTON.

**The Reported Capture of Sewell's Point—Army Movements in Virginia.**

Washington, May 27.—The dispatch sent here yesterday of the reported capture of Sewell's Point by Gen. Butler's command on Friday was based on the unqualified statement of the Washington National Republican's extra, there being no means at the time of ascertaining the precise truth of the statement, which, however, needs official confirmation.

The steamer Yankee has not arrived here.

Copies of the following proclamation by Major General Sandford, of the New York State militia, in the service of the United States, have been extensively circulated in Fairfax county to-day:

Headquarters, *Department of Fairfax, Va.*, Arlington House, May 25, 1861.

Fairfax county being occupied by the troops under my command, I deem it proper to repeat publicly the assurances I have personally given to many of the good citizens about me, that all its inhabitants may return to or remain in their homes and their usual pacific occupations, in peace and confidence, and with assured protection to their persons and property, as the United States forces in Virginia will be employed for no other purposes than that of suppressing unlawful combinations against the constituted authorities of the Union and of causing the laws thereof to be duly respected and executed. By order of
Major Gen. Chas. W. Sandford.
George W. Morell, Division Inspector.

Major Haskin, who is commandant at Fort Washington, a few miles below Alexandria, on the Maryland side, has thoroughly strengthened his position. A battery will be erected on the hill immediately behind the fort.

Accounts from Alexandria, received through reliable sources, represent all quiet there during last night. The troops are comfortably quartered and ready for all emergencies. That city, it is represented, was free from the alarm which yesterday prevailed in this city.

Several District of Columbia volunteers have proceeded hence in the direction of Alexandria. The 8th New York and 5th Massachusetts regiments have moved into Virginia. All orders for the moving of the troops here are not only cheerfully but anxiously obeyed. Military veterans are lavish in their praise of them.

Between ten and eleven o'clock this morning the report of cannon near the capitol occasioned much alarm, which, however, soon subsided on learning that it was only a squad of the second regiment, New York, practicing with field howitzers, not being aware of the prohibition against firing in the streets. The squad afterwards went through their evolutions as they passed along Pennsylvania avenue, showing much skill.

**The Stoppage of the Southern Mails—Obstruction to the Passage of Coal Trains at Harper's Ferry—Movements of Government Troops in Virginia.**

Washington, May 25.—Western Virginia is an exception to the order of the Postmaster General for the stoppage of mails in the seceded States. Every facility will be afforded for postal accommodations in that section.

There is a great deal of coal on the way from Cumberland, Maryland, to tide-water, the principal or only difficulty in the way of which is the refusal of Confederate troops at Harper's Ferry to allow boats to pass this point. From present indications this obstruction will not probably long continue.

It cannot be ascertained that anything of especial moment took place in Alexandria last night. There is no doubt, however, that the government has sent out advanced parties to take such measures regarding railroads, bridges, &c., as to impede the advance of Confederate troops.

**Funeral of Col. Ellsworth.**

Washington, May 25.—Owing to the immense throng of anxious gazers to view the remains of Col. Ellsworth, the cortege delayed moving till near 1 o'clock. All along the line of Pennsylvania avenue flags were displayed at half-mast and draped in mourning.

Every available point, including windows, balconies and house tops, was thronged with anxious and sorrowful gazers. Various testimonials of respect were shown as the procession passed. Bells were tolled and the heads of soldiers and citizens were uncovered.

Several companies of the citizen corps, followed by the New York 71st regiment, marines and local cavalry corps, formed the military escort, with arms reversed and colors shrouded. After the hearse came a detachment of the Fire Zouaves, one of whom, the avenger of Col. Ellsworth, carried the identical secession flag which was torn down by the deceased.

Then followed the President, accompanied by Secretaries Seward and Smith. The rear of the procession was composed of carriages containing the Captains of the Zouave Regiment. The head of the procession reached the depot about 1.40 P. M., and the train with the remains shortly thereafter started.

**Reception of Col. Ellsworth's Remains at New York.**

New York, May 26.—Col. Ellsworth's remains arrived here early this morning and were received by a deputation of the "Fund Committee" and a delegation of the fire department, and escorted to the Astor House, where the body was placed in charge of the family of the deceased.

The body subsequently lay in state for two hours in the Governor's Room, at the City Hall. The procession which escorted the remains to the steamer Francis Skiddy, on which they left for Troy, was large and impressive. The 11th, 55th, 1st and 3d regiments formed the escort, whilst the firemen turned out in great numbers. The streets through which the funeral procession marched was lined with people, who, by uncovered heads and other demonstrations of respect, paid a heartfelt tribute to the deceased. In the midst of the procession was the banner of the New York Fire Department, shrouded in mourning. The flags all over the city were also displayed at half mast, and many were draped with black.

**How the Death of Ellsworth was Received at His Home.**

Mechanicsville, N. Y., May 26th.—The death of Col. Ellsworth has caused in this, his native town, the utmost sorrow. The father of Col. Ellsworth happened to be in the telegraph office when the intelligence was received.

Mr. Ellsworth's grief was indescribable on learning the sad news. He left immediately in company with his wife for New York. All the flags in town are at half mast. The sympathy expressed for his parents is universal. The Colonel was their only living son. About a year since his younger brother, a young man of much ability, died in Chicago.

A great excitement was created by a man, who thought his death was all right, and expressed his sentiments favorable to the South. He was allowed by the citizens twenty minutes to leave town, and left with the band playing the Rogue's March, with orders to return no more.

**The Western Troops.**

Indianapolis, May 25.—Governor Yates, of Illinois, and Senator Trumbull, arrived here yesterday. The three Governors, Dennison of Ohio, Yates of Illinois, and Morton of Indiana, had a long conference yesterday, the result of which had not been made public.

General McLellan and the Governors reviewed five regiments of United States troops and two regiments of State troops. General McLellan expressed surprise at the proficiency of the troops, and was highly gratified at their advancement. Governor Morton has appointed Hon. Will Cumback Colonel of the thirteenth regiment.

**From Fortress Monroe—Contemplated Movement Against Norfolk.**

Philadelphia, May 26.—Captain Cone, of the United States mail steamer John A. Warner, reached the city to-day, having left his boat at Wilmington to ascertain the truth of the report about the taking of Sewell's Point. He says he left Fortress Monroe on Saturday morning at 7 o'clock, up to which time no battle had taken place. He was in the fortress on Friday evening, and understood from conversation with Captain Pendergast that no movement would be made until further reinforcements arrived, when an attack would probably be made on Norfolk.

As Capt. Cone was going out of the bay he saw 1,500 troops coming in. He confirms the statement of the capture of Hampton with 300 troops. He was lying in the bay for two or three days previous to sailing. He doubts the reported arrival of the steamer Yankee at Washington yesterday, as she was at the fortress when he left, and it would take fifteen hours to make the trip. The steamer Kingston left on Friday evening with a large ship in tow, supposed to be a prize. Several prizes were being taken daily by the blockading squadron. Two or three vessels from Richmond for Baltimore had been released.

The flag-ship Minnesota, Commodore Stringham, had steam up when he left, and would soon sail under sealed orders.

On Friday evening the Captain visited Fortress Monroe, and saw the dress parade. All the troops, between five and six thousand, participated in the parade. There had been an increase of nearly three thousand over the previous week, two Massachusetts and one Vermont regiment having arrived during the week. All were doing well.

Gen. Butler returned to the Fortress after the occupation of Hampton.

The captain says he viewed the action at Sewell's Point last Sunday. Five out of the eight guns in position there were dismounted. He does not think any lives were lost in the action. In other respects the captain confirms the accounts of this affair previously published.

The captain is certain he could not have failed to know of the engagement reported to have taken place at Sewell's Point on Friday, had such occurred. He passed the point on his way out on Saturday morning, when all was quiet there. An action was however soon meditated, on the arrival of more troops, and it was even expected that a speedy attack on Norfolk would be made.

**Arrival of the Steamer Philadelphia from Fort Pickens.**

New York, May 26.—The steamship Philadelphia has arrived from Fort Pickens on the 11th via Tortugas and Key West. She brought Lieut. Slemmer and his command and twelve women and children, and as many mechanics.

Everything was quiet at Fort Pickens when the steamer left. The fleet was ready to cooperate with Col. Brown, the commander of Fort Pickens, and was intercepting all inward bound vessels. The fleet consisted of the Sabine, Brooklyn, Powhatan and Water-Witch, while the Mohawk was at the east end of Santa Rosa Island to prevent vessels of light draft entering by the eastern channel.

Lieut. Slemmer's company are much worn, and several have the scurvy, while others are suffering from attacks induced by over exertions and want of proper food. Lieut. Gilman is also a passenger. It was evident that a change of location was necessary to restore the health of all.

The Philadelphia, on her outward trip, landed a large amount of subsistence stores at Fort Jefferson, Tortugas, and on arrival at Fort Pickens landed mules and beef cattle in safety, and most of the balance of her cargo was laying for three days within range of the guns of Forts McRae and Barrancas, which showed no disposition to attack her. On the return voyage the Philadelphia landed the balance of her cargo at Fort Jefferson.

The transport steamer Cahawba arrived here to-day from Washington. She passed on Friday night off the Rappahannock three propellers bound up the Chesapeake, each having a vessel in tow. She spoke the gunboat Quaker City off Cape Henry.

**Virginia Election.**

Marietta, Pa., May 26th.—The following election returns have been received here from western Virginia, showing Union majorities as stated:

Berkley county 700 majority; Harrison 1,000 majority; Wood 1,690 majority; Morgan 400 majority; Ritchie 378 majority; Loudon 1,000 majority; Jackson 400 majority; Wirt 300 majority; Pleasants 150 majority; Doddridge 550 majority; Barbour 350 majority; Taylor 700 majority; Marion 450 majority; Wetzell 1 majority; Mason 1,700 majority; Cabell 650 majority; Kanawha 1,200 majority; Wayne 800 majority; Preston 500.

The office of the Parkersburg News, a secession paper, was completely demolished on Friday by a crowd of Union men, who said they considered it their duty to put a stop to its issue.

**The Birthday of Queen Victoria.**

Montreal, May 25.—Yesterday the Queen's birthday was observed as a general holiday.—The public offices and places of business were closed and the shipping was decorated with flags. The garrison and volunteers were reviewed by Gen. Williams and suite and a *fete de joie* was fired at noon. The fire brigade and the police were inspected by the mayor in the afternoon. The weather was very favorable and the day passed off to the satisfaction of all.

**Missouri State Troops Disbanding.**

St. Louis, May 21.—The State troops at Jefferson city, numbering about 4,000 men, were ordered to disband yesterday by Gen. Price. At first they refused to obey, but it is believed that they will quietly disperse and return to their homes.

A ten-inch howitzer, an eight and a-half-inch mortar and three hundred rounds of cartridges, ball, shell and canister were shipped from the arsenal yesterday, destined for Cairo.

**Movements at Harper's Ferry.**

Chambersburg, May 25.—Advices from Hagerstown state that there are not less than 10,000 troops at Harper's Ferry and in the neighborhood. There are no large guns on the Maryland heights. Although reinforcements were being expected daily at Williamsport, none had reached there up to Friday evening. Virginia troops were guarding all the ferries between Harper's Ferry and Hancock.

**Troops En Route for the Capital.**

New York, May 26.—The New Hampshire Regiment arrived here this forenoon and took the cars at Jersey City for Washington. Their reception here was most enthusiastic, and the complete camp equipage of the regiment excited unbounded admiration. The Ninth and the Seventy-Ninth New York Regiments leave here to-morrow for Washington.

**Supplies for Fort Pickens.**

Boston, May 25.—The armed steamer South Carolina, Commander Allen, sailed last night for Fort Pickens. She has a crew of one hundred and thirty-seven men and takes one hundred men for the fleet, to supply the place of those whose enlistment has expired. She also takes out several ten-inch mortars, rifled cannon and other war munitions.

**Fire at Dunkirk, N. Y.**

Dunkirk, N. Y., May 25.—A supposed incendiary fire, this morning, destroyed the building formerly occupied by Brundage & Seymour, railroad car manufacturers, and the freight depot of the Lake Shore road. The loss amounted to $25,000.

**Departure of the Great Eastern.**

New York, May 25.—The steamship Great Eastern sailed to-day for Liverpool.

**Healthy Women—Is the Species Extinct in America?**—We take the following from an article in the Boston Courier, under the caption of "A Healthy Woman:"

What is that? Yet healthy women are not like the Dodo, an extinct species, though like the aborigines, they have long since disappeared from a great portion of our country. Down East, in Maine, specimens are not uncommon, rarely in New Hampshire, and more frequently in Vermont, one may by chance be encountered in some out of the way locality; but in the rest of New England, New York, and the great Northwest, they practically exist no longer.

In Boston, the oldest inhabitant can recall the memory of few indeed, if any, native born specimens, and we are not entirely sure that one exists, or has existed among us for twenty years. To one accustomed to the sight of the buxom and bright-eyed beauties of Kentucky and Tennessee, if he walks on Washington street on a fine day, it seems as if all the hospitals in the world had disgorged their female patients for a last promenade through the chief thoroughfare of Boston.

An evening party is like a soiree of convalescence, where the painful sensation of pity for the delicate creatures on every side nullifies all the pleasure of society. Such, at least, is the effect upon a man who has known women in other lands, where glorious God made her; she still enraptures the eye and thrills the heart. With those who have grown up in such associations, a taste may have been formed for hollow eyes and chest, hectic bloom or yellow pallor, and things be voted interesting, but such a depravation is hardly conceivable.

Ill health is so much the normal condition of feminine existence here, that many women who never had a well day in their lives actually declare and believe themselves healthy.—Let them apply to themselves the test of a celebrated physician: "A healthy woman," says Dr. Meigs, "has no experimental knowledge of backs, sides, heads, lungs, stomach, liver, or any other organ; she is conscious of herself only as one perfect, elastic, and life-enjoying whole." Oh, ye poor victims of aches, pains, and languors, of neuralgia and headache and dyspepsia; ye patrons of pathies, ye deathly mothers of dying babies, ye coughing, groaning, sleepless, complaining creatures, old at twenty-five, quite broken down at thirty, how near can you come to the old doctor's simple standard of health?

**Holliday Street Theatre.**—That excellent comedian, Mr. J. S. Clarke, appears again this evening in two characters, first as Toodles, in which he is now, perhaps, without a superior, and afterwards in a new farce written for him, entitled "Whose Coat?" Clarke sustains a character called Peter Jumbleton, and we may look for something rich of course. The entertainments conclude with Beauty and the Beast. Beauty by Mrs. C. Henri.

HOLLIDAY STREET THEATRE.
☞ Admission 25 and 15 cents. ☜
Second appearance of the
Eminent American Comedian,
MR. J. S. CLARKE,
Whose advent on Saturday evening caused such Genuine Hilarity and Cheering Peals of Laughter.
THIS EVENING,
*Three Glorious Plays!*
Comedy, Farce, Burlesque and Songs,
*With Something Entirely New.*
Mrs. Henri, Stuart Robson, Miss Josephine Parker.
The ever popular and never to be surpassed
TOODLES.
Toodles..........Mr. Clarke.
An entirely new petite Comedy, never before produced, entitled
WHOSE COAT.
Peter Jumbleton..........Mr. J. S. Clarke.
To conclude with the splendid Musical Extravaganza of
BEAUTY AND THE BEAST,
With Songs by Mrs. Henri.

BALTIMORE MELODEON.
*Return of the Mammoth Company,*
Whose entertainments at the Washington Theatre for the last two weeks have been patronized by large and brilliant audiences.
The entire Melodeon Company, comprising
*Thirty Performers,*
Will appear This (Monday) Evening
In a great variety of Performances.
Positively the last appearance of the world's favorite,
*A. M. Hernandez.*
The great Serenading Scene to-night for the last time.
Hernandez performing on
☞ *Thirteen Different Instruments.* ☜
☞ Comic Songs, Dancing, Minstrelsy, Comic Recitations, Laughable Acts of all kinds, &c.

The Press is the Great Adjunct of Business Enterprise.—This is a fact, and we could not express it with more force in a column of words.—*Cards, Circulars, Posters* and all kinds of Printing, indeed every agency and means which ingenuity can devise, may always be obtained in the best style and at the lowest cash prices at "The Printing Office," Sun Iron Building. A neat business Card furnished at the nominal price of *One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Thousand*, on the Fire-Fly Press, the only Press of the kind in the city.

DIED.
On the 25th instant, SAMUEL WHITE, in the hope of a blissful immortality.
His friends and acquaintance are requested to attend his funeral, on this (Monday) afternoon, at three o'clock, from his late residence, No. 43 Greenmount avenue, without further notice.
On the 26th instant, GEORGE TORBORG, in his 44th year.
Friends and acquaintance are requested to attend the funeral, on this (Monday) afternoon, at half-past four o'clock, from the northwest corner of Lexington and Park streets.
On the evening of the 21st instant, ELISHA LEE, formerly of Connecticut, in the 56th year of his age.
On the 24th inst., near Beltsville, Prince George's county, Md., DRUSILLA, daughter of Richard and Cecilia Younger, late of Baltimore.
On the 23d instant, of congestion of the brain, MARGARET ELIZABETH, only daughter of John W. and Jane J. Purdy.
On the 24th instant, E. HUNTER McKEW, son of R. J. and M. A. McKew, aged 3 years and 4 months.
On the 20th instant, ELIZABETH COPENHAVER, infant daughter of John W. and Elizabeth A. Brewnley, aged 1 year, 4 months and 20 days.
Suddenly, at Merriden, Conn., on Tuesday morning, May 21st, at 3 o'clock, ANNA E., consort of John E. Parker, and only daughter of Edwin S. and Elizabeth A. Dryden, of New York.

☞ GRAND UNION MASS MEETING AND FESTIVAL,
AT
RULLMAN'S BELLEVUE GARDEN,
On THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, May 27th,
At 3 o'clock.
Addresses will be delivered by Dr. A. WIESNER and Hon. HENRY WINTER DAVIS.
Capt. Feldtman's full Band will be in attendance.*

☞ TWENTIETH WARD UNION MEETING.—The friends of the Union are hereby notified that there will be a meeting held on TUESDAY EVENING, the 28th instant, at 8 o'clock, at the corner of Ross and Hoffman streets. Hon Alexander Evans, of Cecil, and Hon. H. Winter Davis, will be present to address the meeting. A band of music will be in attendance. By order,
m27-2t* COM. OF ARRANGEMENTS.

☞ BALTIMORE ASSOCIATION FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.—An adjourned meeting of the Board of Managers will be held in the Central Office, No. 24 W. Fayette street on THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, May 27th, at 8 o'clock.
m25-2t! [PR] Z. D. BRASHEARS, Sec'y.

☞ HON. HENRY MAY, INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS, FOURTH DISTRICT.
m25-te.*

J. S. OWENS, formerly Treasurer of Maryland, and late Deputy Collector of the Port of Baltimore, and J. NICK WATKINS, Attorney at Law, and late Entry Clerk at the Baltimore Custom-House, have formed a Copartnership to be known as OWENS & WATKINS,
For the transaction of all manner of CUSTOM-HOUSE AND MARINE BUSINESS, acting as accountants and General Agents.
OFFICE No. 34 S. GAY STREET, directly opposite U. S. Public Store.
m27-2aw4w*‡

IMPORTANT TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
*BREAKFAST, DINNER AND SUPPER,* ONLY 25 CENTS EACH.
*BEDS, 25 CENTS EACH;* at RINN'S CELEBRATED EATING HOUSE,
m27-1tj 40 West Pratt Street.

DRIED FRUIT.
20 bushels UNPEELED PEACHES, in store and for sale in lots to suit, by
EBERT & WARFIELD,
m27-eo3t.* 10 Spear's wharf.

MILL FEED.
5,000 bushels BROWN STUFF, in store and for sale in lots to suit, by
EBERT & WARFIELD,
m27-eo3t.* 10 Spear's wharf.

N. W. THOMAS' CHOICE HAMS
Receiving this day.
A. L. WEBB & BROTHER,
m27-eotJe26r§ cor. Pratt and Commerce sts.

FARINA, BOSTON AND MILK CRACKERS.
Just received fresh
And Grocers supplied as usual.
C. LEWIS DUNLAP, Wholesale Agent,
m27-2tr] 13 West Baltimore st.

HAMS, FLOUR, &c.
We are selling a nice HAM at 12½ cents. Best Sugar-Cured 11 cents.
FLOUR we can recommend at $6 50 and $6 75. Nice Extra $7 50 and $8—warranted to please. Brown Sugar at 6¾ and 7 cents; very nice White 8 and 9 cents; Crushed at 10 cents.
Choice Teas, Coffee, &c., delivered free.
F. L. LAWRENCE, Northeast corner Green and Lexington sts.
m27-tfr

R. SMITH'S CELEBRATED XX PHILADELPHIA ALE—In barrels, half barrels and bottles—for sale by WM. COUGHLAN, Sole Agent, No. 169 Central avenue, formerly Canal st. Orders sent through the postoffice promptly attended to. tJe14*r

ICE-CREAM AND WATER ICES. 25 CENTS PER QUART for ICE-CREAM and WATER-ICES of all the different flavors, delivered to Families, Parties, Fairs, Balls and Weddings.
J. FUSSELL & CO.
Je7r! Saratoga street near Calvert.

RICH JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, &c.—A. E. WARNER, Gold and Silversmith, No. 10 NORTH GAY ST., has just opened a rich and varied assortment of fine JEWELRY, embracing a variety of styles and patterns of Brooches, Ear Rings, Bracelets, Finger-Rings, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Chains, Pencils and Pens, Cuff Pins, Buckles, Miniature Lockets, &c., which are offered on the most accommodating terms. tfr.

SILVER SPOONS AND FORKS, SILVER TEA SETS, FINE GOLD JEWELRY AND WATCHES, PLATED-WARE, CUTLERY.
For sale by SAMUEL KIRK & SONS,
tfr No. 172 Baltimore st.

FOR SALE—PENNSYLVANIA MONEY.
$5,000 HARRISBURG, YORK, CHAMBERSBURG PAPER FOR SALE.
JOHNSTON BROTHERS & CO.,
m27-tfrt 198 Baltimore street.

VIRGINIA MONEY.—We are prepared to Buy and Sell VIRGINIA MONEY to any extent,
*At the Best Market Rates.*
m27-tfrt JOHNSTON BROTHERS & CO.

NORTH CAROLINA MONEY WANTED AND FOR SALE by
m27-tfrt JOHNSTON BROTHERS & CO.

$100,000 GOLD FOR SALE, Of any Denomination,
m27-tfrt JOHNSTON, BROTHERS & CO.

NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE for sale and purchased by
my27-tf] THO. J. CARSON.

UNCURRENT BANK NOTES, of all kinds, purchased by
m27-tfr THO. J. CARSON.

THO. J. CARSON, BANKER, 204 BALTIMORE STREET.
Will BUY and SELL DOMESTIC EXCHANGE, all kinds of UNCURRENT BANK NOTES and GOLD, on best terms. m27-tfr1

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES and EXCHANGE ON THE SOUTH. For sale by
THO. J. CARSON,
m27-tfr 204 Baltimore st.

GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT AND SOLD BY LEONARD J. TORMEY,
my11-tf] No. 22 South street.

VIRGINIA AND NORTH AND SOUTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES WANTED, at lowest rates, by THO. J. CARSON,
m27-tfr 204 Baltimore st.

GEO. C. IRWIN & CO., STOCK AND BILL BROKERS, No. 34 Second Street.
BUY AND SELL STOCKS AND BONDS ON COMMISSION, And Negotiate TIME PAPER. tf.r

LEONARD J. TORMEY, BILL AND NOTE BROKER, 22 SOUTH STREET.
Commercial Paper bought, sold and negotiated. LOANS.—Special attention given to the negotiation of LOANS on first-class securities. tfr.

CORNS, BUNIONS, INVERTED NAILS, ENLARGED JOINTS, and all diseases of the Feet, Hands and Face cured without pain or inconvenience by DR. PAINTER, Surgeon Chiropodist. Elixir for Corns, 50 cents per bottle. Persons attended at their residence without extra charge. Office and Residence, No. 20 E. BALTIMORE ST. Refers to the physicians and surgeons of Baltimore. m27-tf

HANCE'S CELEBRATED TETTER WASH, for the speedy and positive cure of Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, Barber's Itch, and all Cutaneous or Skin Diseases.
A single Bottle of this inestimable compound has cured many of the most stubborn cases of the above diseases, after the patient had given up all hopes of ever being cured, and had expended thousands of dollars for different remedies. Price $1 per bottle.
For sale by S. S. HANCE,
my1-1m* 108 Baltimore st.

DR. MARY ROSE, late of Philadelphia, treats all diseases common to both sexes, where propriety will allow. Particular attention given to Obstetrical cases, and all Uterine Diseases. Ladies from a distance desiring board and personal attention can be accommodated. Office No. 14 LLOYD ST., Baltimore. my2-eolm.*

UNION FLAGS.
UNION FLAGS.
UNITED STATES FLAGS, made of Bunting, from 6 to 30 feet in length, on hand and made to order, and for sale at the U. S. FLAG STORE, No. 23 North Gay street. [m27-tf§] E. A. GIBBS.

GREY GOODS! GREY GOODS!!
Will offer this morning a large lot of GREY GOODS and Norwich BAREGES, at 6¼ cts., worth 50 cents.
☞ Only for cash.
WROTH & FULLERTON,
m27-3tr 89 and 91 Baltimore street.

ENGLISH BALZARINES.
Will offer this morning a large lot of English BALZARINES, at 10 cents, worth 62½.
☞ Only for cash.
WROTH & FULLERTON,
m27-3t!r 89 and 91 Baltimore street.

SILKS! SILKS!!
Will offer this morning a lot of FLOUNCED SILK ROBES, at $10 and $12, worth $40 and $45.
ALSO,
STRIPED and PLAID SILKS at 12½ and 25 cents, worth 75 and $1 00.
☞ Only for cash.
WROTH & FULLERTON,
m27-3tr 89 and 91 Baltimore street.

BARGAINS IN LACE SHAWLS, SILK CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.
Will offer THIS MORNING a large lot of LACE AND SILK VISSITES, LACE POINTS, CRAPE SHAWLS and GREY TRAVELING SUITS, at one-half their value.
☞ Only for cash.
WROTH & FULLERTON,
m 27-3tr 89 and 91 BALTIMORE ST.

IMMENSE SALE OF DRY GOODS AT WAR PRICES.—Cash buyers should not fail to call at NEAL'S CELEBRATED CHEAP STORES, Nos. 97 and 85 Baltimore street, where the whole stock is being sold off. m27-tfr

6¼ CENT GRAY LAVELLA CLOTHS; new lots of Gray Goods at 12½c., cheapest Gray Goods in the city, now selling fast at NEAL'S CHEAP STORES, 97 and 85 Baltimore street. m27-tfr

8 CENT NEW SPRING PRINTS, usually sold at 12½c.; Lawns closing out at 8 and 10c., at NEAL'S CHEAP STORES, 97 and 85 Baltimore st. tfr

OPENING OF NEW STYLES BLACK SILK MANTILLAS, COATS AND BASQUINES, including a great variety of new designs, and at prices far below any other store. Cash buyers should call at NEAL'S CHEAP STORES, 97 and 85 Baltimore street. m27-tfr

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS.
1 case rich Printed Balzarines 12½c., worth 25c.
100 pcs. new Spring Challies 12½c., worth 25c.
60 " small fig'd French Lawns 12½c., worth 25c.
44 " new gray Poil De Chevres 18¾c. worth 31¼c.
17 " new French Bareges 18¾c. worth 31¼c.
☞ CELEBRATED WAMSUTTA MUSLIN.
1 case only will be opened Tuesday morning.
Also, 1 case famous 8¾c. Shirting Muslin.
☞ GREAT REDUCTION IN FANCY SILKS.
Black Silks, just received, 75, 87½ and $1.
Best quality Paris Kid Gloves 62½c., worth $1. tfr

CARPETING, MATTING, OIL CLOTHS, ETC.
DOUBLE EXTRA No. 1 BRANDS,
With all kinds of
HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS,
At prices to suit the wishes of cash purchasers, wholesale or retail. ROYSTON BROS.,
lt*] 81 Baltimore st.

LAWNS—LAWNS—LAWNS.
Fine Pacific Lawns for 6¼ cents, worth 12½c.; beautiful Scotch Lawns for 10 cents, worth 18¾c.; elegant Organdie Lawns for 12½ cts., worth 25 and 75 cents; Organdie Lawns for 25 cts. All warranted fast colors.
CALICOES—CALICOES—CALICOES.
Beautiful 12½ cent Calicoes for 8 cents; yard wide round thread long Cloth Water Twist Shirting Muslin for 12½ cents, worth 18¾c., Irish Linen 37½ cts., worth 50 cents.
SHIRT BOSOMS.
A large lot of Shirt Bosoms, pure Linen, slightly soiled, for 20 cents, worth 37½ cents.
HOOP SKIRTS, FOR LADIES.
With 9 springs, 31 cents; do. do., 15 springs, 50c.; do. do., 20 springs, 62 cents—all of best steel, at
McGINNISS' Cheap Store,
m27-tf§ No. 25 West Baltimore st.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORM their customers and the public that they will open THIS (Monday) MORNING, May 27th, the largest and most desirable assortment of DRY GOODS and MILLINERY GOODS they have ever offered, comprising a great variety of Plain and Figured
DRESS GOODS, BLACK SILKS,
SILK DUSTERS, SUN UMBRELLAS,
HOOP SKIRTS, ETC.
Also, newest styles of BONNETS, FLATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c. All the above having been bought at last week's New York Auctions, at greatly reduced prices, they are enabled to sell them *less than the prices of importation.* Please call and see.
STRAUSS BROTHERS,
54 Hanover street, near Lombard, and 649 West Baltimore street,
m27-m.th3t.* near Poppleton.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
RIBBONS, FLOWERS, RUCHES,
MILLINERY SILKS, LACES, CRAPES, ETC.
STRAW BONNETS, STRAW FLATS, STRAW TRIMMINGS
A well-selected stock, embracing everything new in MILLINERY GOODS, for sale at a small advance to cash or prompt paying customers.
ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,
tflr 237 Baltimore street.

HEAR!—HEAR!!—*ANOTHER WITNESS.*
ANNAPOLIS, April 2, 1861.
*Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:*—I have been afflicted with a *Nervous Disease* for the last *five years*, Such has been my debility from this cause that I was totally *unfit* for any kind of business. Having read of the beneficial effects from the use of *Hampton's Vegetable Tincture* in such cases, I determined to try it, and after the use of two bottles, such has been the relief, that I am enabled to transact my ordinary business. I would recommend all who are so unfortunate as to be similarly afflicted, to try this *sure and simple remedy*, and find relief as I have done. Yours, respectfully,
LEONIDAS L. COULTER.
Rheumatism, Cough, Dyspepsy, Debility, Scrofula, Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, &c., are cured by it.
FEMALES AND CHILDREN.—This TINCTURE will be found a great Medicine for all their diseases.
Call and get Pamphlets and read many of the most powerful possible certificates of cures of the above diseases of our own citizens.
Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Balto. street, and by all Druggists every where. tf r

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO.—We invite the attention of dealers, especially country storekeepers, to our Spring Stock of CHEWING TOBACCO good bright, 1b., 12, 14, 16, 18, a superior article for 20 cts.; fine 22, 25 and 28 cts.; Sweet half b. fives and tens, 16, 18 and 20; light pressed large and small twist; fine Domestic and German CIGARS; CUT SMOKING TOBACCO and PIPES; MACCABOY and SCOTCH SNUFF.
WM. M. JOHNSON & BRO.,
(Heald's Old Stand,)
mh1-8m* No. 21 Centre Market.

BALTIMORE INFIRMARY,
*Corner of Lombard and Green Streets.*
This institution, so long and so favorably known by our citizens, having been greatly enlarged and improved, is now prepared to receive and accommodate both medical and surgical cases.
Private accommodations of a superior character can be furnished to those who require them; and each story is supplied with hot and cold baths.
The sick are attended to by the Professors of the University of Maryland, and nursed by the Sisters of Charity; and there is a resident Physician at all times in the house.
*Terms—Payable in Advance.*
For the public ward..........$3 per week.
For private rooms..........from 5 to $10 per week.
SURGEONS.
Prof. N. R. Smith. | Prof. W. A. Hammond.
G. W. Miltenberger. |
PHYSICIANS.
Prof. S. Chew. | Prof. E. Warren.
N. B. No infections or contagious diseases are admitted.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF BALTIMORE CITY, IN EQUITY.—FRANCIS H. B. BOYD, Trustee, vs. JOHN E. HARVEY, JAMES W. GEDDES, EDMUND JONES.—Ordered by the Court this 17th day of May, 1861, that the Trustee, give notice to the Creditors of JOHN E. HARVEY, JAMES W. GEDDES and EDMUND JONES to file their claims, properly authenticated, with Clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore City, on or before the 18th day of July next, by causing a copy of this order to be published in some daily newspaper in the city of Baltimore once a week for three successive weeks. R. N. MARTIN.
True copy—Test:
m18-law3w] GEO. R. SANGSTON, Clerk.

NOTICE.—ALBERT NICOLASSEN & FREDERICK C. PRIOR, (trading as Nicolassen & Prior,) have executed to me a deed of all their property, of every description, for the benefit of their creditors, in the manner set forth in said deed, which is this day deposited for record among the chattel records of Baltimore city.
All of their creditors intending to claim preferences under said deed, are required, by its terms, within sixty days from this date to execute to them a full release of all claims and demands.
The Release may be found at the Office of the Clerk of the Superior Court.
WERNER DRESEL, Trustee.
Baltimore, May 14, 1861. m16-law6t*†

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore city letters testamentary on the personal estate of JOSEPH S. DONOVAN, late of said city, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the Chesapeake Bank, on or before the 8th day of November, 1861; otherwise they may be, by law, excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 6th day of May, 1861.
m8-law4t*† CAROLINE DONOVAN, Ex'x.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore city letters of administration on the personal estate of GEORGE WILLIAM BUNGENER, late of said city, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of November next; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 9th day of May, 1861. ANNA MAGDALENA BUNGENER, Executrix.
ALEX. WOLFF,
m9-law4t*† Attorney for Executrix.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore county letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN W. DISNEY, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 25th day of November next; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 23d day of May, 1861. HANNAH ANN DISNEY, WILLIAM A. DISNEY,
m24-law4t*† Executors.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore city, State of Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN B. FROMMHERZ, late of said city deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 31st day of October next; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 29th day of April, 1861.
a30-law4t*† GLEDSTANES A. MOORE, Ex'r.

CIRCLE O YELLOW SUGAR.—50 bbls. CIRCLE O YELLOW SUGAR—for sale low.
SLATER & GREENWELL

CHRISTIAN MODERATION.
THE WORD IN SEASON
TO THE
CHURCH AND THE COUNTRY,
*A SERMON,*
Preached in Emmanuel Church, May 19th, 1861, By NOAH HUNT SCHENCK, Rector.
☞ Price 10 cents. In quantities for distribution at a reduced price.
Published and for sale by
ENTZ & BASH,
No. 35 North Charles street,
m27-3tr§ corner Lexington.

NEW MUSIC,
JUST PUBLISHED.
SANTA LUCIA, (Over the Waveless Sea.)
Beautiful Neapolitan Song,
With English and Italian words.
SANTA LUCIA;
Brilliant Variations. By Ch. Grobe.
SANTA LUCIA;
Transcribed for Piano. By Ch. Voss.
LA MARSEILLES, (Marseilles Hymn;)
Arranged for four hands. By Ch. Grobe.
MILLER & BEACHAM, Publishers,
m27-tfr: 10 North Charles street.

BALTIMORE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
*S. W. corner of SOUTH and WATER STREETS.*
This Company INSURES AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, in the city or country, on the various descriptions of property.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. I. COHEN, Jr., President.

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| W. G. Harrison, | W. F. Worthington, | Henry Carroll, |
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FREDERICK WOODWORTH,
m.th&s,tf§ Secretary.

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY,
*Office on the Northeast Corner of SOUTH AND SECOND STREETS.*
INSURES AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on all descriptions of property within the limits of the city.
HENRY P. DUHURST, President.
*Board of Directors.*

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| Joshua Dryden, | John G. Reaney, | John A. Shriver. |
| John Cushing, | Thos. Creamer, | |

eotfr FRANCIS J. McGINNISS, Sec'y.

ASSOCIATED FIREMEN'S INSURANCE CO.—Office, No. 4 SOUTH ST.—*Open daily for the Insurance of all descriptions of Property within the limits of the city.*
JOHN R. MOORE, President.
DIRECTORS:

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| Wm. A. Hack, | Noah Walker, | Francis Burns, |
| Jas. O. Wheedon, | Allen Paine, | Lancaster Ould, |
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| R. C. Mason, | Jas. A. Bruce, | F. A. Miller, |
| Jacob Trust, | J. B. George, Jr., | |

eotfr JOHN DUKEHART, Sec'y.

NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BALTIMORE,
*Incorporated by the State of Maryland, 1848.*
No. 30 SOUTH ST., New Building, op. Second st.
This Company *Insures Every Description of Property* in and out of the city, against loss or damage by FIRE.
Short insurances may be effected for a single day or longer period.
JOHN B. SEIDENSTRICKER, President.
*BOARD OF DIRECTORS:*

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| Joseph W. Jenkins, | George W. Howard, |
| William Woodward, | Henry Pendexter, |
| Edward J. Church, | Hugh Sisson, |

eotfr] H. C. LANDIS, Secretary.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BALTIMORE,
*Office S. E. corner of SOUTH and SECOND STS.*
Insure against LOSS BY FIRE every kind of property within the city limits, at the lowest rates.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
ANDREW REESE, President.

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| William Ortwine, | M. Benzinger |
| Samuel R. Smith, | Elisha H. Perkin |
| Aaron Fenton, | James H. Stone, |
| Charles Hoffman, | C. Howard Rogers. |

tfr] G. HARLAN WILLIAMS, Secretary.

THE WEEKLY SUN,
THE
*GREAT FAMILY PAPER,*
FOR THE YEAR 1861.
Useful, instructive, entertaining, liberal, impartial and enterprising, and in all the eminent qualities of journalism, conceded by its enormous circulation to be unsurpassed in the diversified areas of NEWS, LITERATURE AND GENERAL INFORMATION.
All who desire to command and enjoy the regular weekly visitation of a first-class household newspaper, should send their orders without delay for the BALTIMORE WEEKLY SUN.
The excellence of this journal, as a regular and comprehensive vehicle of *NEWS AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE, DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN,*
Commends it to all classes of the public; and we may say without presumption, that the Weekly Sun preserved and bound, would constitute in the future one of the most valuable records of the age, and every body of the time that could possibly be secured. And just as it would be an invaluable memorial in the future, so it is a most desirable transcript of current affairs to the present generation.
INDEPENDENT AND IMPARTIAL
In the discussion of all matters in which the public are generally interested, it must necessarily fairly represent every independent and impartial mind.—Hence it enjoys that immense circulation, popularity and influence which establish its position as the efficient representative of an intelligent and honest constituency. For the promotion of whatsoever is good and true, the Weekly Sun is one of the most powerful instrumentalities of the age, within the broad sphere of its circulation; in the advocacy of evil and error, it would be powerless and contemptible as any mere partisan, time-serving journal of the day.
LITERARY DEPARTMENT.
To the readers of the Weekly Sun it is scarcely necessary to say a word in commendation of the literary variety of this popular publication. As the resources available comprise the choice productions of the ablest, most entertaining and accomplished writers of the age, so is the literature the best that can be found.
THE FARM AND THE FARMER.
The interests identified with agriculture in their general relations, and also in detail, constitute a prominent feature of the Weekly Sun; and the information contained in a year's volume amounts in quantity and quality to something, we conceive, far beyond the money value of a year's subscription.
SCIENCE AND ART
Contribute largely to the general chapter of contents, and all practical discoveries, inventions and devices of the age are presented to the reader.—While, as an appetizing flavor to the whole, there will always be found a diversified chapter of
WIT AND HUMOR,
Upon which a laugh may be safely indulged with advantage to digestion.
An important and very useful department of the Weekly Sun consists in its most accurate and reliable
COMMERCIAL REVIEW,
which challenges competition in any quarter, and is now esteemed at least equal to the most pretentious, and is by many preferred, on account of its strict impartiality, to any other.
The Weekly Sun is now mailed to subscribers under a new and patented system, authorized by act of Congress. To the subscriber's name there is always appended two sets of figures; in one set always two figures, in the other one or two, according to circumstances. The first of these figures signifies the number, and the second the volume with which the subscription expires. Thus, a subscription commencing with the new year would bear the number and volume of the paper with which the subscription would expire. The number and volume of the first paper of the new year will be 43.23, that is the forty-third number of volume 23. Consequently subscribers commencing with that number will find their papers marked 42.24, and No. 42 of vol. 24 will be the last paper to which they are entitled. The arrangement is very simple, and when understood is a constant reminder to renew the subscription in time.
THE FOLLOWING REDUCED TERMS ARE OFFERED TO CLUBS:

| | |
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| For One Copy for One Year | $1 00 |
| Club of Six Copies | 5 00 |
| Club of Thirteen Copies | 10 00 |
| Club of Twenty Copies | 15 00 |
| Club of Twenty-seven Copies | 20 00 |
| Club of Thirty-four Copies | 25 00 |
| Club of Forty-two Copies | 30 00 |
| Club of Fifty Copies | 35 00 |
| Club of Seventy Copies | 50 00 |
| Club of One Hundred and Fifty Copies | 100 00 |

No subscription is received for less than one year either singly or from clubs. The names of subscribers should be written very distinctly; it is important to attend to this, to avoid mistakes. The name of the Postoffice, and of the County and State to which the paper is to be sent, should be written plainly and at length, and when a change is ordered to be made in consequence of removal, the Postoffice, County and State *from which* the subscriber has removed should always be mentioned, as well as those to which the paper is ordered to be sent. The paper will be invariably discontinued when the term expires for which payment is made. This rule is implicit, and is for the benefit of the subscriber, as it secures to him the best paper that can possibly be supplied for his money, no non-paying subscribers having to be provided for at the cost of those who pay.
*ADVERTISEMENTS.*
The immense circulation of the Weekly Sun, including all classes of the people, makes it an extremely valuable advertising medium, for articles and subjects of general rather than local concern. In compliance, therefore, with the public wants, we give place to such information as relates to the description and price of Agricultural Implements—Mowers, Reapers, Rakes, Drills, Portable Mills, Sewing Machines, Nurseries, Seeds, Stock, New Inventions, Real Estate, Books, Stationery, Seminaries, and such matters as possess general interest and are useful in their place as any thing we could occupy the same space withal. The space devoted to advertisements will always be limited, and not suffered to abridge the general interest of the paper. The terms of advertising in the Weekly Sun will be for each insertion,
*Fifty cents for five lines or less—Ten cents for each additional line.*
Postmasters will always act as agents for persons in the neighborhood of their respective offices, and forward orders and cash under the regular authority of the department.
A. S. ABELL & CO.,
Publishers of the Weekly Sun.

DR. ROSE'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF BUCHU, FOR DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.
For these most distressing and troublesome complaints DR. J. S. ROSE'S COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU is decidedly the best remedy ever offered to the public. This preparation has but one aim and object, namely, to cure KIDNEY AND BLADDER COMPLAINTS, such as Dysuria, or difficulty and pain in passing water; Scanty Secretion, or small and frequent discharges of water; Strangury or Stoppage of Water; Hematuria, or bloody urine; Gout and Rheumatism of the Kidneys, without any change in the quantity and quality, except increase of color or dark water. All these will soon yield to the Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu.
DR. J. S. ROSE'S PAIN-CURER.
"*Yo Curo Dolores,*" as the Spanish say—"*I Cure Pain.*"
The Pain-Curer Cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Rheumatism, Toothache, Pleurisy, Colic, Cramps, Pain in the Stomach or Bowels, Headache, Pains in the Limbs, Joints, Back or Spine, Scalds and Burns, Sprains and Bruises, Canker, Sore Mouth and Sore Throat, Pains in the Breast.
Families should always keep a bottle of this article in case of accident or sudden sickness. Price 12, 25 and 50 cents.
DR. ROSE'S MEDICINES are for sale by SETH HANCE, 108 Baltimore street. tAp26:

EXCHANGE NEWSPAPERS FOR WRAPPING PURPOSES, FOR SALE AT THE OFFICE COUNTER. tfr

AMUSEMENTS.

WASHINGTON GARDENS.—A GRAND CONCERT will be given THIS (Monday) EVENING, May 27th, at 7 o'clock, by the Maryland Guard Band, Captain Feldtman, at the Washington Gardens, Pennsylvania avenue. Admission free.
lt*] OTHO BENNER, Proprietor.

GREAT PEDESTRIAN SWEEPSTAKES RACES.
The Executive Committee of THE FASHION PLEASURE GROUND ASSOCIATION have made arrangements for the following FOUR GREAT SWEEPSTAKES RACES, open to all the world. The first to be a ten mile race for a purse of $500, given by the Association, added to an inside sweepstakes entrance of $50 each; to come off on MONDAY, June 10, and entries to close May 24.—Second Race of five miles for a purse of $300, added to an inside sweepstakes entrance of $50 each; to close June 10, and be run June 17. Third Race of one mile for a purse of $300, added to an inside sweepstakes entrance of $50 each; to close June 17, and be run June 24. Fourth Race of four hundred and forty yards for a purse of $300, added to an inside sweepstakes entrance of $50 each; to close June 24, and be run July 1. All the above Races to come off on the Fashion Course, L. I., and under the management of the Association, by whom the judges and starters will be appointed. Three or more entries for each stake to make a race. Further particulars can be obtained at the office of Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.
JOSEPH CROCHERON,
m25-4t: Manager.

MARSHALL'S FANCY DRESS AND MASQUERADE ROOMS NOW OPEN.—Costumes of every description, suitable for Ladies and Gentlemen, can be hired or made to order upon the most reasonable terms. Orders from the country attended to. R. MARSHALL, 3 Low street. fe9-Jy9*

SUMMER RETREATS.

CLIFTON HOUSE, NIAGARA FALLS, CANADA.
This Hotel will open for the Season on the 15th inst. Families wishing Board by the week can be accommodated with Cottages, or Rooms in the House, *at liberal rates.*
JOSLIN & DUNKLEE, Proprietors,
Niagara Falls, Canada, May 6, 1861. m21-6t*†

EPHRATAH MOUNTAIN SPRINGS, LANCASTER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.
This celebrated Watering Place will open for visitors on the 3d of June, with all the attractions of former seasons.
Situated on a mountain 1,200 feet above tide water, overlooking the richest agricultural country in the world, the air perfectly pure and dry at all times, renders it proverbially healthy.
There are ample accommodations for four hundred visitors, fine graded walks through the forest to the various Springs and Summer Houses on the Mountain, and to the Observatory, from the top of which is presented to the eye one of the finest and most extensive panoramic views to be seen.
A GOOD LIVERY is kept on the place, and beautiful drives around.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
A splendid BAND OF MUSIC, from the Germania of Philadelphia.
BOWLING ALLEYS and BILLIARD SALOONS, with the latest improved Tables.
Large Gardens attached to the place, from which all the Vegetables are taken fresh for the table, which, too, will be supplied from the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, as well as from the rich agricultural country around. Careful and attentive Servants.
Having been connected with the establishment for some years with the late proprietor, the undersigned assures the old patrons of the place, as well as public generally, that it will be conducted in every department in the former popular way.
Visitors to the Springs will take the cars to Lancaster; thence thirteen miles staging over pleasant roads, and through a beautiful country.
☞ Should any families wish to visit the Springs earlier than the 3d of June, they can be accommodated at any time by writing a day in advance.
For further particulars and circulars address
S. C. SLAYMAKER,
Ephratah Postoffice,
m20-2m§ Lancaster county, Pennsylvania.

LORETTO SPRINGS, *CAMBRIA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.*—This new and delightful SUMMER RESORT for those seeking either health or pleasure, is situated one mile from the village of Loretto and four miles from Cresson Station, on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, from which to Loretto there is a good plank road. It presents unusual attractions, having superior accommodations; the rooms are large and furnished with running spring water, in marble basins; hot and cold Baths on each floor; also Bath Houses for ladies and gentlemen, with Swimming; Cataract and Shower Baths; Billiard Tables and Bowling Saloon, &c. We have also two Cottages, furnished complete, which we will rent to families for the season, with or without board. For further particulars call at Eutaw House, or Kelly, Hedian & Piet's Bookstore, 174 Baltimore street, and get our circulars. A line addressed to me at either place will meet with prompt attention.
JOHN CARROLL,
m18-lm*] (late of the Eutaw House,) Proprietor.

A GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL ROCKAWAY WAGON FOR SALE.—Will be sold cheap, as the owner has no use for it. Apply at J. HYLAND'S Livery Stable, in Conway street, near Charles. m27-3t*†

INDIVIDUAL ENTERPRISE LINE.
*EASTERN AND WESTERN SHORE STEAMERS.*
"KENT," Capt. J. H. Kirwan.
"PIONEER," Capt. W. Norman.
Will run their routes as follows, leaving Light st., foot of Camden, at 7 o'clock A. M.:
KENT—For Cambridge, Denton and Landings on Choptank river, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, returning every Thursday and Monday.
For Annapolis and West River every TUESDAY and FRIDAY and return same days.
PIONEER—For St. Michael's and Easton, via Miles' River, every WEDNESDAY, and return the same day.
For Annapolis, West River, Cambridge, Oxford and Easton Point, every THURSDAY, returning by same route on Friday.
For Annapolis, West River, St. Michael's and Easton, via Miles' River Ferry, every SATURDAY, returning every Monday by same route.
Fare to Cambridge, Denton, Oxford and Easton Point..........$1 50
Fare to St. Michael's and Miles' River, (round trip $1 50)..........1 00
Fare to West River (round trip $1)..........1 00
Fare to Annapolis (round trip 75 cents)..........75
*MEALS EXTRA.*
☞ Freights must be prepaid.
Wharf and Office, LIGHT ST., foot of Camden.
m27-tf C. K. CANNON.

NOTICE.
ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY'S EXPRESS
LEAVE 164 BALTIMORE ST., REGULARLY, as follows:
FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS, at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M.
FOR WILLIAMSPORT, ELMIRA, BUFFALO, ROCHESTER AND NIAGARA FALLS, at 7.30 A. M.
FOR HARRISBURG, YORK, HANOVER, and Points on Pennsylvania Road.
FOR PITTSBURG, CHICAGO and the NORTH-WEST, at 7.30 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.
FOR WAY POINTS ON B. & O. R. R., WHEELING, COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS, and all Points WEST, at 8 A. M.
FOR WASHINGTON, GEORGETOWN and ANNAPOLIS, at 3 P. M. and 7.30 A. M.
FROM NEW YORK TO BALTIMORE LEAVES 59 BROADWAY, at
12 Noon. Daily, (Sundays excepted,) arriving in Baltimore at 3 A. M.
5 P. M., arriving in Baltimore at 1 P. M.
6 P. M., Lightning Package Express, arriving in Baltimore at 3 A. M. m27-tfr

FOR SASSAFRAS RIVER.
The Steamer CECIL leaves Light st. wharf on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock. Returning same day, leaving Galena Landing at 12½ o'clock for Baltimore. Round trip tickets $1.
FOR ANNAPOLIS,
Leaves every MONDAY and WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 7 o'clock. Returning same day, leaving Annapolis at 11 A. M. Passage 75 cents. Round trip tickets 75 cents.
m14-lm*† WILLIAM J. RICE, Captain.

DAILY LINE FOR CHESTER RIVER.—Steamer CHESTER, Capt. E. S. L. Young; Steamer ARROW, Capt. B. S. Ford. One of the Boats will leave their wharf, Light street, *every morning at 7 o'clock*, Sundays excepted. Returning, the ARROW leaves Crumpton at 7 o'clock A. M.; The CHESTER leaves Chestertown at 8½ A. M. Fare $1. Meals extra.
m25-lm*† H. B. SLAUGHTER, Proprietor.

FOR BOSTON.
The Steamer S. R. SPAULDING will sail for Boston on TUESDAY, May 28th, at 3 o'clock P. M.
Fare $12, including meals and state-room.
For freight or passage apply to
A. L. HUGGINS, Agent,
m24-4t! Foot of Long Dock.

TRIPS RESUMED TO PATUXENT RIVER.
The steamer EXPRESS will leave Baltimore (Light st. wharf) on SATURDAYS and WEDNESDAYS, at 6 o'clock A. M., for landings on Patuxent River; returning, leave Burlington at five o'clock A. M. on Mondays, and Lower Marlboro' at 5 o'clock A. M. on Thursdays for Baltimore, stopping at the Cove and Plum Point each way.
To Patuxent River..........$1.
" Plumb Point..........1.
" Cove..........50 cents
Meals extra. Freights must be prepaid.
m 21-1m* WM. WILSON, Master.

RESUMPTION OF TRAVEL ON THE LINE OF THE OLD EASTERN SHORE STEAMBOAT CO.
*BALLOON,* and *HUGH JENKINS,*
Capt. John R. Griffith. Capt. N. E. Nichols.
On and after MONDAY, May 13th, 1861, these boats will run as follows, leaving Light street wharf at 7 o'clock A. M.:
BALLOON, every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday for Kent Island, Corsica, Booker's, Harrison's and Chestertown, and return same days, touching at Kent Island and Corsica landing both ways. Every Tuesday and Friday for Annapolis and West River, and return same days, touching at Annapolis both ways. Every Thursday for St. Michael's and Easton, via Miles River Ferry, and return same day.
HUGH JENKINS, every Monday for St. Michael's and Easton, via Miles River Ferry and return same day. Every Tuesday for Cambridge, Oxford and Easton, and return Wednesday by same route, touching at West River and Annapolis. Every Thursday for Kent Island, Corsica, Booker's, Harrison's and Chestertown, and return same day, touching at Kent Island and Corsica Landing both ways. Every Friday for St. Michael's and Easton, via Miles River Ferry, returning on Saturday by way of West River and Annapolis.
… must be prepaid.
… after 6 o'clock P. M., nor before …
Office, … WHARF.
ma16-tf

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY—Superintendent's Office, Calvert Station, Baltimore, May 20, 1861.
This Road is now open for transportation of freights as heretofore.
For information respecting rates, &c., apply to JAMES M. EPPLEY, Freight Agent, Calvert Station.
For freight destined West via Pennsylvania Railroad, apply to MAGRAW & KOONS, corner North and Pleasant streets. JAS. C. CLARKE,
m21-1w! Superintendent.

LEATHER! LEATHER!
MAYNARD, ELY & ROSE,
NO. 46 SOUTH CALVERT STREET,
TANNERS AND CURRIERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Oak and Hemlock Sole Leather, French and American Calfskins, Patent and Enameled Leather, Morocco, Kids, Lastings, Galloons, Elastic Webs and Findings, comprising all goods used by Boot and Shoe Manufacturers; also, Harness and Bridle Leather, all of which we offer to purchasers at the lowest cash prices. tJe8r

GOLD FOR SALE, IN SUMS TO SUIT, BY
m26-tfr] THO. J. CARSON.

## WANTS.

WANTED—A TEACHER, to take charge of a School in Calvert county, Md.; he must be qualified to teach the various branches of a thorough English education. Salary $300. Apply to J. W. & E. REYNOLDS & CO., 90 Light st. wharf. m27-3t*

EMPLOYERS IN TOWN OR COUNTRY in want of SERVANTS, (male or female, Irish, German, American or colored, well recommended and at moderate wages, to suit all,) can procure them immediately by applying at the Union Intelligence Office, No. 8 N. FREDERICK ST. 1t*

WANTED—OLD SILVER WARE. WANTED—OLD SPANISH COIN. 2,000 OZ. OLD SILVER WANTED.—Highest cash price paid by GABRIEL D. CLARK, corner of Calvert and Water streets. m24-eo6t] Jewelry Store.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—Two or three NEGRO BOYS, slaves for life, from eight to ten years old. Apply to JOHN RUSKELL, No. 9 N. FREDERICK ST., Baltimore. m25-4t*

WANTED—By a young Married MAN, a SITUATION as MANAGER on a FARM. Has had many years' experience in Farming, in all its branches. Address by letter, J. H. G., Magnolia, Harford County, Md. m25-3t*

TO TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS.—Wanted by a gentleman of several years' experience in teaching, a position as a Principal of a Classical and English Day School, or information where such a School could be successfully established. Address "PROFESSOR," Baltimore. m24-3t*

WANTED—A BLACKSMITH, to work on a farm. Single man preferred. Address JOHN KENSEY-JOHNS, Reisterstown, Baltimore county, Maryland. m23-4t*

WANTED—A Situation, by an experienced man, as ENGINEER; can bring best recommendations, and will give his whole attention to the interests of his employers. Apply at 78 Republican street, between Pratt and Lombard. m23-6t] JOHN MAGRUDER.

WANTED—FIFTY LADIES to sell Stamped Work. Stamping reduced. Deepest Patterns only 3 cents. Small do. 1 cent. Pantalets ready Stamped 2 cents. Bands and Sleeves 6 cents. Collars 1 cent. 8,000 Patterns. Largest assortment in the world at BENTLEY'S Grand Stamping Depot, 48 EAST BALTIMORE ST., between High and Exeter. N.B. Pinking neatly executed. m20-12t*

WANTED—LADIES, LOOK.—STAMPING REDUCED.—Deepest Patterns only 3 cts; small do. 1 cent; Pantalets ready stamped 2 cts; Bands and Sleeves 6 cts; Collars 1 cent; 6,000 Patterns. Largest assortment in town, at WM. PRINCE'S, 630 West Baltimore st., opposite Mr. Winans', next to the church. m18-12t*)

WANTED—UNITED STATES NAVAL RECRUITS.—SEAMEN, ORDINARY SEAMEN, LANDSMEN and BOYS will be shipped on board the United States receiving ship Alleghany, at Annapolis, Md., for general service. m11-1m]

GERMAN INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, No. 55 THAMES STREET, F. P., under the supervision of the German Society. All persons desirous to employ German Mechanics, Laborers or Servants, as well as all such Germans seeking employment, will apply in person or by letter, post-paid, to the Agent of the Society, H. P. WEHLINGHOFF, 55 Thames street, who will gratuitously give all desired information. m8-2awtf]

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY—ONE THOUSAND ABLE-BODIED MEN, between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years. Term of service, three years, unless sooner discharged. Pay, twenty dollars ($20) per month. Apply at Recruiting Office No. 112 Baltimore street, over "Patriot" office. Capt. J. C. McCONNELL, m11-tf] Recruiting Officer.

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A black enameled GOLD BRACELET—name inside—between Charles and Paca sts., in Fayette or Lexington streets. The finder will be handsomely rewarded on leaving it at 35 LEXINGTON ST., corner of St. Paul. m27-2t*

FOUND—On Saturday morning, a POCKET BOOK, containing money and papers. The owner can obtain the same by applying at No. 216 LIGHT ST. and giving the marks and amount of the same. 1t*

AN ESTRAY COW AND HEIFER were taken up on the premises of Judge Wm. Baker, on the Liberty road, on the evening of the 23d instant—a large red COW and white HEIFER. The owner will please come and prove property, pay charges and take them away. 1t*

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.—Stolen from the country residence of the subscriber, on the night of the 23d inst., a dark bay HORSE, with saddle and bridle; 15 hands high, large eyes, small feet, very gay. The above reward will be paid on the return of the horse to the above place, two miles on the Harford road, and conviction of the thief. THOMAS KELSO. 1t*

LOST—On Sunday morning, at the corner of Front and Gay sts., a small white Poodle DOG, with yellow ears. A suitable reward will be paid for his return to 74 SOUTH CHARLES ST. 1t*

LOST—On Thursday, in Charles street, near the corner of Mulberry, a CORAL BREASTPIN.—The finder will receive a liberal reward by leaving it at No. 239 BALTIMORE STREET. m25-3t*

ESTRAY HORSE.—Was brought to the subscriber on Thursday, 16th instant, by a police officer, a Black MARE, with blaze face, sway back, about 15 hands high. The owner will please come forward immediately, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or else she will be sold for her keep. Apply to GEORGE SHIPLEY, Holliday Street Stables, corner Holliday and Pleasant streets. ma24-3t*

LOST—Yesterday, on the street or in a passenger car, a SMALL STONE (Opal) set in gold, from a finger ring. A reward of five dollars will be paid if left at the Sun office. m11-tf

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS.—Parties shipping Goods (consigned to us) to this and other points in Virginia, will oblige us by giving them their proper address. The use of our name is unauthorized. BAKER & BROS., m23-6t*] Winchester, Va.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—ISAAC LOBE, 15 S. GAY St., having quitted the Pawnbrokerage business, persons having Goods on deposit will please redeem the same.
FOR SALE—One large fire-proof SAFE, containing Hall's Powder and Thief-proof Lock. m7-1m*

MILITARY EQUIPMENTS.—JACOB SEEGER, Silverplater and Manufacturer of Military Equipments, has always on hand a full assortment of Cap Mountings, Belt Plates, Epaulets, Letters and Numbers, Buttons, Brass Tacks, German Silver Wire, Japanned Bird Cages, Dog Collars and Chains, Patent Slates, Brass Spigots. my-1m*

GOLD LEAF! GOLD LEAF! OF THE BEST QUALITY! Only Seven Dollars per Pack. For sale by WM. LEACH, Gold Beater, No. 127 Baltimore st., m9-1m* between Calvert and South, up stairs.

PROVISIONS.—BACON, LARD and barrel PORK for sale by m25-tf] JOSEPH CARSON & CO.

LEWIS CASSARD'S HAMS—50 tierces just received from Cincinnati. 20 casks SHOULDERS; all at reduced prices. For sale by GEO. CASSARD, m25-3t*] 40 South street.

WHISKY.—50 bbls. Old Rye Whisky, for sale by m25 tf] JOSEPH CARSON & CO.

1,000 BOXES ORANGES, O's AND 00's. 400 BOXES LEMONS. 50 boxes Italian MACARONI, curled. 100 frails DATES; 25 casks CURRANTS. 50 boxes SHELLED ALMONDS. For sale by ED. L. PALMER & CO., m23-3t*] 15 Bowly's whar.

600 BUSHELS SOUTHERN PEA NUTS. 17 BBLS. PECAN NUTS. 20 do. HICKORY NUTS. 10 do. Pennsylvania FRESH ROLL BUTTER. 4 do. Prime WHITE BEANS. For sale by GEO. PEARSON, m23-3t*] 5 North Liberty street.

CHEAP MEAT. HOG OFFAL, such as Heads, Feet, Spareribs, and Scraps, fresh daily; also, newly cured BACON, HAMS and SHOULDERS, for sale low for cash, by JAMES C. ADAMS, m24-3t: 40 Second street.

NAVAL STORES.—34 bbls. SPIRITS TURPENTINE. For sale by m21-tf] JOSEPH CARSON.

CLARET WINES, ETC.—500 cases, embracing all grades; 300 cases Burgundy WINES, from medium to very superior qualities; 50 casks Citto Sauternes and Clarets, with a general assortment of Rhine Wine. For sale by J. B. CHARRON & CO., m20-tf] cor. Hanover and Lombard sts.

HAMS, SMOKED BEEF, BUTTER, LARD, &c. 3000 choice HAMS, in fancy bags, 13c. 1500 choice HAMS, small size, 12½c. 1000 SHOULDERS, superior article. 500 Smoked BEEF ROUNDS, for broiling, &c. 200 BEEF TONGUES, Mutton Hams and Tongues, Butter and Lard in pails, by F. ROLOSON & CO., m21-6t.* 31 North Green street.

A MEXICAN GUANO.—We have in store several cargoes of this Guano, analyzing 60 and 63 per cent. Bone Phosphate of Lime. For sale in any quantity by m28-eolm] J. J. & F. TURNER.

BUTTER IS LOWER.—All the roads now being open, we are receiving daily supplies of GOSHEN, GLADES AND ROLL, at 12½ cents and upwards. ELLICOTT & HEWES, m11-tf] 59 Exchange Place.

BACON, LARD AND CHEESE. Prime HAMS, canvassed and plain; SHOULDERS and SIDES; barrel and keg LARD; Cutting and E. D. CHEESE. For sale by COULTER & CO., m11-tf. 53 Light street.

BUCKEYE AND McCORMICK'S REAPING AND MOWING MACHINES. For sale by SPEAR BROS., m7-tf] 41 S. Charles street, Baltimore.

FRUIT! FRUIT!! FRUIT!!! 300 boxes ORANGES; 100 boxes LEMONS; 500 drums FIGS; 1,000 packages RAISINS; 100 frails Ivica ALMONDS; 10 bales Bordeaux ALMONDS. For sale by G. A. MARTIN & BRO., my2-tf: 92 Prratt street.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.—1500 boxes Messina. PEANUTS—200 bags African. SWEET OIL—300 cases, quarts. PECAN NUTS—50 barrels Texas. For sale by SCHWARTZ, DIX & CO my2-tf: 112 Lombard street.

SAUTERNE AND CLARET WINES. 50 casks citte SAUTERNES. 50 casks St. Emilion CLARET. 500 cases various Grades, in store and for sale by J. B. CHARRON & CO., a1-tf] corner of Hanover and Lombard sts.

WILLIAM W. KENNEDY. JOHN A. WILLIAMS. JOHN & JAMES WILLIAMS & CO. MAHOGANY AND LUMBER YARDS. OFFICE No. 130 SOUTH CHARLES. MAHOGANY, OAK, MAPLE, ROSEWOOD, ASH, PINE, WALNUT, CHERRY, POPLAR, ETC., And all other materials used by CABINET-MAKERS and COACH-MAKERS, WHEELWRIGHTS and CARPENTERS.

AWNINGS, PLAIN AND FANCY, WINDOW, HOUSE AND STEAMBOAT AWNINGS, ALSO, MARINE AND NATIONAL FLAGS, By J. W. LOANE, Sail-Maker, No. 2 Bowly's wharf, -4aA1*t doors from Pratt street.

## FOR SALE AND RENT.

A RARE CHANCE.—FOR SALE—The STOCK and FIXTURES of the ICE-CREAM and CONFECTIONERY SALOON, located at 76 Broadway. It will be sold reasonable, as the proprietors wish to leave the city. A nice garden, with summer-houses, bake-oven, and everything requisite to establish a good business. Also, a ten gallon Ice-Cream Freezer. m27-3t*

FOR RENT—A four-story brick DWELLING on W. Fayette street, fifth door from Poppleton, containing all the modern improvements. Rent will be made very low to a good tenant. Apply at the Sun office. m25-3t*

FOR RENT—A large and comfortable DWELLING, having every convenience of gas and water, situated in a beautiful and healthy part of the city, will be rented low to a good tenant. Apply on the premises, No. 297 AISQUITH ST., near Chase street. ma25-3t*

FOR RENT—A new and desirable COTTAGE, 6 miles from the city, between Reisterstown and Pimlico roads, opposite the residence of A. C. Schaefer. It will be rented with 5 to 50 acres of land attached. Apply at No. 50 SOUTH ST., up stairs. m24-10t!

FOR RENT—A large DWELLING, No. 99 St. Paul street, in good order, and replete with all modern improvements. Apply to ALEX. YEARLEY & SON, 15 St. Paul street. m23-tf]

FOR RENT—A desirable DWELLING, 249 N. HOWARD STREET, water in the kitchen and gas throughout the house; it will be rented low to a prompt tenant. Inquire of E. J. OWEN, 47 Howard street. ma21-6t*

A SPLENDIDLY FURNISHED, FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE, IN MOUNT VERNON PLACE, FOR RENT.—A Family about visiting Europe will rent or lease, for two or three years, to a proper and responsible tenant, an elegant and luxuriously furnished Residence, situated as above. There is a large and convenient Stable on the premises. J. E. P. BOULDEN, 81 Second st. m21-tf]

FOR LEASE.—For a term of years, a vacant LOT on the Southwest corner of North and Madison streets, fronting 80 feet on the former and 150 on the latter, and running back to Davis street. Inquire at the Sun office. tf r1

FOR RENT—A COUNTRY SEAT on the Frederick road, four miles from the city. Possession given immediately. Apply to WM. Y. DEFORD, 37 S. Gay st. m20-tf]

FOR SALE.—Great bargains in well-secured GROUND RENTS and DWELLING HOUSES. Also some very desirable FARMS. A handsome Building Site of 4½ acres, within 4 miles of city limits. Houses to rent, &c. WM. WARFIELD, Conveyancer, 13 St. Paul st. m18-tf]

HOUSE FOR RENT—No. 176 Franklin street, third door west of Pearl, south side, with gas and water fixtures complete. Rent low. Inquire of JAMES H. PERKINS, No. 158 N. Howard street. m23-Th&M3t*]

FOR RENT OR LEASE—The property known as ST. TIMOTHY'S HALL, Catonsville, six miles from Baltimore, on the Frederick Turnpike; suitable for a Public Institution. To persons engaged in the work of Education, this offers a favorable opportunity for enlarging their sphere of duty, and the terms will be made easy to any gentleman who will continue the School as an Institution of the Protestant Episcopal Church. For particulars address my23-eo6t] REV. L. VAN BOKKELEN.

FOR SALE.—$600 CASH will be taken for a HOUSE and LOT of one Acre, good Garden, Stabling, &c. Has an excellent Spring of water on the place, with a thriving young Orchard of choice fruit trees, nine miles from Baltimore, on the Joppa road, near Rider's Switch, Northern Central Railroad, Baltimore county. Inquire on the premises. JOHN ALLMAN. m23-eo3t*.

FOR SALE—A very desirable PLACE of about three Acres, with DWELLING, STORE-HOUSE, Stone Stable, Ice House and all necessary outhouses. A Spring and Pump of pure water at the door. A beautiful Garden of all kinds of fruits, flowers, &c., and a young Orchard. It is near Rider's Switch, on the road leading to Towsontown. Inquire on the premises. m23-eo3t*. HENRY S. FITCH.

DWELLING FOR SALE AND LOT FOR SALE OR LEASE.—FOR SALE—On the most favorable terms, the large Three-story DWELLING, No. 328 Madison avenue west of Dolphin street. This House has all the modern improvements and is finished in the best style.
THE LOT adjoins that of the Dwelling on the east, and fronts on Madison avenue 31 feet, and runs back 150 feet to Morris st. Apply to THEO. B. HORWITZ, 23 Lexington st., opposite the Court-House. m23-eo12t*†

VALUABLE COTTON PLANTATIONS. FOR SALE. TWO VERY VALUABLE AND PRODUCTIVE COTTON PLANTATIONS in the Parish of Concordia, State of Louisiana, adjoining each other, eligibly situated on a navigable river, and secure from overflow. On one about 600 acres are in cultivation, and there are upon it fine quarters—Stables, Cribs and superior Steam Cotton Gin and Saw Mill; about 400 acres are cleared on the other, and there is a Cotton Gin and seven other buildings upon it. For particulars, address RICHARD NUGENT & CO., New Orleans, or Hon. HENRY MAY, Baltimore, Md. ap16-eo2m]

COUNTRY SEAT FOR RENT OR SALE—Near the Relay on Baltimore and Ohio Railroad—a comfortable DWELLING and necessary improvements, in a healthy location. Apply to JOHN Y. WORTHINGTON, near Relay. a16-eotf]

FOR RENT—The commodious STORE, with nicely finished DWELLING above, at the northwest corner of Charles and Pratt streets. Immediate possession can be given. Apply to HENRY WHITE, Mount Vernon Place. m20-eo3t*]

FOR RENT—A large double Brick DWELLING, with nearly an ACRE OF GROUND attached, on Mulberry street, near Gilmor, formerly Sumner's Country Seat, and well adapted for a Florist, Milkman or Public Gardner. To a good tenant at a low rent, and put in good repair.—Inquire of JACOB TRUST, No. 285 West Baltimore street. m18-eo6t.

FOR RENT—A First-class HOTEL, S. W. corner of Hanover and Pratt sts., replete with all the modern conveniences and improvements; also, desirable DWELLINGS, on Barre and Republican sts.; also, STORES on Hanover and Pratt sts.; Also, several OFFICES, in St. Paul and Baltimore sts.; also, DWELLING No. 74 Courtland st. Rent low, in keeping with the times. Apply to ALEX. YEARLEY & SON, a9-eotf] No. 15 St. Paul street.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR RENT—Situated in Baltimore county, eleven and a half miles by York Pike and half mile from Texas, a stopping place on Northern Central Railroad; house large, with a large yard and garden; excellent water. Address E. M. B., Box 452 Baltimore Post-office. m4-eo12t*]

FOR SALE OR RENT—A three-story BRICK DWELLING, No. 324 West Lombard street, opposite Scott street. It will be sold on liberal credit, or satisfactory securities bearing interest will be taken in payment. Apply to WILLIAM BULLEN, No. 181 South Paca street. 'm17-eo6t*

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A splendid grazing FARM of 800 Acres, near Bellair; land in a high state of cultivation. Improvements first-class—has a commanding view of the Bay—location healthy. Will exchange for good Stocks. A fine FARM in Howard county, 25 miles from Baltimore. Good improvements. 90 Acres on the Harford road. Good substantial improvements. All covered with slate roofs. Price low. Will take part city property. No. 1 City Property in exchange for Farms. Apply to J. W. HARVEY, 22 Second street. m 14-tf

FOR SALE OR RENT—A handsome STONE COTTAGE, 3½ miles from the city limits; high, healthy, and plenty of shade 48 feet front—kitchen attached with servants' room above. Large stable and carriage-house, and chicken-house—paved with brick, stones and gravel around and about the house. Good turnpike all the way.—WM. WARFIELD, Conveyancer, No. 13 St. Paul street. ao4-tf6

FOR SALE—50 ACRES OF LAND, near the city, well adapted for gardening, improved; 44 acres of Land on a railroad, about 8 miles from the city, with good improvements; 110 acres of Prime Land, 15 miles from the city, well improved; 25 acres at Ellicott's Mills, (improved by large Cottage, &c.;) a Dwelling on E. Fayette st., near Aisquith, (very cheap;) a House on Watson street, and four smaller ones in the rear, with many others in various locations. Apply to GLOCKER & NORRIS, 63 Fayette st. [13-tf]

FOR SALE OR RENT—Those five new and desirable DWELLINGS, with modern improvements of water, gas, &c., situated on West Fayette st., corner of Gilmor. To prompt tenants the rent will be low, or sold at about one-half the original cost. Apply to JAS. M. BAKER, adjoining house, or James Brommel, No. 554 W. Fayette st., or to the People's Bank. a10-tf

FOR SUMMER.—PATENT GAS IRONS For Tailors, Hatters and Family use. We offer to the public the *best* and *most economical Iron* that can be used, as it only costs for the consumption of Gas from 6 to 8 cents per day, and all the oppressive heat of a range or stove dispensed with. Guaranteed to give satisfaction. Manufactured and for sale, wholesale and retail, by S. B. SEXTON & CO., m 25-3t* 111 W. Lombard street.

A CARD. A. C. MATTHEWS, GENERAL AUCTION COMMISSION MERCHANT, NO. 20 SOUTH CHARLES ST. Will give his PERSONAL attention as AUCTIONEER to sales of every description, and respectfully solicits from his friends and the public generally a share of their patronage.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS, FOR FALLING OF THE WOMB, FEMALE WEAKNESS, DEBILITY AND RELAXATION. This Disease, heretofore treated by bandages trusses and external supports, which can only prove palliatives, yields completely to the use of those tonic strengthening Golden Pills. They have a peculiar affinity for the debilitated muscles of the female, and in no instance have they failed in radically curing those distressing complaints females are so often subject to; they brace the whole system, giving strength and vivacity to the frame at large. Twenty-seven years' experience in the use of these Pills in my practice has been the means of dispensing with more bandages, abdominal supporters, pessaries and golden balls, than any individuals now manufacture. Females of the present age are as perfectly formed as Mother Eve, or those mothers of antiquity, and require no external support.—The muscles of the body kept in due tone by remedies of this character are a sufficient support, and all that nature ever intended. For Weakness of the Back, Spine, Loins, &c., these Pills have no equal, as thousands who have used them can testify. Price 50 cents. These Pills do not act on the bowels. For full directions see DR. J. S. ROSE'S Medical Advice Book. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street. m11-tf

PRINTERS' AND BINDERS' WAREHOUSE Nos. 29 AND 31 GOLD ST.—Manufactory on Broome, Columbia and Sheriff streets, New York. R. HOE & CO., manufacturers of single and double cylinder and type-revolving Printing Machines, Washington and Smith Hand-Presses, Self-Inking Machines, Proof Presses, Hydraulic Presses, with wrought iron cylinders; Standing Presses, of various kinds; Chases, Cases, Galleys, Furniture, Stands, Imposing Stones, etc. Every article connected with the art of Letter Press, Copperplate or Lithographic Printing and Book-Binding always on hand or furnished at short notice. Printers, Publishers and others wishing to purchase, will be furnished with an estimate for an office or bindery in detail, if desired. A Catalogue of Prices, containing cuts and description of many of the machines, may be had on application, by mail or otherwise. CAST STEEL SAWS. Superior warranted PATENT GROUND Cast Steel Mill, Pitt, Cross-Cut, Circular and other Saws on hand, for sale at their warerooms and by the principal hardware merchants throughout the United States. a27-1m]

## BOARDING.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.—The advertiser desires comfortable accommodations, with good BOARD, for two persons, in the country. Private family preferred. Price no object, provided the accommodations be of the best character. Stabling for a pair of horses will be needed. Address H. M. Sun office, giving particulars. 1t.*

BOARDING.—Either married or single Gentlemen, wishing good BOARD and desirable ROOMS, in a very agreeable location and on very moderate terms, can be suited by calling at No. 44 SHARP ST., near Lombard. m 25-3t*

PRIVATE BOARD.—One or two ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished, in the northern part of the city, on a railroad street, will be rented to a small family. The accommodations are superior, and references will be required. Address E. Y., through the Postoffice. m25-6t*

BOARDING.—156 W. LOMBARD STREET.—Several large rooms vacant; also several single rooms. Transient Boarders accommodated; also Table Boarders. Hot and cold Baths at all times for the use of boarders. Terms to suit the times. m25 eo4t*

BOARDING.—Two or more furnished ROOMS to be rented to single gentlemen, in a most delightful part of the city, the cars passing within one square; terms moderate. References exchanged. Also, an OFFICE, suitable for a physician, with a Carriage-house, if required. Address X. Y. Z., Postoffice, Baltimore. m 25-3t*

BOARDING.—Two large and pleasant rooms now vacant, suitable for single gentlemen or gentlemen and their wives, with gas, on reasonable terms, in a pleasant and central location, No. 60 EAST BALTIMORE ST., corner of Exeter. m24-3t*

TO GENTLEMEN.—Two or three FRONT and BACK ROOMS FOR RENT, without board, with the convenience of hot and cold baths and gas, on N. Charles street. Apply at 85 N. CHARLES ST., southeast corner of Pleasant st. m23-6t*

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE or two Single Gentlemen can be accommodated with good BOARD and second-story front room, in a private family. References exchanged. Apply at No. 128 PINE ST., near Franklin. m23-6t*

PERSONS DESIROUS OF A COMFORTABLE HOME and good BOARD, can be accommodated at No. 69 NORTH ST., near Saratoga, at $2 50 per week, by early application. my15-1m*]

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A PEW, central location in St. Peter's Episcopal Church, Dr. Cummings', will be sold low. ALSO, One pair of stylish HORSES; can trot to the pole in near three minutes; kind and gentle in double or single harness. They will be sold with PHAETON or WAGON, or separately. Also, one Mahogany bay MARE, five years old, black legs and switch tail. This stock is offered for sale for no fault, the owner having no use for them. Apply to WM. H. MYERS, 5 Water st. m25-3t*

FOR SALE—A handsome Bay Family HORSE, of good action; warranted perfectly gentle and sound. Will be sold for $125. Also, a ROCKAWAY, for two persons, will be sold very low. Apply at No. 216 BALTIMORE ST., near Charles. m 25-3t*

LIVE STOCK FOR SALE.—For the purpose of reducing the stock of the place, several valuable fresh COWS, two HEIFERS, a young BULL, and other Cattle are offered for sale. Apply to J. GEPHART, Woodbourne Farm, Hillen road, three miles from the city. m16-tf

## EDUCATION.

IRVING COLLEGE, MANCHESTER CARROLL CO., MD.—The Summer Session of this Institution will commence on THURSDAY, May 23d. The Students are requested to be prompt in their attendance at the time.
Persons desiring information in regard to the College are referred to Col. S. SANDS MILLS, 123 Baltimore st. WM. T. MARKLAND, m21-tf] President.

PEOPLE'S BANK, BALTIMORE, May 13th, 1861.—An election for Six Directors of this Bank for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, the 3d of June, between the hours of 11 and 1 o'clock. J. H. CURLEY, m14-TuM3t*] Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS, BALTIMORE, May 4, 1861.—By order of the Commissioners of Public Schools, notice is hereby given that the daily sessions of the Schools will be continued as usual. Parents are requested to direct the punctual attendance of their children at the appointed hours. m6-M,Th,6t. JACOB DAY, Clerk.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS, BALTIMORE, May 1, 1861.—An examination of candidates for situations as TEACHERS of the Public Schools will be held in the *Study Room of the Central High School*, corner of Holliday and Fayette streets, on SATURDAY, the 25th of May, commencing at 9 o'clock A. M. J. A. MORGAN, J. F. PLUMMER, C. L. L. LEARY, E. Y. REESE, J. R. BLAKE, Committee of Examinations. JACOB DAY, Clerk. m6-x&Th8t‡

OFFICE OF THE CANTON COMPANY, BALTIMORE, May 10th, 1861. Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of this Company, that their annual meeting (required by their charter and by-laws) will be held on THURSDAY MORNING, the 6th day of June next, at 11 o'clock, at the office of the Company, in the city of Baltimore, for the election of NINE DIRECTORS for the ensuing year. The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed on the 25th of May inst., and remain closed until after said election. J. H. PLEASANTS, President. WM. DEAN, Secretary. m10-2aw3w]

NOTICE TO SHIP MASTERS.—Captains and masters of vessels are hereby notified that the quarantine regulations of the port are now in force, and that all vessels entering the port from beyond the Capes will be boarded by the Marine Hospital Physician, and for that purpose they are required to come to anchor outside of a line drawn from Fort McHenry to the Hospital grounds. Any neglect or refusal to comply with this regulation will subject the master of such vessel to a fine of five hundred dollars. JOHN KERR, m16-3aw3w] Marine Hospital Physician.

THE PROCLAMATION ISSUED BY GOVERNOR HICKS in relation to calling out the militia of this State has been countermanded by order of Captain J. C. McConnell. Therefore no recruiting will be allowed in this State, except by the U. S. army. By order of CAPT. J. C. McCONNELL, Commanding 1st Regiment of m16-tf] Maryland Volunteers.

STATE OF MARYLAND: EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, FREDERICK CITY, May 2d, 1861. PROCLAMATION. Whereas the President of the United States, by his proclamation, dated the fifteenth day of April, 1861, has summoned Congress to meet in special session in the city of Washington on the fourth day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one;
And whereas by section 76, of article 35, of the Code of Public General Laws, the Governor is empowered and directed to order, by proclamation, a special election for members of Congress for this State, to fill vacancies now existing:
Now, THEREFORE, I, THOMAS HOLLIDAY HICKS, Governor of Maryland, do, by this my proclamation, designate and appoint THURSDAY, the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1861, for the election of Representatives from the State, to serve in the Congress of the United States.
Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, at the city of Frederick, this second day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-one. THOMAS H. HICKS.
By the Governor, GRAYSON EICHELBERGER, m4-tel] Secretary of State.

POPULAR AND FAMILY MEDICINES, SOLD BY SETH S. HANCE, 108 BALTIMORE ST., BALTIMORE, MD. COMPRISING
DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SANDS' SALT RHEUM REMEDY, OSGOOD'S INDIA CHOLAGOGUE, HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, MORTIMER'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND, WOLF'S SCHEIDAM SCHNAPPS, PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER, WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, HAYS' LINIMENT FOR THE PILES, DR. MARCHISI'S UTERINE CATHOLICON.

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| Becker's Eye Balsam. | Orrick's Vermifuge. |
| P. Meter's Liver Pills. | " Golden Ointment. |
| Benj. Brandreth's Pills. | Harrison's Ointment. |
| Smith's S. Coated Pills. | Betton's British Oil. |
| Lane's Vegetable Pills. | Nimmo's Liniment. |
| Jayne's Sanative Pills. | " Tooth Ache Drops. |
| Petroleum or Rock Oil. | Burgess' Exterminator. |
| Moffat's Life Pills. | Lyon's Magnetic Powders. |
| Morse's Invigorat'g Cordial. | Epileptic Pills. |
| Hasting's Syrup Naptha. | Bogle's Hebesiona. |
| Roman Eye Balsam. | " Hyperion Fluid Amole. |
| Holloway's Ointment. " Pills. | Dipilatory Powders. |
| Lyon's Katharion. | Moon Fun. |
| Radway's R. Resolvent. | Hance's Lily White. |
| Stabler's Expectorant. | Vinegar Rouge. |
| " Diarrhea Cord'l. | Pink Saucers. |
| " Worm Mixture. | Powder Puffs. |
| Thompson's Eye Water. | Lubin's Extracts. |
| Lucina Cordial. | Meakin's Mouth Aromas. |
| Lee's Pills. | Candied Calamus. |
| Jayne's Ague Pills. | Tobias' Venetian Liniment. |
| Trask's Magn. Ointment. | Davis' Heave Powders. |
| Russia Salve. | Dr. Towsend's Pills. |
| Swain's Panacea. | Worsdell's Pills. |
| E. Kidder's Cordial. | Mead's Dyspeptic Pills. |
| Negative Electric Fluid. | Nymph Soap. |
| Rowand's Tonic Mixt're. | Gouraud's Italian Soap. |
| Madeiry's Pul. Balsam. | Cleaver's Honey Soap. |
| Bragg's Mustang Liniment. | Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea. |
| Jew David's Plaster. | Houck's Panacea. |
| Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. | Iodide of Sarsaparilla. |
| Jayne's Expectorant. | A. H. Bull's Sarsaparilla. |
| Rodgers' Liverwort and Tar. | Pelletier's Sarsaparilla. |
| Locock's Pulmonic Wafers. | Rose's Sarsaparilla. |
| | " Cough Syrup. |
| Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers. | " Extract of Buchu. |
| | " Nervous Cordial. |
| John Bull's Sarsaparilla. | " Female Specific. |
| Townsend's Sarsaparilla. | " Whooping Cough. |
| Sand's Sarsaparilla. | " Pills. |
| Jayne's Alterative. | " Carminative. |
| Green's Oxygenated Bitters. | Grafenberg Pills. |
| | Heiskell's Ointment. |
| Houghton's Pepsin. | Morehead's Magnetic Plaster. |
| Hoofland's German Bitter's. | Holloway's Arnica Plaster. |
| Moffat's Phenix Bitters. | Hemlock Plasters. |
| Wolf's Schiedam Schnapps. | German Green Salve. |
| | Erasive Soap. |
| Osgood's India Cholagogue. | Hance's Sarsaparilla Pills. |
| | " Horehound Syrup. |
| Jayne's Hair Tonic. | " Candy. |
| Fosgate's Anodyne Cordial. | Pharnum's Candy. |
| Radway's Ready Relief. | Sherman's Worm Lozengers. |
| B. A. Fanestock's Vermifuge. | Sherman's Cough do. |
| | Wistar's do. do. |
| McLane's Vermifuge. | Hampton's Tincture. |
| Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge. | Norris' Cedar Tar. |
| | Dr. Barring's Syrup Naphtha. |
| American Worm Killer. | Van Dusen Whaphene. |
| Radway's Medicated Soap. | Bachelor's Hair Dye. |
| Radway's Regulators. | Pogle's " " |
| Poor Man's Plaster. | Gilman's " " |
| Daily's Pain Extractor. | McAllister's Ointment. |

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, No. 108 Baltimore street. m1-1ml

McCLEARY & CONNELLY, COPPER-SMITHS, PLUMBERS, and Manufacturers of SELF-CHARGING MINERAL WATER APPARATUS, No. 44 HOLLIDAY STREET. Are prepared to make to order or repair as follows: STEAM, GAS and WATER PIPES, for Steamboats, Stationary Engines, &c. STILLS and KETTLES. Steam Distilleries fitted up on the most improved plans, with Brazed Worms; Steam-Drying Cylinders, for Cotton and Woolen Mills, Dyers, &c. All orders promptly attended to. a 1-1y

## PERSONAL.

WANTED—Information of NICHOLAS FIRST, who was last heard from three weeks ago as sick at the Fishing Shore of Capt. Coleman, who lives in Alexandria. Any information will be thankfully received by his distressed wife, MATILDA FIRST, 279 Happy alley, between Alice Anna and Lancaster sts. m27-3t*

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.—In the early part of this month my apprentice, DEATER BERGER, ran away. All persons are hereby cautioned against harboring or employing him, as they will be dealt with according to law. I will give a liberal reward to any one bringing him to me. HENRY SHAFFER, Barber and Hair Dressing Establishment, opposite General Postoffice. m 27-2t

ONE CENT REWARD.—Ran away from the subscriber, on the evening of the 2lth instant, carrying with her articles of clothing belonging to the family, a GIRL about 14 years of age, goes by the name of MARY McCARTNEY, an indentured apprentice by the Orphans' Court of Baltimore.—Any person returning her to me will be entitled to the above reward and no thanks for their trouble. All persons are cautioned against harboring or trusting her as they will be dealt with according to law. JAS. MILLER. East Biddle st. 1t*

PERIODIC ELIXIR at the SHURE CURE DEPOT, 100 MULBERRY STREET, near Eutaw. Ladies Enciente beware! for (though harmless to them) all obstructions vanish. Address C. S. SEA, M.D., in confidence. tJe25*

$50 REWARD.—Ran away, on the 22d instant, my NEGRO WOMAN, named JANE, taking with her two children, a girl about six years old and a boy two years old. She is dark colored, about thirty-five years of age, medium size, spare and thin visaged; had on when she left a pink calico dress. She is presumed to have come to this city. The above reward will be given for her return to me, or if lodged in jail so that I get her again. WILLIAM GRIMES, Crownsville, m24-eo3t*] Anne Arundel county, Md.

$50 REWARD.—Ran away from the subscriber, on the 13th instant, a NEGRO MAN, who calls himself GEORGE STEVENSON. He is about 24 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, and copper color, and wears whiskers and moustache. He had on when he left a blue cloth coat with brass buttons, and took with him two pairs of pants, gray and brown, and a dark leghorn hat. I will give the above reward, no matter where taken—to be returned to me, or secured in jail so that I get him again. He has several sisters living in Washington. CAROLINE NOLAND, m25-3t*] near Rockville, Montgomery county, Md.

DR. SAMUEL FUNTERBAUGH, the most wonderful *Astrologist and Phrenologist* in the world, can now be found at his residence, No. 7 FOUNTAIN ST., between Alexander and Fleet sts. He uses all kinds of Witchcraft and Conjuring; cures all diseases and spells; does anything wished for by the Ladies and Gentlemen; and anything that is stolen or lost returned by witchcraft or conjuring, or describe the person that does anything, and give any person love that wants it. Fell's Point, m 24-3t*

MRS. TITCOMB, FEMALE PHYSICIAN, will inform those persons under her treatment that she has removed to Baltimore, where she treats Female Diseases, and all Diseases of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach and Nerves, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, and all Diseases of the Womb, Hemorrhages, &c. Office 179 N. HIGH STREET. m 17-1m*

MRS. RUTTER, the GREAT DOCTORESS and ASTROLOGIST, *has returned and taken the House 230 Franklin st., corner of Chatsworth*, where she is fully prepared to be consulted on all matters appertaining to *Married or Single Life, Business or Health*. Ladies 25 cents; Gentlemen 50. m13-12t*

NO HUMBUG.—Those who wish to know all affairs of life correctly should not fail to call on MADAME MARIENTES. She can bring together those separated, and cause love to be mutual where it does not exist. Consultation hours from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. No. 305 N. GAY ST. a29-1m*

"SHURE CURE" is the popular name for EBONINE in India. No Cure No Pay. *DEPOT, MULBERRY STREET*, NEAR EUTAW. Also, a reanimating, respiriting and rejuvenating refreshment by the glass. a27-1m*s

$100 REWARD.—Ran away from the Plantation of Mrs. Ann E. McGregor, near Upper Marlboro', Prince George's county, Md., about the 8th or 10th of October last, negro man LEWIS, who calls himself LEWIS WILLET. He is lame in the hip, caused by the white swelling. He is about twenty-four or twenty-five years of age, about five feet high, stoutly made, dark copper color, no marks known. His clothing cannot be described. He left all his working clothes at home. He has relatives living in Washington City, D. C. I will give the above reward for his apprehension if taken out of the State or in the District of Columbia, and fifty dollars if taken in the State—in either case he must be brought home or secured in jail, so that I get him again. WILLIAM F. BERRY, Long Old Fields P. O., Prince George's co. f 12-tf

## DRY GOODS, &c.

GREATER BARGAINS THAN EVER BEFORE! Clark's best Spool Cotton 37 cts. a doz.; Children's Gum Round Combs 3 cts.; Twisted Silk Mits 18 and 25 cts.; Embroidering Silk 15c. a doz.; Crochet Braid 16 cts. a doz., with lots of other BARGAINS. m23-tf] DAVID BAMBERGER, 43 Howard st.

JUST RECEIVED—A FRESH SUPPLY OF FRENCH CORSETS, BODIES, AND HOOP SKIRTS. EDWIN AKER, m21-6t§ 138 Lexington street.

A LOT OF BAREGE ANGLAIS, only 8 cts.; a lot of Black and White Lawns, only 8 cts.; 8-4 Brown Linen Table Cloths, only 75 cts.; Buff Prints only 7 cts.; good Ble. Muslins, 10 cts.; Green Tarleton, for Coverings, only 12½ cts.; Lavella Cloth, 8c. m21-tf] GEO. W. UHLER, 164 Franklin st.

TO WHOLESALE CASH BUYERS.—We would notify the "Trade," in and out of the city, that we have (though late in the season) on hand a very desirable stock of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, which will be sold cheap for cash. We name—Dress Goods, generally; Brown and Bleached Linens; Ducks and Drills; Tweeds; Cassimers, Valencias, &c.; Plain and Plaid Domestics; large variety of Grey Goods, for Dresses. 500 pair White and Colored BLANKETS. 200 do do. BED BLANKETS, QUILTS, &c. 400 pieces ¾ and 6-4 Fulled CLOTHS. DEAN, CRABBE & CO., No. 236 West Baltimore street, n 25-6t*] between Charles and Hanover.

$6,000 WORTH OF STOCK GOODS MUST POSITIVELY BE CLOSED OUT—Such as: Children's India Rubber Round Combs at 4 cts., worth 12; best Pins, 14 rows, 3 cts. a paper; Hooks and Eyes 6 cts. a box of six cards; Ladies', Misses' and Gents' Hose of all kinds, 3 pair for 25 cts.; very best Bosoms 8 and 12 cts.; Linen Hdk'fs 15 cts., worth 31; Gents' Silk Neck Ties 25 cts., worth 75; Tuck Combs 3 cts.; Tooth Combs 3 cts.; best Needles 3 cts. a paper; very best Magic Ruffling 5 cts. a yard; Children's Hdk'fs 3 and 4 cts.; Twilled Tape 12 cts. a doz.; Crochet Cotton 5 cts. a spool; Crochet Needles 12 cts. a doz.; pure Steel Scissors 12 cts. a pair, worth 37; best quality Pearl Buttons 3 and 4 cts. a doz.; Hair Brushes 12 cts.; French Working Cotton 12 cts. a doz.; Corded and Chenille Hair Nets, all co'ors, 50 cts., worth $1, with a large assortment of Silk Sun Umbrellas, Lace Shawls, Mantillas and Dusters, which will and must be sold without regard to cost, at BAMBERGER BROS., 147 Lexington street, 147 m16-tf] Next door to the Carpet Store.

GREAT SUCCESS OF THE NEW SYSTEM. TEN PER CENT. OFF ALL PURCHASES OVER ONE DOLLAR! THE ENTIRE STOCK TO BE SOLD FOR CASH ONLY. EVERY ARTICLE MARKED DOWN TO SUIT THE TIMES. Don't miss this opportunity TO SECURE BARGAINS. M. HUTZLER & SON'S, m14-tf 71 N. Howard st., corner of Clay.

SELLING OFF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF THE LATE MR. M. HEILBRUN. 5,000 yards high Lustre Black SILK, 75 and 87½ cents and $1. 2,000 yards fancy Dress Silks, 50, 62½ and 75 cts. 3,000 yards Valencies and De Laines, from 10 to 18¾ cents. 1,000 French Corsets, plain and self-lacing, 50 and 75 cents; Hoop Skirts; Silk Mits; Shirt Bosoms; Ribbons; Lace Capes; Barege Dusters, at half price, at my9-1m*] 52 HANOVER ST.

SCHLEUNES & HINRICHS, 84½ WEST BALTIMORE ST., BETWEEN HOLLIDAY AND GAY STS., Offer for sale, wholesale and retail, a fine assortment of the latest styles of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, viz: CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, VESTINGS, ETC., At very low prices. ap1-3m*

FOR CASH ONLY.
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MANUFACTORY.
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MANUFACTORY.
Finest Shirts Made of New York Mills Muslin, and fine Round Thread Linen, $1 75.
ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS FOR THE FINEST.
GOOD SHIRTS $1 50 and $1 25.
Shirts Made, if Materials are Furnished, for 75 cts.
Shirts Made, if Materials are Furnished, for 75 cts.
Shirts Made, if Materials are Furnished, for 75 cts.
ADAMS' No. 146 WEST BALTIMORE ST., (UP STAIRS,) Opposite Carroll Hall, my4-tf] three doors below Calvert st.

BALTIMORE GLASS WORKS. FOR THE SALE OF FRENCH WINDOW AND PLATE GLASS.

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| Alum, | Roll Brimstone, | Blue Vitriol, |
| Copperas, | Castile Soap, | Borax, |
| Epsom Salts, | Castor Oil, | Ext't Logwood, |
| Bi Carb Soda, | Linseed Oil, | Glue, all kinds, |
| Sal Soda, | White Lead, | Varnish, do. |
| Saleratus, | French Zinc, | Whiting, Putty, |
| Saltpetre, | Paints & Colors, | Sand Paper, etc. |

BAKER BROTHERS & CO., m27-tf 32 and 34 S. Charles st.

PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGH IN TEN MINUTES AFTER USE, insured by BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all diseases of the CHEST and LUNGS. CHARLES WISEMAN, Wholesale and Retail Agent, corner of Fremont and Baltimore streets, Baltimore, Md. 25 cents a box.

PEPPER.—40 bags prime Sifted PEPPER, for sale low. SLATER & GREENWELL.

## AUCTION SALES.

### BY F. W. BENNETT & CO.

BALANCE OF STOCK OF GROCERIES, SCALES, ETC. AT NO. 102 LIGHT STREET WHARF, AT AUCTION. On TUESDAY MORNING next, May 28th, at 10 o'clock, at 102 Light street wharf, we shall sell THE BALANCE OF STOCK OF GROCERIES belonging to a gentleman declining business. We name: Black Teas, Gunpowder do., Boxes and Lump Tobacco, Castile Soap, Adamantine and Mould Candles, Fancy Soap, Reams Wrapping Paper, Barrels Vinegar, Blacking, Mustard, Stone Jugs and Jars, Pipes, Demijohns, Oil Cans, Stand Casks, Rope, Verdigris; Green, Blue and Yellow Paints; Counter Scales; 1 PLATFORM SCALE, weighing 1,200 lbs., Marden's make; Double DESK, Fixtures, &c. &c. Terms cash, in bankable money. F. W. BENNETT & CO., m25-ts† Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES OF DAMAGED GOODS. On WEDNESDAY MORNING NEXT, May 29th, at 11 o'clock precisely, we shall sell, by public auction, for account of whom it may concern, at Goodwin's ship-yard, near the drawbridge, Fell's Point, the cargo of the schooner James H. Hoyt, viz:
490 BARRELS "LABRADOR" HERRINGS, W. & C.
50 BUNDLES SCYTHE SNEATHES.
200 BARRELS GROUND PLASTER.
WASH BOARDS, EMPTY BARRELS, &c. Terms cash, on delivery. For examination on morning of sale. F. W. BENNETT & CO., m 25-tf Auctioneers.

STOCK OF FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, ETC., AT AUCTION. On THURSDAY MORNING, May 30th, at 10 o'clock, on the second floor of our Sales-rooms, Nos. 28 and 30 South Charles street, we shall sell all the stock of FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c., of a person declining the business—Consisting of Hair, Cloth, Tooth, Nail and other Brushes; Fine Tooth, Redding, Pocket, Tuck and Side Combs; Powder Flasks; Shot and Game Bags; Pistols; Percussion Caps; Looking-Glasses; Work-Boxes; Fancy Soaps; Perfumery; Needles; Pins; Scissors; Patent Threads; Pocket-Books; Port-Monnoies; Purses; Toys; Suspenders; Letter and Note Paper Envelopes; Ink; Pens; Pencils; Violins; Chessmen; Flutes, &c., &c. ALSO, 4 ELEGANT COUNTER AND UPRIGHT GLASS CASES, medium size. Terms cash, in bankable money. F. W. BENNETT & CO., m27-ts. Auctioneers.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY, KNOWN AS THE "AUBURN HOUSE," WITH 16¼ ACRES OF LAND, ON THE REISTERSTOWN TURNPIKE, SIX MILES FROM BALTIMORE, AT AUCTION. On TUESDAY MORNING, May 28, at 10 o'clock precisely, we shall sell by public auction, on the *premises, situated on the Reisterstown Turnpike, at the Six Mile Stone, that highly improved PROPERTY* belonging to William W. Smith, Esq., and known as the "Auburn House," containing 16¼ *ACRES OF LAND*—fronting on the Turnpike about 450 feet.
The improvements are an extensive two-story *STONE AND FRAME DWELLING*, with porticos around—erected within three years past as a Summer Boarding House, with extensive out-buildings, Stone Dairy, Ice-House, &c.
The Land is in a high state of cultivation. It has been cultivated as a Market Farm.
Terms:—$3,000 of the purchase money can remain; balance cash.
ALSO. FOR CASH, Immediately after the sale of the Property, will be peremptorily sold all the HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, choice LIQUORS, in bottles and demijohns; HORSES, WAGONS, BUGGY, HARNESS, and FARMING IMPLEMENTS. We name:—Three-Ply and Ingrain Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rosewood and Walnut Parlor Furniture, in Plush; Sofa Tables, marble top; Mirrors, Engravings, Mantel Ornaments, Window Blinds, Mahogany and Cane Seat Chairs, Dining Tables, and Dining-room Furniture. ALSO, China, Glass and Crockeryware, Knives and Forks, Casters, etc. CHAMBER FURNITURE. Suits of Cottage Furniture for ten chambers; Ingrain Carpets, Feather Beds, Matresses and Bedding complete. ALSO, All the KITCHEN FURNITURE, which is extensive. ALSO, Two valuable WORK HORSES, BUGGY WAGON, CART, MARKET WAGON, HARNESS, STRAW CUTTER, PLOWS, HARROWS and other Farming Implements. Hot-Bed Sash, Wheelbarrow, Grind Stone, etc. Terms cash, in Baltimore city funds on delivery of the property. SAMUEL C. ATKINSON, Trustee. F. W. BENNETT & CO., m18-ts] Auctioneers.

### BY WILLIAM HAMILTON.

FURNITURE OF A FAMILY LEAVING THE CITY, AT AUCTION. I shall sell on TUESDAY MORNING, May 28th, at the Dwelling No. 53 Sterling st., between Mott and Monument streets, the Household and Kitchen Furniture of a family leaving the city, and name in part: Cushion Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Sofas, Tables, Looking-Glasses, Washstands, Bedsteads, Dressing Bureaus, Wardrobes, &c. ALSO, KITCHEN FURNITURE. ALSO, Two of Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines, complete and in good order. Terms cash, on delivery. m24-ts] WM. HAMILTON, Auct.

A NEW TESTIMONIAL IN FAVOR OF DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP. DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP. DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP. *All who doubt that Consumption can be Cured, Read the following:*
DR. SCHENCK—Dear Sir:—It affords me heartfelt satisfaction to lay before the public the success of your Pulmonic Syrup in curing me of a lingering and firmly seated Consumption, and I firmly believe that no other medicine but yours would have succeeded in curing me.
About four years ago I was attacked with a pain in the breast, and a troublesome cough, and a very sore throat, which my physicians called Bronchitis. At times I would get better, but whenever I took the least cold I would get worse again, and for several successive weeks would be very miserable.—My husband died with Consumption, and after his decease I was taken with the same symptoms he had before he died, namely: violent and distressing cough, severe pain in my side and at the pit of my stomach; my throat was in a dreadful condition, being so very sore that at times it was with great difficulty I could speak. I had every day a high fever, violent headache, creeping chills and profuse sweats at night.
My bowels were costive, appetite nearly gone—and my stomach was so very weak, that my physician was at a loss to know what to do for me, as everything I would take in the shape of food or medicine was immediately rejected. I remained for some time in this wretched condition, and despaired of ever getting better. A gentleman who resided in the house with me, had a violent attack of influenza, and was recommended to try Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup; he did so, and it soon broke his cough, and made him perfectly well. This gave my some confidence in your Syrup, and I reluctantly determined to try it. The first bottle appeared to take hold of my disease and relieve me; it was the first thing I found that would remain on my stomach and it soon began to strengthen me, which continued until I was perfectly restored. My cough, which had all along been tight and dry, now became very loose, and the expectoration copious, and in a short time it ceased entirely. Your Syrup appeared to pervade my whole system; my limbs, which had previously been cold, soon became warm and natural; my blood was purified, and my bowels became perfectly regular without the aid of purgative medicines.
But what created most surprise was, that after using several bottles of the Syrup, the affected side and breast broke out in about twenty large biles, which were very painful, and discharged bloody matter. I felt satisfied that this was the effect of your truly valuable medicine, purifying my system, and then expelling the diseased matter in this form. I have for the last eighteen months enjoyed uninterrupted health, and have refrained from making my case known for fear of a relapse occurring, as I could scarce believe that I was cured permanently, as I always supposed consumption an incurable disease, and mine was the first case of real consumption that I ever knew to be perfectly cured. I felt it my duty to make known the great and healing virtue of your Syrup wherever I went, and many of my friends have used it with as good success as myself, and I know of many really astonishing cures it has made, one of which I shall relate: I went to see a little child, who lay, as its parents supposed, on a death-bed. The physician had given it up, and it was reduced to a mere skeleton, and every one who was there thought it would not survive many hours. I suggested the use of your Pulmonic Syrup, which they consented to try, and in a short time the child was better, and by continuing its use, the child was eventually restored to health. It is now a fleshy, healthy child, and but for your Syrup, I believe it would have been in its grave. I wish that the virtues of your Syrup were known far and wide, and *in order that all who read this may rely upon* the truth of every word that is herewith stated, I would respectfully invite all afflicted persons to call and see me at my residence, No. 929 Race street, between Ninth and Tenth, lower side, and I will inform them more particularly of my own case, and others that have come under my observation. SARAH DEARR, now MRS. HOMANS.
DR. SCHENCK, Of Philadelphia, the Proprietor of SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, The only person that has cured *Pulmonary Consumption* in its advanced stages, will be in Baltimore, professionally, at the Drug Store of SETH S. HANCE, No. 108 Baltimore Street, ON THURSDAY OF EACH WEEK.
SETH S. HANCE has fitted up rooms over his Drug Store for the accommodation of his patients. All persons laboring under Diseases of the Lungs, Liver and Digestive Organs, are invited to call upon the Doctor, who will, without charge, give all necessary advice. He will give those who desire it a thorough examination with his Respirometer for $3 each.
Price of the Pulmonic Syrup, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Price of the Seaweed Tonic, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Price of the Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, mh30-1m: 108 Baltimore street. For sale in Washington, D. C., by S. B. WAITE, corner of Louisiana avenue and Seventh street.

DR. J. R. MARCHISI'S CELEBRATED CATHOLICON, FOR THE RELIEF AND CURE OF SUFFERING FEMALES. It stands pre-eminent for its curative powers in all the diseases for which it is recommended, usually called FEMALE COMPLAINTS. This medicine has never been introduced by empty puffs and misrepresentations, nor is it intended that its present popularity shall be sustained by any medium but its merits and approbation of the public. Pamphlets containing certificates and information can be had on application to the Agent. Price $2 per bottle, or six bottles $10. For sale by A9tf] SETH S. HANCE.

SCOTCH ALE, BROWN STOUT, &c.—William Younger's Edinburg Strong Ale; Tennent's XX Strong Ale; Rob't Younger's Sparkling Ale; Hibbert's London Brown Stout; Guinness' Dublin Extra Stout; Massey & Co.'s Philadelphia Cream Ale, Porter, &c., all at lowest cash prices. W. I. VAN NESS, a8-tf] 214 West Lombard street.

NAVAL STORES, 34 bbls. Spirits Turpentine. 217 bbls. No. 1 Rosin. For sale by JOS. CARSON & CO. tf

## AUCTION SALES.

### BY A. C. MATTHEWS.

EXTENSIVE PAWNBROKER'S SALE BY ORDER OF ISAAC LOBE. By order of Isaac Lobe, Pawnbroker, I shall sell at Warerooms No. 20 South Charles street, on THURSDAY MORNING, May 30th, commencing at 9½ o'clock,
1,000 LOTS VALUABLE AND ASSORTED UNREDEEMED PLEDGES, consisting in part of 100 Gold and Silver Watches, various makers; Diamonds; Silverware; Fine Jewelry; Musical and Surgical Instruments; Carpenter and other Tools; 1 Fine Bird Gun, (cost $100;) also, other Guns and Revolvers, of every description. ALSO, FANCY GOODS. ALSO, CLOTHING—Men's and Women's Wear of every description; Quilts; Spreads; Bed Clothing, &c. TO DAGUERREAN ARTISTS. 1 ¾ CAMERA, Lewis, maker, N. Y. 1 ROSEWOOD CHICKERING PIANO. ALSO, A large lot of Baltimore make SHOES AND BOOTS. ALSO, 1 WALNUT AND PLUSH SOFA. ALSO, 1 SUIT COTTAGE FURNITURE. A. C. MATTHEWS, m25-ts† Auctioneer.

### BY SAMUEL J. SOPER & CO.

SALE OF FURNITURE, ETC., AT STORE. On THIS (MONDAY) MORNING, the 27th instant at ten o'clock, at Store 26 South Charles street, we shall sell a lot of New and Second-hand FURNITURE, viz: Bureaus; Sofas; Mahogany Chairs; Cane do.; Bedsteads; Matresses; Washstands; Carpeting, &c. ALSO, A lot of YELLOW-WARE, &c. SAML. J. SOPER & CO., m25-2t‡ Auctioneers.

### BY ADREON & CO.

THRASHING MACHINES, SMUT MACHINES, ETC., ETC. On WEENESDAY MORNING, 29th inst., we will sell, on account of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, to cover charges, &c.:
4 REAPING MACHINES;
2 SMUT MACHINES;
BEDSTEADS, BUREAUS, TABLES.
25 BARRELS OLD RYE WHISKY;
4 BARRELS BUTTER;
7 BARRELS MOLASSES;
40 ASSORTED GRINDSTONES;
Together with a large quantity of Packages, Cases of Merchandise and contents. Terms cash, in bankable money. m24-ts] ADREON & CO., Auctioneers.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF UNCLAIMED BAGGAGE, LUGGAGE, PACKAGES AND MERCHANDISE, BY ORDER OF THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY. WEDNESDAY MORNING, May 29, we will sell, by order of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, at ten o'clock, on the first and second floors of our warehouse, 22 South Charles st.—A large assortment of UNCLAIMED BAGGAGE, LUGGAGE, PACKAGES and SUNDRY MERCHANDISE, the same having been unclaimed by the original owners and sold to cover charges, storage, etc. Terms cash, on delivery. ADREON & CO., m15-ts] [A] Auctioneers.

### BY GIBSON & CO.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR BALTIMORE CITY, the undersigned, trustee, will offer at public sale, at the Exchange salesrooms, Second street, at 1 o'clock P. M., on THIS DAY, the 27th of May, 1861—
ALL THAT LOT OF GROUND, beginning at the southwest intersection of Saratoga and Republican sts., in the city of Baltimore, and running westerly, binding on the south side of Saratoga st., one hundred and fifty feet; thence southwarly, at rightangles with Saratoga st., one hundred and fifty feet to a twenty feet alley; thence running and bounding on said alley eastwardly one hundred and fifty feet to the west side of Republican street, and thence northwardly one hundred and fifty feet to the beginning, it being the same ground which by deed recorded in Liber E. D., No. 75, folio 375, was leased by Justus H. Weber to William Bodman, at a yearly rent of one cent, renewable forever, and by said Bodman mortgaged to the Savings Bank of Baltimore.
Terms of sale—One-third cash, the balance in three and six months, or the whole cash; the credit payments to bear interest from the day of sale, to be secured by note, endorsed to the satisfaction of the trustee. REVERDY JOHNSON, JR., Trustee. my4-s,w&ds] GIBSON & CO., Aucts.

THE DOLLAR NEWSPAPER, PHILADELPHIA.—THE ONLY FAMILY PAPER OF LIKE CHARACTER AFFORDED TO SINGLE SUBSCRIBERS AT ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR. AN ORIGINAL NOVELETTE MORAL STORY in every Paper during the entire year, from such authors as

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The great distinguishing features of the "Newspaper" are UTILITY, INFORMATION, VARIETY. It contains an Agricultural Department, a Department of Science and Art, and a liberal allowance of Wit and Humor.
THE STORY DEPARTMENT Is made up almost wholly of Original *Stories, from the best authors that prompt and liberal payment can draw to its columns*. No other Family Paper pays more out for original reading, and, as may be naturally supposed, no other paper publishes more or better story reading.
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SCIENCE AND THE MECHANIC ARTS. Under this head may be weekly found a column devoted to the various Mechanical and Chemical Arts, Patents, Inventions, Improvements in Machinery, Engineering, &c., the aim being to present all subjects discussed in a plain and popular form.
ORIGINAL LETTERS, ETC. From Writers in the Country, we shall have Weekly Letters, descriptive of the resources, character and habits of the people in the various sections of the Union. LETTERS FROM WASHINGTON of the Political Movements of Parties, and LETTERS FROM NEW YORK, of the business doings of that great Commercial Centre, will be continued.
THE NEWS AND MARKET REPORTS. In office machinery and other facilities for printing a Cheap Family Paper, the "Dollar Newspaper" is unequalled. With monster machines capable of printing 20,000 copies per hour, its columns can be held open for news to within a few hours of the date of publication. It is thus enabled to publish the latest and most reliable market reports. It embraces all the commercial affairs, prices of stocks and monetary transactions.
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No subscription for less than one year will be received. The Newspaper is always discontinued at the expiration of the time for which it is paid. THE DOLLAR NEWSPAPER is made up with special reference to the Family Circle. It aims to interest, instruct and amuse. It is for the wayside, the workshop and the fireside. It is for the scholar, the man of business and the man of leisure.
ADVERTISEMENTS Inserted at 25 cents a line per week, and as a medium for the sale of Real Estate, Stock, &c., and for making known the various articles of agricultural Machinery, where sold, &c., it is probably not surpassed by any other paper in the country.
No subscription attended to unless accompanied with the money. Address WM. M. SWAIN & CO., Publishers of the Dollar Newspaper, S. W. corner of Third and Chesnut sts., Philada. 'a30-4w

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE. DR. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures EVERY KIND OF HUMOR, From the worst Scrofula down to a common pimple. He has tried it in over 1,100 cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its virtue, all within twenty miles of Boston.
Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of Pimples on the face.
Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of Erysipelas.
One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the Eyes.
Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the Ears and blotches among the Hair.
Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running Ulcers.
Two or three bottles will clear the system of Bile.
Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.
One bottle will cure scaly Eruption of the skin.
Two to three bottles are warranted to cure worst case of Ringworm.
Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of Rheumatism.
Two to four bottles are warranted to cure Salt-Rheum.
Five to eight bottles will cure the worst cases of Scrofula.
A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.
Manufactured by DONALD KENNEDY, No. 128 Warren st., Roxbury, Mass. Price $1 per bottle, or six for $5. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street. tAp30§

DR. J. S. ROSE'S PAIN CURER.—This truly valuable preparation is indispensable. It ought to be in every house, in case of accident or sudden sickness. Where persons are acquainted with his article, they are never satisfied to be without it, as they can often perform a cure in a shorter time than it would take to send for a doctor. The Pain Curer cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Rheumatism, Toothache, Pleurisy, Colic, Cramps, Pains in the Stomach or Bowels, Headache Pains in the Limbs, Joints, Back or Spine, Scalds and Burns, Sprains and Bruises Canker Sore Mouth and Sore Throat, Pains in the Breast. Price 25 and 50 Cents. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, m13-1m. 108 Baltimore street.

CUPPING AND LEECHING, BY MRS. JANE GILL, (Daughter-in-law of the late Mrs. Bryson Gill,) No. 177 NORTH EUTAW ST., Opposite Engine House.

## AUCTION SALES.

### BY SAMUEL H. GOVER.

SEWING MACHINES, ETC., AT AUCTION. I will sell for and on account of a former purchaser, at my auction room, on THIS (MONDAY) MORNING, May 27, at 10 o'clock—
3 HARRIS' NEW AND IMPROVED SEWING MACHINES, In complete order. ALSO,
50 YARDS THREE PLY CARPET. Terms cash, in city funds. SAM'L H. GOVER, Auct., m25-ts] [R] 84 Baltimore st.

VALUABLE SERVANTS, SLAVES FOR LIFE, AT AUCTION. Will be sold on TUESDAY MORNING, May 28, at 9 o'clock, at my store, No. 84 Baltimore street, for account of whom it may concern, a NEGRO MAN AND WIFE, valuable farm servants. Sale positive. Title indisputable. Terms cash, in par funds. SAMUEL H. GOVER, Auctioneer, m24-ts§ No. 84 Baltimore street.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF THE EFFECTS OF A FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT, WITH THE UNEXPIRED LEASE, ETC. The subscriber, administrator of John R. Giles, deceased, and by order of the honorable the Orphans' Court for Baltimore city, will sell on TUESDAY MORNING next, May 28th, at 10 o'clock, on the premises, situated on the west side of South street, between Lombard and Pratt, and known as the South Street Restaurant, all the effects contained therein, viz: Large French-Plate MIRRORS; 10 marble-top TABLES; do. Washstands; mahogany Dining Tables; cane and wood-seat Chairs; Settees; Oilcloth; Matting; Clocks; mahogany Cigar Case; Casters; Crockery and Glass Ware; Chandeliers; Gas Brackets; Venetian Blinds; Chafing Dishes; Vinegar, &c. ALSO, About 6,000 PRIME CIGARS. LIQUORS. Brandy, Gin, Whisky, Rum, Wines, London Porter, Ale, Old Julip, Catsup, &c. Together with a number of articles appertaining to a first-class Restaurant. ALSO, At 10 o'clock will be sold an interest in an unexpired LEASE of ten years, commencing on the 1st day of October, 1857, and ending on the 1st day of October, 1867, said interest arising from or out of a certain lot of Ground situated on the west side of South street, at the distance of 81 feet south from the southwest corner of Guilford and South streets, and running thence southerly, bounding on South street, 27 feet; thence westwardly, parallel with Guilford street, to Franklin lane; thence westwardly, bounding on Franklin lane, 27 feet; thence eastwardly, parallel with Guilford street, to the place of beginning, with the improvements thereon, being a large two-story BRICK BUILDING, with a two-story back building, and also a Ten Pin Alley. Said house being known as the South Street Restaurant.
Subject to the annual rent of $900 per annum, payable quarterly.
The sale of the chattels will be for cash in city funds.
Terms of Sale.—For the interest in the unexpired lease one-half cash, and the balance in two equal payments, on credit of six and twelve months, with interest from the day of sale, and that where credit is given, bond with good security shall be taken. EMILY A. GILES, Adm'x. THEODORE GLOCKER, Attorney, No. 63 Fayette street. SAM'L H. GOVER, Auct., m 22-ts [R] 84 Baltimore street.

LANDLORD'S SALE OF RICH AND ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. Will be sold on THIS (MONDAY) MORNING, May 27th, commencing at 10 o'clock, at my salesrooms, No. 84 Baltimore street—
2 Finely Carved Walnut WARDROBES.
5 do. do. do. M. T. Dressing BUREAUS.
6 Walnut French BEDSTEADS, elaborately Carved.
12 Cane-seat CHAIRS; 1 Hair-seat LOUNGE.
8 do. Rocking CHAIRS.
9 Hair and Husk MATRESSES.
Terms cash, in Baltimore funds. JOHN L. BISHOP, Constable. SAM'L H. GOVER, Auctioneer. ALSO, WILL BE ADDED TO THE ABOVE, A general assortment of elegant HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, being the effects of a family declining housekeeping, consisting of Rosewood Parlor Chairs in Plush, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Marble-top Sofa and Pier Tables, Etegeres, Route Tables, Walnut Hair-seat Arm and Rocking Chairs, Washstands, Hat Racks, Bedsteads, Feather Pillows, Matresses, Bedding, Cane-seat Chairs, Walnut Extension Tables, Mahogany Dining do., Looking-Glasses, Oil Paintings and Engravings, Crockery, Glassware, Plated do.; Velvet Tapestry Carpets, Walnut Cribs and Matresses. ALSO, A general assortment of KITCHEN FURNITURE, Parlor and Chamber Stoves, with a number of articles appertaining to housekeeping, &c. Terms cash. SAMUEL H. GOVER, Auctioneer, m22-ts( [R] No. 84 Baltimore street.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE FEE SIMPLE PROPERTY. By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Baltimore city, the subscribers, as trustees, will sell at public auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the sixth day of June, 1861, at 4 o'clock P. M., all the following described fee simple PROPERTY, viz:
All that LOT, PIECE OR PARCEL OF GROUND situate, lying and being on the westernmost side of Division street, in the city of Baltimore, beginning for the same at the distance of one hundred and thirty-seven feet and six inches southeastwardly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southernmost side of Lanvale street with the westernmost side of Division street, and running thence southeastwardly, bounding on Division street, twelve feet and six inches; thence southwestwardly, parallel with Lanvale street, one hundred feet, more or less, to Brewer alley; thence northwestwardly, bounding on said alley, twelve feet and six inches; thence northeastwardly, one hundred feet, more or less, to the place of beginning.
The improvements on said lot being a two-story and attic BRICK DWELLING.
Terms of Sale—One-half cash, balance in three and six months, with interest and security, to the satisfaction of the trustees. THEO. GLOCKER, ROBERT C. BARRY, SAMUEL H. GOVER, } Trustees. m15-3taw&ds. Auctioneer.

DR. SCHENCK, THE LUNG DOCTOR, THE PROPRIETOR OF SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, THE INVENTOR OF SCHENCK'S RESPIROMETER, the only instrument that can to a certainty detect the slightest murmur of the respiratory organs.
This is of great importance to Dr. SCHENCK, to know the exact condition of the lungs, whether it is Tuberculous, Pulmonary, Bronchial, Pleuritic or Dyspeptic Consumption, and whether it is both lungs or only one that are diseased.
It requires constant and long practice to become familiar with every sound or rattling of a diseased bronchial tube. Patients come to Dr. SCHENCK to get examined that have been examined by their family physician, who told them that their lungs were almost gone; when, by a close examination with the Respirometer, it is often found that it is an affection of the bronchial tube; and by getting a healthy action of the liver and tone to the stomach, the sufferer is soon restored to health. Sometimes medicine that will stop a cough is certain death to the patient. It locks up the liver, stops the circulation of the blood—hemorrhage follows, and, in fact, stopping the action of the very organs that caused the cough.
Liver Complaint and Dyspepsy are the causes of two-thirds of the cases of consumption. Persons are at this time complaining with dull pain in the side, bowels sometimes costive and sometimes too loose, tongue coated, pain in the shoulder blade, feeling sometimes very restless, and at other times drowsy; everything that is eaten lies heavy on the stomach; acidity, belching up wind. Hundreds are complaining at this time in this way. Let them take a heavy cold, and before they get rid of it then another, then is the time to know what to do; then is the time to go to DR. SCHENCK and get your lungs examined, then is the time to know what cough medicine to take. Stop that cough sudden, and then the lungs, liver and stomach are all put into an inactive state, and, before the patient is aware of his situation, the lungs are a mass of sores, and death must soon follow.
SCHENCK'S "PULMONIC SYRUP" is an expectorant which does not contain any opium, nor anything calculated to check a cough suddenly, but when assisted by the SEAWEED TONIC, to improve the tone of the stomach, and restore a healthy action of the digestive organs, with the MANDRAKE PILLS, to bring about a healthy action of the liver. When these are taken together, or as indicated, they are sure to bring the constitution back to a healthy state when affected by any of the above diseases. DR. SCHENCK believes that too much cannot be said in favor of the curative powers of the MANDRAKE PILLS. Their action is peculiar, but certain in all cases of torpid bowels or diseased liver, which is too frequently the primary cause of a broken-down condition of the whole system, and often passes under the name of CONSUMPTION, when that disease does not exist at all, or if it does, is readily curable by a proper attention to restoring a healthy action of the stomach, liver and other functions, whose duty it is to eliminate and *carry off the unhealthy* deposits which clog and render sluggish the *wheels of the animal organism*.
Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup will prolong life sometimes several months, by keeping the bronchial tubes free from the putrid matter which impedes their functions, when the lungs are too far gone to cure. There is no medicine that can cure Consumption when both lungs are much diseased, and Dr. Schenck would rather every one would know their true condition before taking his medicine.
He treats no disease but those of the Lungs, Liver and Stomach, and makes no charges for advice, or examining lungs in the ordinary way, or as physicians generally do; but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer he charges three dollars, and wishes every one, rich or poor, that has a cough, Pain in the Side or Shoulder-blade, troubled with Costiveness or Diarrhea, Sallow Complexion, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Restlessness at night, or any other disease leading to Consumption, to call on him as above and get his advice.
Often a twenty-five cent box of SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS will remove the cause of this great terror of the country—Consumption.
DR. SCHENCK will be in Baltimore, professionally, at the Drug Store of SETH S. HANCE, No. 108 Baltimore street, ON THURSDAY OF EACH WEEK.
All persons laboring under diseases of the Lungs, Liver and Digestive Organs, are invited to call upon the Doctor, who will, without charge, give all necessary advice. He will give those who desire it a thorough examination with his Respirometer for $3 each.
Price of the Pulmonic Syrup, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Price of the Seaweed Tonic, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Price of the Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, m25-tAp30th 108 Baltimore street. For sale in Washington, D. C., by S. B. WAITE, corner of Louisiana avenue and Seventh street.

PURIFY THE BLOOD BY USING DR. J. S. ROSE'S ALTERATIVE SYRUP, OR BLOOD PURIFIER, For the cure of Scrofula, old Eruptions, Chronic Diseases, Ulcers, Sores, Swelled Necks, Boils and all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. This wonderful Syrup has often in weak and delicate constitutions prevented Consumption, removed induration, shirrus or hard lumps from the female breast, and consequently prevented cancer. By the use of this Syrup occasionally in health, say one tablespoonful every third day, many may keep off disease and pass through a long life without any sickness at all, by thus keeping the whole mass of the vital fluid, the blood, in full and healthy vigor.
Let the delicate, pale and chlorotic female try this medicine, and she will soon find the rose return to the cheek, the ruby lip and the sprightly eye. Price $1. For sale by S. S. HANCE, 108 Balto. st. m27-tAS

# THE SUN.

BALTIMORE, MONDAY, MAY 27, 1861.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

WASHINGTON, May 26.

*False Alarm—Throwing Up of Entrenchments Around Alexandria—Large Body of Virginia Troops at Manassas Junction.*

Just as the funeral procession of Col. Ellsworth was passing Willard's yesterday, there was a report of two guns in the direction of the Long Bridge, when Gen. Mansfield appeared on horseback, and dashing hither and thither, set several corps in motion in that direction. Gen. Scott observed that there could be no attack other than that of an outpost, but nevertheless all the regiments and corps received orders for immediate fighting. Within fifteen minutes the 5th Massachusetts and the two Connecticut regiments were in motion at the "double quick," while the flying batteries of Sherman and Griffin rushed at top speed for the Long Bridge. The efficiency of this arm of the service is seen in the fact that there was not above two or three minutes delay in the progress of one of them, though by the smashing up of a wheel two or three horses were thrown down.

The cause of the alarm was the firing of a secessionist mounted party upon an outpost of the federal forces along the line of the road extending toward Alexandria, where, at elevated points, entrenchments are being thrown up, as they are upon not only the commanding heights nearest the river, but beyond them.—Telegraph wires are being extended to Alexandria and to the several camps across the river. I am informed by a gentleman who went out to Fairfax Court-house last evening and returned this morning via Alexandria, that no Virginia troops were seen in that quarter.—They are of course at the Manassas Junction, where on Friday there were some five thousand men, as stated by a gentleman who came to this city from that point on that day. The fact of the firing upon outposts yesterday is stated by both officers and citizens who were near the spot.

Col. Tyler, of the Second Connecticut Regiment, has been raised to the rank of Brigadier General. He has a thorough West Point education, and the appointment is therefore a good one. AGA.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

WASHINGTON, May 25.

*Discontinuance of Mail Service in the South—Funeral Ceremonies of Col. Ellsworth—Order of Procession—His Remains Taken to New York.*

I am authorized to announce that all postal service in the States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas will be suspended from and after the 31st instant.

Letters for offices temporarily closed by this order will be forwarded to the Dead Letter Office, except those for Western Virginia, which will be sent to Wheeling.

About 8 o'clock this morning the remains of Col. Ellsworth, under a guard of honor, were conveyed from the navy-yard to the President's House. The coffin, which was of rosewood, with glass top, was placed in the centre of the East-room, surrounded with flowers, amongst which was a magnificent wreath prepared at the instance of his command. The body was attired in the identical uniform in which he was killed, and with the exception of a slight sprinkling of powder marks on the face, looked nearly as natural as life. The sword and cap of the deceased were also there, and the national banner was prominently displayed.

This arrangement was scarcely effected when hundreds of persons, of both sexes and all classes, crowded in to have a parting glance at the deceased. Of those present were a number of his comrades, who stood and gazed on the countenance of the deceased, then dropped a silent tear and departed. Quite a large number of army and navy officers, Senators and members and other distinguished gentlemen were present, and prominent at the head of the coffin was Lieut. Gen. Scott, who appeared to be deeply affected. The President of the United States and lady, Secretary Seward, Secretary Smith and lady, Secretary Cameron and the Staff of General Scott soon entered and took seats which had been prepared for them.

The Rev. Dr. Smith Pyne, rector of St. John's Church, read the solemn and impressive burial service of the Protestant Episcopal Church, following it with an appropriate discourse of about forty minutes. There were also present the chaplain of the New York Zouaves, Rev. Dr. C. M. Butler, rector of Trinity Church, and the Rev. Dr. Morsell, rector of Christ Church, navy-yard.

These services concluded, the procession was formed in the following order, and marched to the railroad station:

Washington Zouaves, Capt. Powell.
Company A, Turner Rifles, Capt. Gerhardt.
Company B, Turner Rifles, Capt. Krzyzanowski.
Detachment from the Washington Rifles, Sergeant Wahl.
Dodworth's seventy-first regiment band.
Seventy-first regiment, Lieut. Col. Martin.
Detachment of marines, Lieut. Fendall.
President's Mounted Guard, Lieut. Martin.

The following gentlemen were pall-bearers: J. S. Nicolay, Esq., the President's private secretary; Augustus Hate, Esq., of the State Department; Col. Stover, of N. Y.; John H. Morris, Esq., of N. Y.; Col. Tyler, first Connecticut regiment; Col. McDowell, 5th Pennsylvania regiment; Col. Lawrence, 5th Massachusetts regiment; Lieut. Col. Pitman, of the Rhode Island regiment; Col. Patterson, of the first artillery; Col. Hartranft, of the fourth Pennsylvania regiment.

Hearse, drawn by four white horses, containing the remains of the deceased, flanked on either side by a detachment of Zouaves.
Col. Ellsworth's horse, led by a groom.
Carriages containing the clergy.
Delegation from the Franklin fire company.
Deputation of six of the Chicago Zouaves.
Deputation from the New York fire department, consisting of Messrs. A. H. Ockershause, J. W. Brennan, W. H. Wickham, John R. Platt and John S. Giles.
Carriage containing President Lincoln, Secretary Seward, and Secretary Caleb B. Smith.

Every foot of available space along the entire route was densely thronged with people of all classes, to witness the procession, and the mournful music of the bands, the festooned flags, the reversed arms, conspired to make the scene a most impressive one.

The progress of the procession was indicated by minute guns, tolling of bells and the crowding of the multitude.

The corpse is accompanied to New York by Lieutenants Livier, Striker and Yates, Corporal Brunnell, Company A, and privates James Moore, Hiram Smith, John H. Smith, Frank Marshall, W. H. Brown and Michael Drinnall.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

WASHINGTON, May 26.

*Divine Service—Quick Movement of the Troops at the Alarm—Presentation of Colors to the Twenty-Fifth Pennsylvania Regiment—Shooting of Two Soldiers at Alexandria—More Troops Moving Down to Alexandria, &c.*

At the usual hour of Divine Worship this morning many of the soldiers now quartered in our city attended the respective churches, and at each of the encampments devotional services were held.

The sudden alarm yesterday afternoon, which proved groundless, had the effect to test the promptitude and efficiency of the troops, for at that moment the obsequies of Colonel Ellsworth were progressing. In fifteen minutes from the moment the alarm guns fired, the Massachusetts Fifth, the Connecticut First Regiment, the Flying Battery and companies of the District Volunteers were in full march for the Potomac.

On Monday afternoon, about four o'clock, there will be presented to the 25th regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers a stand of colors. The ceremonies will take place in East Capitol Square. It is probable that President Lincoln, the Secretary of War and other distinguished personages will be present. Major Campbell, of the Schuylkill district, will receive the gift.

A fatal occurrence took place at Alexandria during the night of Friday last. Corporal John Butterworth, of company D, and member of engine No. 11, New York, under Colonel Ellsworth, was shot dead by a sentinel of his own company named Mike O'Neal. It appears the deceased was approaching the guard, who hailed three times without any other reply than "It's me." The sentinel fired and Butterworth fell a corpse. His remains were last evening brought up to our Navy-yard and placed in the precise spot occupied a day before by those of Col. Ellsworth. His remains left here this morning for New York.

Another shooting case occurred at Alexandria on yesterday afternoon. A private of the New York Zouaves named Buckley, a member of the firm of Allen, McLean & Buckley, of New York, was killed by an officer. Deceased was under confinement at the time, and determined to pass the bounds assigned him, when, during the resistance, he met his untimely fate. He will probably be buried in Alexandria.

Yesterday afternoon Mary Scholfield, one of the very oldest members of the Society of Friends in this District, was buried from the dwelling of Henry Janney, on Eighth street. She died at the age of 87 years.

About two o'clock this morning the forces in Alexandria were summoned and were quickly ready for service. It proved to be only the shooting of some secessionists at the picket guards. A large body of government troops to-day passed down towards Alexandria.

Yours, &c., MERCURY.

A RECIPE FOR CONTENTMENT.—Try to compute your artificial wants—the number of things which you fancy come under the list of "must haves" merely because other people possess them, and not because you would not be quite as well off and as happy in their absence. Try it for one week, whenever your fingers are tempted to dally with your purse strings. Record in your memorandum book what, in view of this, you sensibly resolve not to buy, and see what a nice little sum will be left you for real necessaries. It is seldom by these last that one is hampered and annoyed. Make the experiment, and see if it is not so. A just economy is not niggardliness; one need not be a miser in avoiding the extravagance of a spendthrift.

## What is Treason and Misprision of Treason.

Judge Cadwallader, of the United States Court, in Philadelphia, delivered a charge to the grand jury on Monday, defining, at considerable length, what constitute treason and misprision of treason. After quoting the law of Congress on the subject, the judge proceeded, as follows:

Any citizen, resident, inhabitant or sojourner, at any point between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, and between the Mexican and British American dominions, engaged voluntarily in hostility against the United States, will be guilty of treason in levying war. When a body of armed men is mustered in military array for a hostile purpose, every step which any one of them takes in execution of this purpose is an act of levying war. Merely cruising in an armed vessel, with a hostile purpose, is levying war, though the cruiser may not encounter a single vessel. The excuse of compulsion is admitted only in favor of parties forced under a personal fear of death into the hostile service, who quit it afterwards as soon as they can.

Any act in giving aid and comfort to, which, if afforded to foreign public enemies, would constitute a treasonable adherence, will, when afforded to rebels or insurgents, constitute an act of treason in levying war. There can be no more accessories or accomplices; all participants are alike, in law, principals in guilt.

Giving to enemies aid and comfort is a specification of methods of treasonable adherence to enemies. The examples of such adherence usually stated are: accepting commissions in their service for hostile purpose, and furnishing supplies or intelligence to promote such purposes.

Though such intelligence or supplies have been intercepted without having reached their destination, or having benefitted in any manner the enemy, the offense is consummated if they have been placed in a course of transmission to the enemy. These are, perhaps, the only treasons of which the commission in this district may be apprehended as in any degree probable.

They may be committed at any distance from the seat of actual or intended hostilities. If a treason of this or any other kind has been committed, it may be prosecuted in any district within which any one act in part execution of it has been performed. But a mere non-executed purpose to commit an act of treason, without any step taken in performance of it, is not a criminal offense. Thus Judge Washington was of opinion that carrying provisions towards enemies, with an intention to supply them, would be treason, though the purpose were frustrated; but that merely going on an expedition for the purpose of peaceably purchasing provisions, in order that enemies might afterwards be supplied with them, was not treason.

Judge C. then went on to refer to the terrific register of sacrifices of human victims furnished by European history, through the looseness and uncertainty of the crime of treason. To avoid such evils, the language of the constitution of the United States excludes from the definition of treason all such intents, plots and conspiracies to violate the duty of allegiance as have not been in part at least executed.

Evidence of such conspiracies or intent may sometimes, indeed, so define the character of acts as to afford proof that they amount either to levying war or adhering to enemies. But unless an act of one kind or the other has been performed, no accumulation of such evidence can suffice to sustain a prosecution for treason.

The Supreme Court, through Chief-Justice Marshall, have said that, however flagitious may be the crime of conspiring to subvert by force the government of our country, such conspiracy is not treason. To conspire to levy war and actually to levy war, are distinct offenses.

All questions under this head must be considered with calmness and caution. The same great judge said, that "as there is no crime which can more excite and agitate the minds of men than treason, no charge demands more from the tribunal before which it is made a deliberate and temperate inquiry."

Misprision of treason is defined under the act of 1790, to consist of having knowledge of the commission of any of the treasons aforesaid, and concealing the same and not as soon as may be, disclosing and making known the same to the President of the United States or some one of the judges thereof, or to the President or Governor of a particular State, or some one of the judges or justices thereof. A prosecution for this offense may be sustained without a previous conviction of the treason which has been concealed or proceeding of any kind against the traitor.

A LAMENTABLE FEATURE OF THE TIMES.—The following remarks of the St. Louis Republican are applicable to many sections of the country:

It is one of the most lamentable features of the times through which we are passing, that men seem to be carried away by an excess of feeling amounting almost to frenzy. Nobody seems to think. Reason has lost its sway, and a man is nothing now if he be not intemperate in the expressions of his opinions, and intolerant when opposition is made to his extreme and abominable plans for the safety of the Republic, or the destruction of it, which is much the best form of speech. Another unfortunate feature in connection with public affairs is, that a man of sound intellect, great moral courage and real interest in the preservation of our institutions, is no longer able to command public attention, or is reluctant to put himself before the country for fear of the torrents of abuse which are sure to be showered upon him by desperate demagogues, by political snicks, by men who have nothing to gain by the return of peace, and who, to characterize them emphatically, would rather "reign in hell than serve in Heaven."

Age, experience, the voice of patriotism, are set aside, that people may be led, step by step, to ruin and civil war. One has only to look to the press and the pulpit, and to be present in one of our Legislatures or public meetings, to hear language and anathemas and imprecations fit only for pandemonium itself. And for what? That the people may be the sooner induced to embroil themselves in a bloody war—brother against brother, father against son, carrying death and wo into every household in the land. We talk of this as an age of civilization, of high intellectual culture, of progress, and even claim that it is remarkable for Christian and ennobling virtues, and yet we see around us stronger evidences of barbarism, of savage ferocity, of desperate wickedness, than has signalized any page of history. Is it not time that there should be some pause, on all sides, in this paroxysm of folly and madness and intent to murder?

MILITARY SIGNALS—*Interesting Experiments.* Major Myer, of the army, some months since announced the discovery by himself of a new system of military signals, which would, in a great measure, revolutionize the management of modern forces. The signals are made by means of a flag attached to a pole, from twelve to sixteen feet long. The different movements which the flag is made to go through represent numbers, which in their turn represent letters of the alphabet. The letters, of course, are combined into words that lead out the message. By the intervention of the numbers, none but the officer who directs the flag-man, and those who have been previously informed of the arrangement of the system, can understand the language of the flag, which flag is moved in three directions, to right, left, and front. This is done by soldiers who are especially drilled for the purpose, and who in the trial, managed the bunting with astonishing accuracy.

For night signals, torches are substituted for flags; otherwise, the signals are similar to those made in the day time. All the implements necessary for the service can be embraced in a small packet, can be transported from point to point by a single man, and be put in readiness for use in fifteen minutes. The experiments were made in the neighborhood of Santa Fe, in the latter part of April, and were successful in every instance, although uneven ground was especially selected. The first day signals were exchanged sixteen miles without difficulty; and on the third day, by the aid of a small repeating station, an intelligible military conversation was rapidly carried on between Old Fort Marcy and Galveston, which are twenty-five miles apart. In a few days the War Department of the United States will receive an official report of these experiments, when the commanding officers of the different regiments now at the seat of war will, doubtless, be initiated into the mysteries of the business.—*New York Times.*

PHILOSOPHY OF RAIN.—To understand the philosophy of this beautiful and often sublime phenomenon, so often witnessed since the creation, and essential to the very existence of animals, a few facts derived from observation and a long train of experiment must be remembered:

1. Where the atmosphere, everywhere, at all times, at an uniform temperature, we should never have rain, or hail, or snow. The water absorbed by it in evaporation from the sea and the earth's surface, would descend in an imperceptible vapor or cease to be absorbed by the air when once fully saturated.

2. The absorbing power of the atmosphere, and consequently its capability to retain humidity, is proportionally greater in cold than in warm air.

3. The air near the surface of the earth is warmer than it is in the region of the clouds. The higher we ascend from the earth, the colder do we find the atmosphere. Hence the perpetual snow on very high mountains in the hottest climates. Now, when from continual evaporation the air is highly saturated with vapor, though it be invisible and the sky cloudless, if its temperature is suddenly reduced by cold currents of air rushing from above, or from a higher to a lower latitude, its capacity to retain moisture is diminished, clouds are formed, and the result is rain. Air condenses as it cools, and like a sponge filled with water and compressed, pours out the water which its diminished capacity cannot hold.

AFFAIRS IN CECIL COUNTY.—The Elkton papers say the wheat and peach crops promise well, but the cold weather and the cut worm are injuring the corn. On the 17th inst. there was a severe white frost. The Susquehanna fisheries have closed operations, after a very successful season. The public schools of the county have been closed until September next, except to such scholars as pay for tuition at ordinary schools. The Howard Guards, of Elkton, are preparing to be mustered into the United States service.

## Be Your Own Right Hand Man.

People who have been bolstered up and levered along all their lives are seldom good for anything in a crisis. When misfortune comes they look around for somebody to cling or lean upon. If the prop is not there, down they go. Once down, they are as helpless as capsized turtles, or unhorsed men in armor, and cannot find their feet again without assistance. Such silken fellows no more resemble self-made men, who have fought their way to position, making difficulties their stepping stones, and deriving determination from defeat, than vines resemble oaks, or sputtering rush lights the stars of heaven. Effort persisted to achievements trains a man to self-reliance, and when he has proved to the world that he can trust himself, the world will trust him. We say, therefore, that it is unwise to deprive young men of the advantages which result from energetic action, by "boosting" them over obstacles which they ought to be able to surmount alone. No one ever swam well who placed his whole confidence in a cork jacket; and if when breasting the sea of life, we cannot buoy ourselves up and try to forge ourselves ahead by dint of our own energies, we are not worth salvage, and it is of little consequence whether we sink or swim, survive or perish."

One of the best lessons a father can give to a son is this: "Work, strengthen your moral and mental faculties, as you would strengthen your muscles, by vigorous exercise. Learn to conquer circumstances, you are then independent of fortune." The men of athletic minds who have left their marks on the eras in which they lived, were all trained in a rough school. They did not mount their high positions by the help of leverage; they leaped into chasms, grappled with the opposing rocks, avoided avalanches, and when the goal was reached, felt that but for the toil that had strengthened them as they strove, it could never have been attained.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—Mr. M. Patterson, a relative of the Messrs. Glenn, of the New York Store, and the cashier of that house, was shockingly burned in Indianapolis, Ind., on Monday night. He retired to his room at the Bates House at a late hour, and either left a candle burning or dropped a cigar on the bed. He awoke, however, to find himself enveloped in flames, and after one or two cries of fire, and getting out of bed, he became unconscious and fell over on the burning bed. A gentleman occupying the adjoining room heard the cry, and with a bar broke open the door and found Mr. Patterson in the position described, with his shirt burned off and the flesh on his arms, breast, neck and bowels burned until the skin was crisp. Mr. Patterson has recovered his consciousness, but there is scarcely a hope that he will recover.

DEATH OF THE DUKE OF BEDFORD.—The Etna brings intelligence of the death of Francis Russell, the seventh Duke of Bedford since the revival and bestowal of the title upon the Russell family in 1694. The late Duke was one of the least distinguished of his illustrious family. He was born in 1790, and married, in 1817, Elizabeth Anne, only daughter of the honorable Theophilus Rowdon. He succeeded to the title on the death of his father, October 20, 1839. Lord John Russell is a younger brother of the late Duke. No family is more conspicuous in English history, many of its members having been ardent supporters of the cause of freedom and champions of the British constitution. The Marquis of Tavistock, only son of the late Duke, succeeds to the title.—*New York Post.*

MORE ARMY RESIGNATIONS.—The following resignations of army officers have been recently accepted: Col. Fauntleroy, Major Larkin Smith, Captain Wm. B. Blair, Lieutenants J. C. B. Stuart, J. A. D'Launel, and Assistant Surgeon A. M. Fauntleroy, of Virginia; Capt. J. P. McCown, of Tennessee; Lieuts. Mercer, Anderson and Cone, of Georgia, Robinson, of North Carolina; Haskell, of D. C.; Surgeons Crowell and Anderson, and Lieutenant T. K. Jackson, of South Carolina. Besides these the resignations of Lieutenant Fitzhugh Lee, a son of Captain Sidney S. Lee, late of the navy; of Lieutenant Frank Huger, a son of Col. Huger, and of Captain Thos. Jordan, assistant quartermaster, have been announced.

THE BROOKLYN NAVY-YARD.—Unusual activity prevails at the Brooklyn navy-yard.—There have not been for many years as many men employed there as at present. Over 1,900 hands are at work every day, and the monthly disbursements amount to over $80,000. The vessels preparing for sea at the yard are the Roanoke, 44 guns, (nearly ready;) the Potomac, 50 guns; the Savannah, 22 guns; the R. R. Cuyler, the Montgomery, the Daylight, the Penguin, and the Albatross—the last five are regular men-of-war. The United States corvette Vandalia, which arrived from the Cape of Good Hope last week, is in the stream, in full war trim, waiting orders to sail.

## MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

The stock market on Saturday was steady, but inactive. City 6's 1890 left off firm at 83 bid. 81¼ asked; for 1886's 80¼ bid, 84 asked. Nothing doing in Railroad bonds. For B&OR dividend bonds (1862) the bid is 38, div. off, but held at 43. Nor. Central 1885's 39¼ bid, 40 asked. The bonds of the Western Maryland R (guaranteed by the city) are wanted at 76, but held at 80¼. In Railroad shares, B&O brought 40, and closed 40 bid, 41 asked. For Nor. Central R 13 bid, 14¾ asked—no sales. Canton stock 8¾ bid, 10 asked. Nothing doing in the Mining fancies—for Springfield $1 bid, $1.40 asked; Gardner 75 cts bid, $1.05 asked.

SALES AT BALTIMORE ON SATURDAY:

25 shs B&OR 40 | 25 shs B&OR, s60 40

CLOSING RATES:

| | BID. | ASK. | | BID. | ASK. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Virginia 6s, cou | 00 | 50 | Canton Co. | 8¾ | 10 |
| Missouri 6s | 39¼ | 00 | Balt&NorCM | 0.00 | 0.20 |
| City 6s 1875 | 79 | 00 | CambridgeM | 0.10 | 0.20 |
| City 6s 1886 | 80¾ | 84 | Consolidatd M | 0.00 | 0.30 |
| City 6s 1890,nw | 83 | 81¾ | Deep River M | 0.00 | 0.15 |
| B&O bds 1862 | 38 | 43 | Gardner M | 0.75 | 1.05 |
| NCR bds 1885 | 39¼ | 40 | Guilford M | 0.00 | 0.35 |
| WM&R bonds | 76 | 80¼ | North State M | 0.00 | 0.75 |
| B&OR shares | 40 | 41 | Silver Val M | 0.00 | 0.35 |
| NCRshares | 13 | 14¾ | SpringfieldM | 1.00 | 1.40 |

The New York Post of Saturday evening says:

"Stocks are better to-day, and the entire list shows considerable firmness, though further news from Virginia is anxiously awaited, and the next turn of the market depends greatly upon the course of affairs in that locality. The market closes firm, with sales of New York Central at 71¾a71¾; Galena 56¾; Illinois Central 66. A small lot of Panama sold at 102¼, which is considerably lower. Pacific Mail leaves off at 61¾a61¾. Federal securities are steady though quotations are scarcely maintained on the 5s of 1874 and 1871. State stocks are firmer, especially Virginias, Tennessees and Missouris, which are 1a1½ per cent higher. Kentuckys sold at 77. North Carolinas are dull at 55a56. Railroad bonds without noticeable change. The first class mortgages are scarce and command full prices."

There is no activity in currency at New York. Thompson Brothers quote New England and Philadelphia at ¼ per cent discount; New York State ⅜a½; Pennsylvania State 3a5; Maryland 1a3; Ohio, Indiana, Michigan and Canada 1a1½; Kentucky 8a10; Illinois and Missouri 20a30; and Wisconsin 15a20.

The movements of the Banks in four of the principal cities of the Union, in which weekly reports are made, as shown by their last statements, is as follows:

| | Loans. | Deposits. | Specie. | Circul'n |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| N. York.. | $120,007,806 | 93,179,627 | 30,537,780 | 9,061,131 |
| Boston.... | 61,206,073 | 18,646,578 | 6,172,850 | 6,746,068 |
| Philad's.. | 25,490,530 | 15,549,797 | 5,548,531 | 2,494,552 |
| N.Orleans | 20,377,592 | 18,990,801 | 15,096,456 | 7,303,891 |
| Total..... | $227,582,000 | 146,366,503 | 58,354,787 | 25,596,647 |
| Prev's wk | 231,329,401 | 147,752,258 | 65,666,819 | 28,223,441 |

The following is a comparative statement of the imports of foreign dry goods and general merchandise at New York for last week and since Jan. 1:

| | 1859. | 1860. | 1861. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Entered at port. | $1,846,787 | $1,702,345 | $568,983 |
| Thrown on mkt.. | 1,841,777 | 1,539,865 | 270,897 |
| Since Jan. 1. | | | |
| Entered at port. | $44,513,256 | $43,317,415 | $23,215,306 |
| Thrown on mkt. | 45,405,053 | 43,776,036 | 27,134,807 |

[Reported for the Baltimore Sun.]

BALTIMORE MARKET—SATURDAY, May 25.

*[Prices given below refer to wholesale operations only, unless otherwise expressed.]*

COFFEE, SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—There is nothing whatever doing in these articles; the market remains very dull at our last range of quotations.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The Flour market was again very dull this morning, and no sales were reported on 'Change; Howard street and Ohio Super is still held firmly at $5 50, and standard City Mills do, at 5 37½a$5 50 per bbl. In Extra there is nothing whatever doing; we quote Howard street and Ohio Extra at 6 25a$6 50, and City Mills $6 75 per bbl. Corn Meal is dull at $2 87½ per bbl, and Rye Flour at 4a$4 25 per bbl for first quality.

GRAIN.—The receipts of all descriptions were again limited this morning, and prices were wholly unchanged, white Wheat being quoted at 1 35a$1 65, and red 1 25a$1 50 per bushel, as to quality. Corn 55a56 cts for white, and 54a57 cts per bushel for yellow. Oats 30a33 cts for Pennsylvania, and 28a31 cts per bushel for Maryland. Rye 70 cts for Pennsylvania, and 65 cts per bushel for Maryland.

PROVISIONS.—The market continues very dull at previous prices. Pork—We quote Western Mess at $18, Prime $14, and Rump 13a$13 50 per bbl. Bulk Meat—We still quote Shoulders and Sides at 7a9 cts, and Hams 8½a9 cts per lb. Bacon—We still quote Shoulders and Sides at 7¾a9¾ cts, in jobbing lots, and Hams 10½a12½ cts per lb. Lard—We still quote at 9¾a10 cts for Western, in bbls and trcs; 9¼a9¾ cts for City rendered; and 12a12½ cts per lb for refined.

WHISKY.—We notice sales of 50 bbls Country at 16 cts, and 80 do. Ohio at 17 cts per gallon; we now quote Ohio at 16¾a17 cts per gallon.

NEW YORK MARKET, May 25.—Flour in good demand, sales of 12,700 bbls. State at 5a$5 10, Ohio at 5a$5 10, and Southern 5a$6 60. Pork is dull and heavy; Mess 16 75a$17, Prime 12 75a$12 87½. Lard heavy at 8¾a9¾ cents. Sugar quiet and unchanged. Whisky firm at 16¾ cts.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET, May 25.—Flour is firm; sales of State at 5 50a$5 62½. Wheat is steady at 1 35a$1 38 for red, and at $1 45 for white. Corn is steady; sales of yellow at 60 cts. Lard is steady at 10 cts. Whisky is dull at 16a17 cts.

CINCINNATI MARKET, May 24.—Flour is steady at 4 50a$4 60. Whisky steady at 12¾ cts. Mess Pork $17, Lard 8¾ cts. Exchange on New York steady at ¾. Kentucky money 2a3 per cent discount.

WRIGHTSVILLE (PA.) WHOLESALE LUMBER MARKET, May 24th.—Inferior Cull Boards and Grub Plank $9; Culling Boards $12 50; 2d Common do. $18; 2d Common Plank $18; 1st Common Boards $30; Pannel Boards $35; Hemlock Boards $10; do. Scantling 10a$11; Pine Scantling $15; Bill Stuff $15; Plaster Lath $2; and Shingles $15.

[BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.]

NEW ORLEANS MARKET, May 24.—Cotton—Sales to-day only 100 bales, Middlings at 11¾a11¾ cents. Sales of the week 2,500 bales; receipts 3,300 bales; do. same week last year 4,400 bales; decreased receipts at this port 349,400; do. at all Southern ports 865,000 bales; exports of the week 17,600 bales; total do. of the season 1,868,000; stock in port 44,000 bales. Flour sells at $5 30. Corn 65a68 cts. Coffee—Sales of the week 6,245 bags at 13¾a17 cts; stock in port 2100 bags against 19,000 last year. Imports of the week 8500 bags.

CHICAGO MARKET, May 25.—Flour is inactive, no transactions. Wheat declined 5a8 cts, sales at 75a76 cts for No. 1 for gold. Corn dull and 5 cts lower, sales at 23 cts. The currency question is in statu quo, business of all kinds very quiet.

## PORT OF BALTIMORE, May 25, 1861.

Sun rises.....4 42 | Sun sets.....7 17

CLEARED.

Schrs. Peerless, Patterson, St. John's, P. R., Stirling & Ahrens; Jamestown, Latouratte, New York, George's Creek Coal and Iron Co.; South Wind, Mitchell, Philadelphia, W. Applegarth & Son; John Alexandre, Applegarth, Georgetown, DC, do.; Samaria, Todd, Washington, DC, M. A. Mitchell. Steamers Adelaide, Cannon, Old Point Comfort, Va., M. N. Falls; John S. Shriver, Dennis, Philadelphia, J. A. Shriver; Artisan Chance, New York, do.

ARRIVED.

Ship Monsoon, Baker, 47 days from Callao, to Barril Bros. Barque Maryland, (Brem.) Hellmers, 50 days from Liverpool, to VonKapff & Arens.
Schr. Jackson, Bonker, from New York, to A. C. Schaefer. Came in capes on Friday night; passed a steamer at anchor, with two lights; met three schooners going out; was not spoke, saw no blockade at Rappahannock, York or Potomac rivers.
Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, from Old Point, to M. N. Falls. Passed off the Potomac river, a ship—bound up.
Steamer Artisan, Chance, fm New York, to J. A. Shriver.
Steamer Ely, L. Gaw, Iler, fm Philadelphia, to J. A. Shriver.
Stmr John S. Shriver, Dennis, fm Philad'a, to J. A. Shriver.
SAILED—Ship Hebnis, Webster, for Liverpool; brig Nellie Mowe, (new) Pike, for Boston; schr. Peerless, Patterson, for St. John's, P. R.

MEMORANDA.

Ship John M. Mayo, Snow, from Callao, for Bolivia, to load guano for Baltimore at $12 per ton, was at Valparaiso April 12.
Ship Flora Temple, from New Orleans, arrived at Cape Clear previous to 15th inst.
Ship Moses Standish, Hutchings, from Callao, was at Cobija 2nd ult., for Baltimore.
Barque Campanero, Dubel, for New York, remained at Rio Janeiro 26th ult., to sail 28th—freight, 60a65c per bag.
Barque Snap Dragon, Kissam, from Acapulco, for Popoea to load ore for Baltimore at $18 per ton, was at Valparaiso April 18th.
Barque Reindeer, Coutts, from Rio Janeiro April 28th, arrived at Philadelphia 24th inst. Left in port ships Sunshee, Kean, wtg; Bullion, Hodgson, disc.; barques Sallie Magee, Soule, do.; Parthian, Miller, do.; Campanero, Dubel, do.; Lindwood, Penny, disc.; Fame, Kennedy, do.; brigs Fairfax, Claypool, ready, wtg.; North Point, Smith, wtg.; schr. Lynchburg, Harris, ready for sea.
Barque Octavia, (prize,) from Richmond, and schr. David Faust, Morselander, of Wilmington, N. C., from New Orleans, arrived at New York 25th inst.
Barque George & Henry, Ganby, for Baltimore, sailed from Iquique March —.
Schr. Louisiana, Mitchell, from Laguayra, arrived at New York 24th inst.
Schr. Marietta Burr, of Alexandria, Va., was sold at Providence on Friday, at U. S. Marshal's sale, for debt, and brought $1810.

CLEARED FOR BALTIMORE.

Ship Patterson, Bill, at Liverpool previous to 15th inst.
Barque Ourdalia, Roberts, at Monrovia April 11th.
Schr. Hannah Martin, Sleight, at New York 24th inst.
Steamer J. R. Thompson, Fowler, at New York 25th inst.


"THE PRINTING OFFICE," SUN IRON BUILDING, BALTIMORE.

Supplied, without regard to cost, with the most improved Steam Presses and Machinery, together with a large assortment of NEW TYPES, ORNAMENTS AND MATERIALS, Comprising unequalled facilities. We have now in operation the

"FIRE-FLY" CARD PRINTING PRESS,
(The only one of the kind in the city,)
WHICH FEEDS, PRINTS, CUTS AND COUNTS
10,000 CARDS PER HOUR.

The wonderful facilities which this Press offers, enables us to furnish a *Neat Business Card* at the remarkably low price of
$1 50 PER THOUSAND!

As a sufficient guarantee of our ability to give satisfaction in point of
BEAUTY OF EXECUTION, PROMPTNESS AND CHEAPNESS,

We have now in operation Ten Presses, *all of which are run by Steam-Power.* We are prepared to execute
*ALL KINDS OF PRINTING,*
in every variety, in the very best style, and at the
LOWEST RATES FOR CASH.
Printing such as required by
BANKS, BROKERS, INSURANCE OFFICES
SHIPPERS, RAILROAD COMPANIES,
STEAMBOATS, FORWARDERS,
MERCHANTS, STOREKEEPERS, MECHANICS, ETC.,
Will receive our especial attention, and be executed with uniform dispatch, elegance and taste.
Our facilities for the Printing of
*LARGE POSTING BILLS,*
PROGRAMMES, &c.,
Either in BLACK or COLORS, for Theatres, Circuses, Museums, Concerts, Exhibitions, &c., are not surpassed by any establishment in the United States.

Having one of the most extensive Offices south of Philadelphia, with the services of very competent employees, and all the facilities of the business at command, we cannot fail to give entire satisfaction.

Confident of our ability to give satisfaction to all, both in price and quality of workmanship, and to make it to the interest of all to deal with us, business men will find it greatly to their advantage to call and examine specimens, at
"THE PRINTING OFFICE,"
m2-tf: Sun Iron Building.

HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA
*VEGETABLE OR BLOOD PILLS,*
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.
*Baltimore, July 29, 1858.*
This is to certify that I was afflicted with a violent pain in the breast and right arm, which I supposed proceeded from the impure state of my blood. I was recommended to take *Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills*, and after taking one box the pain was entirely removed from my breast and arm. I found them extremely gentle in their operation, and would recommend them to every person in want of a mild purgative. PATRICK ROCHE,
No. 95 Conway st., between Howard and Eutaw.
In purchasing these Pills let me add
ONE WORD OF CAUTION.
Always ask for HANCE'S PILLS, and purchase of none but those advertised as agents, and if convenient call and see the proprietor himself.
For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore and SWEETZER & CO., corner of Charles and Pratt streets tAp26

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS
CURES LIVER COMPLAINT.
SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS
CURES PAIN IN THE SIDE.
SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS
REMOVES SALLOW COMPLEXION.
SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS
CURES SICK HEADACHE.
SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS
CLEANS FURRED TONGUE.
SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS
CURES ALL BILIOUS DISORDERS.
Get a Box of
SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS
And you will never use any other kind.
Price 25 cents per box.
DR. SCHENCK,
of Philadelphia, the proprietor of
*SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,*
The only person that has cured *Pulmonary Consumption* in its advanced stages, will be in Baltimore, professionally, at the Drug Store of
SETH S. HANCE,
No. 108 Baltimore street,
ON THURSDAY OF EACH WEEK.
SETH S. HANCE has fitted up rooms over his Drug Store for the accommodation of his patients. All persons laboring under disease of the Lungs, Liver and Digestive Organs, are invited to call upon the Doctor, who will, without charge, give all necessary advice. He will give those who desire it a thorough examination with his Respirometer for $1 each.
Price for the Pulmonic Syrup, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.
Price for the Seaweed Tonic, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.
Price of the Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box.
For sale by SETH S. HANCE,
tf 108 Baltimore street.
For sale in Washington, D. C., by S. B. WAITE, corner of Louisiana avenue and Seventh street.

J. R. STAFFORD'S
OLIVE TAR.
When OLIVE TAR is inhaled, its healing *Balsamic odors* are brought in contact with the lining membrane of the
*THROAT, BRONCHIAL TUBES AND ALL THE AIR-CELLS OF THE LUNGS,*
relieving at once any pain or oppression, and healing any irritation or inflammation.
When OLIVE TAR is taken upon sugar, it forms an unequalled *Soothing and Healing Syrup* for Coughs and all Throat Diseases.
When OLIVE TAR is applied, its Magnetic or concentrated curative powers render it a most speedy
PAIN ANNIHILATOR.
*OLIVE TAR is not Sticky—does not Discolor.*
Fifty cents a bottle, at 442 BROADWAY, N. Y. and by HANCE, 108 Baltimore street.
J. R. STAFFORD'S
IRON AND SULPHUR POWDERS
are a soluble preparation of Iron and Sulphur, identical with that existing in the blood of a perfectly healthy person. Uniting with the digested food
They Revitalize and Purify the Blood.
They impart Energy to the Nervous System.
They invigorate the Liver.
They Strengthen the Digestion.
They regulate the secretions of the body,
And are a Specific for all Female Weaknesses.
*Price One Dollar a Package.*
AT No. 442 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, and HANCE, 108 Baltimore street.
Pamphlet containing Testimonials from the following, and more than one hundred other well known prominent persons, will be sent to any address *free, by mail:*
George Law, Esq., Fifth Avenue, New York.
Simeon Draper, Esq., Banker, New York.
Thurlow Weed, Esq., Albany, New York.
Gen. Duff Green, Washington, D. C.
Col. Samuel Colt, Hartford, Conn.
Col. Charles May, U. S. A.
Rev. Joshua Leavitt, editor Independent, N. Y.
Rev. E. Bright, editor Examiner, New York.
Rev. O. F. A. Spinning, Butternutts, New York.
For sale by SETH S. HANCE, Agent, No. 108 BALTIMORE STREET, and by all Druggists everywhere. tAp26

HANCE'S HOR HOUND CANDY.
HANCE'S HOREHOUND CANDY.
HANCE'S HOREHOUND CANDY.
Twenty years' experience has proven, beyond the shadow of a doubt, that HANCE'S HOREHOUND CANDY excels every other remedy for the cure of
ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS,
COUGHS AND COLDS,
CROUP AND HOOPING COUGH,
SPITTING OF BLOOD
AND ALL PULMONARY COMPLAINTS.
Hundreds of other remedies have been landed and extolled to the skies, but having no virtue to sustain them, have sunk into oblivion, while HANCE'S HOREHOUND CANDY has continually increased in popularity, until it has become a standard preparation.
Price 25 Cents per package, or five packages for $1. For sale by SETH S. HANCE,
tAp26. No. 108 Baltimore street.

CURE YOUR CORNS!—
HOUCHIN'S CORN SOLVENT.
This remedy is a safe and sure cure for
HARD AND SOFT CORNS.
BY ITS PECULIAR
SOOTHING AND SOFTENING PROPERTIES
Softens the Corn, or Callus, and reproduces a Natural and Healthy State of the Flesh.
THIS IS NO HUMBUG—TRY IT!
Sold by J. B. MORRILL, 183 Greenwich street, N. Y. Price 25 cents per bottle.
Sold by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street. m15-tf

HANCE'S
COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOREHOUND,
*For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Pain in the Breast, and all Diseases which Terminate in Consumption.*
This article, which has been before the public for a number of years, is without a superior for the cure of the diseases for which it is recommended.—Oftentimes one bottle has been known to afford immediate relief and even cure. Price 50 cents per bottle, or six bottles for $2 50. For sale by
SETH S. HANCE,
'm1-1m 108 Baltimore street.

GENUINE PREPARATIONS FOR THE HAIR, and HAIR DYES, sold by
SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore st.
Van Dusen's Whapene, | Bogle's Hair Dye,
Wood's Restorer, | Bachelor's Hair Dye,
Barry's Tricopherous, | Twigg's Hair Dye,
Lyon's Katharion, | Phalon's Hair Dye,
Jayne's Hair Tonic, | Jayne's Hair Dye,
Bogle's Hyperion Fluid, | Gilman's Hair Dye,
With numerous DYES and PREPARATIONS FOR THE HAIR, of every description, too numerous to mention. tAp26

GENUINE FRENCH CAPSULES of COPAIVA BALSAM, for sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore st.; SWEETSER & CO., corner of Pratt and Charles streets.

ARMY SUPPLIES.—
OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, Philadelphia, May 20th, 1861.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on Monday, the third day of June next, for furnishing by contract the following Army Supplies and Materials, deliverable at the United States Clothing and Equipage Depot, (Schuylkill Arsenal,) in quantities as required, viz:—
10,000 yards Cloth, dark blue, (indigo wool-dyed,) for caps, 54 inches wide, to weigh about 14 ounces per yard.
100,000 yards Cloth, dark blue, (indigo wool-dyed,) twilled, 54 inches wide, to weigh 21 ounces per yard.
130,000 yards Kersey, dark blue, (indigo wool-dyed,) twilled, 54 inches wide, to weigh 22 ounces per yard.
175,000 yards Kersey, sky blue, (indigo wool-dyed) 54 inches wide, to weigh 22 ounces per yrd.
50,000 army Blankets, wool, gray, (with the letters U. S. in black, 4 inches long, in the centre to be 7 feet long, and 5 feet 6 inches wide, to weigh 5 pounds each.
200,000 yards Flannel, dark blue, (indigo wool-dyed,) 54 inches wide, to weigh 10 ounces per yrd.
100,000 yards Flannel, cotton and wool, dark blue, (indigo dyed,) to weigh 6½ ounces per yrd.
400,000 yards Flannel, white, (cotton and wool,) 31 inches wide, to weigh 6½ ounces per yard.
400,000 yards Canton Flannel, 27 inches wide, to weigh 7 ounces per yard.
800,000 yards Cotton Drilling, unbleached, 27 inches wide, to weigh 6½ ounces per yard.
100,000 yards Cotton Drilling, unbleached, 36 inches wide, to weigh 8 ounces per yard.
200,000 pairs of half Stockings, gray, 3 sizes, properly made of good fleece wool, with double and twisted yarn, to weigh 3 pounds per dozen pairs.
10,000 yards Russia Sheeting, 42 inches wide, best quality.
10,000 yards Brown Holland, 36 inches wide, best quality.
50,000 yards Cotton Muslin, unbleached, 36 inches wide.
20,000 yards Black Silesia, best quality, 36 inches wide.
4,000 yards Buckram, best quality, 40 inches wide.
8,000 sheets Wadding, cotton.
50,000 pieces Tape, (5-yards,) white, ⅝ and ⅜ inch wide.
——Silk—red, white, yellow, green and blue, for flags, per yard.
——Silk Twist and Sewing Silk, best quality, per lb.
5,000 Linen Thread, W. B., No. 35 and 40, per lb.
8,000 do. do. blue, No. 30, 35 and 40, per lb.
1,000 do. do. assorted colors, No. 35 and 40 per lb.
1,000 dozen spools Cotton.
1,000 pieces Webbing, (12 yards,) 1 and 1¼ inch.
40,000 yards Cotton Duck, 30 inches wide, to weigh 22½ ounces per yard.
15,000 yards Cotton Duck, 30 inches wide, to weigh 15½ ounces per yard.
200,000 yards Cotton Duck, 28½ inches wide, to weigh 15 ounces per yard.
150,000 yds. Cotton Duck, 28½ inches wide, to weigh 10 ounces per yard.
40,000 yards Cotton Duck, 24 inches wide, to weigh 12½ ounces per yard.
8,000 yards Cotton Duck, 33 inches wide, to weigh 10 ounces per yard.
30,000 yards Cotton Duck, 22 inches wide, to weigh 9 ounces per yard.
40,000 yards Canvas Padding.
50,000 yards Bunting—red, white and blue.
600 Cords and Tassels, for trumpets and bugles, assorted colors.
—— yards ⅜ inch Silk Lace, assorted colors.
40,000 yards ⅜, ⅜ and 1⅛ inch Worsted Lace, do.
40,000 Hat Cords, worsted, assorted colors, 3-16 inch diameter, with a tassel at each end, two inches long.
40,000 black Felt Hats, best quality, made of Scotch and English coney and Russian hare.
40,000 black Ostrich Feathers, 12 inches long.
40,000 Brass Eagles. 5,000 brass crossed cannon.
30,000 do. Bugles. 5,000 do. do. sabres.
300 do. Castles. 2,000 Trumpets.
60,000 do. Knapsack trimming sets, brass.
200 do. Spears and Ferrules, for guidons and colors.
2,000 gross Buckles, iron roller, ⅜ and 1¼ inch, best quality.
300 gross Buckles, for neck stocks.
400 pairs N.C. Brass Scales and 100 pairs Bronze.
1,200 pairs Sergeant's brass, and 500 pair Bronzed Scales.
30,000 pair Corporals' and Privates' brass, and 800 pair Bronzed Scales.
6,000 gross Coat Buttons, best quality.
5,000 gross Vest Buttons, do.
5,000 gross Shirt Buttons, do.
8,000 gross Suspender Buttons, best quality.
400 Bugles, with extra mouth pieces.
200 Trumpets, do. do.
1,000 Fifes, B and C, each kind.
100 Drums, complete, artillery.
700 do. do. infantry.
3,000 do. heads, batter.
4,000 do. do. snare.
2,000 do. snare, sets.
4,000 do. Sticks, pairs.
4,000 do. Cords, of Italian Hemp 34 feet long.
1,000 do. Slings.
800 do. Stick Carriages.
300 Hospital tent poles.
3,000 Wall Tent poles, sets.
15,000 Common, do. do.
8,000 Hospital Tent Pins, small and large.
20,000 Wall do. large.
200,000 Common do. do.
300,000 Tent Buttons, (wood,) large and small.
30,000 Tent Slips, do. do.
500 Garrison Flag Halliards of Italian Hemp, 220 feet long.
1,000 Recruiting Flag Halliards of Italian Hemp, 47 feet long.
10,000 pounds Cotton Sewing Twine, 6 and 8 strands.
20,000 pounds Manilla Tent Cord, large, medium and small, best quality.
500 pounds Bolt Rope.
6,000 do. Baling Rope.
300 do. Flax Twine.
5,000 yards Cotton Webbing, 1 and 1¼ inch.
60,000 Tin Canteens with cork stoppers, 3 pints, to weigh 11½ ounces without the stopper.
300 Iron Pots with bails.
25,000 Mess Pans, sheet iron, weight 2 pounds.
10,000 Camp Kettles, sheet iron, 3 sizes in nests, 18½ pounds.
5,000 Pickaxes, 2 sizes, to weigh 6½ and 7 pounds.
10,000 Felling Axes, cast steel, best quality, 4½, 5 and 5½ pounds.
10,000 Camp Hatchets, cast steel, best quality, 18 ounces.
10,000 Pickaxe Handles, best quality.
20,000 Felling-axe do. do.
15,000 Camp Hatchet Handles, best quality.
5,000 Spades, two sizes, do. do.
1,000 Stoves for Sibley tents.
15,000 Chains for Sibley tents, sets.
All the above mentioned articles must conform in all respects to the sealed standard patterns in this office, where they can be examined, and any additional information in regard to them will be furnished. Sample patterns of the Woolen and Cotton Cloths will be sent by mail to bidders. It is desirable that the articles be of domestic manufacture.
Proposals will be received for any one of these articles separately, and for any portion of each, not less than one-fourth of the number or quantity advertised for.
The privilege is reserved by the United States of decreasing the quantity one-fourth on the acceptance of the proposals, and of increasing it not to exceed double the quantity at any time prior to the completion of the contract, by giving the contractor thirty days notice of such desired increase; and of rejecting any proposal which may be considered extravagant.
The manufacturer's establishment or dealer's place of business must be distinctly stated in the proposal, together with the names, address and responsibility of two persons proposed as sureties.—The sureties will guarantee that a contract shall be entered into within ten days after the acceptance of said bid or proposal.
Bids from manufacturers will be preferred, or from regular dealers in the articles, and contracts will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidders who shall furnish the required securities for the faithful performance thereof.
Deliveries to commence within twenty days after the acceptance of the proposals, and one-fourth of the quantity contracted for must be delivered in equal monthly proportions within two months from said date of acceptance, and the remainder within three months thereafter in monthly or greater proportions.
It is to be distinctly understood that contracts are not transferable without the consent of the proper authority, and that any sale, assignment, or transfer, without such consent having been obtained, (except under a process of law,) will be regarded as an abandonment of the contract; and the contractor and his or their securities will be held responsible for all loss or damage to the United States which may arise therefrom.
Payments will be made on each delivery should Congress have made an appropriation to meet them, or as soon thereafter as an appropriation shall be made for that purpose. Ten per cent. of the amount of each delivery will be retained until the contract shall be completed, which will be forfeited to the United States in case of defalcation on the part of the contractor in fulfilling the contract.
Forms of proposals and guaranty will be furnished upon application to this office, and none will be considered that do not conform thereto.
Proposals will be endorsed—"Proposals for Furnishing Army Supplies and Materials," and be addressed, COL. CHARLES THOMAS,
m22-3tawtJe3] Asst. Q. M. Gen., U.S. Army.

THREE-DOLLAR HATS!
THREE-DOLLAR HATS!
THREE-DOLLAR HAT
Unprecedented, at No. 33 EUTAW STREET, one door from Lexington. I am manufacturing Spring Styles of DRESS HATS. I would call attention to a very superior article I am getting up at $3. Please call and examine. Also, every variety of SOFT HATS, and CHILDREN'S FANCY HATS AND CAPS, all very low for cash. Remember the place, EUTAW ST. one door from Lexington.
m 2-eo3m TOWSON

CHICKERING PIANO-FORTES.
PLAIN OVERSTRUNG.
The unqualified preference given these instruments, and their constantly *increasing popularity*, is the most convincing proof of their superior excellence. For sale only by
I. T. STODDARD,
a19-tf No. 4 South Calvert street.

ONE RICH ROSEWOOD 7 OCT. $300 PIANO will be sold for cash at $200; one rich Rosewood 7 oct. $300 Piano will be sold for cash at $150—both guaranteed for five years.
A NEW MELODEON CHEAP, at
STIEFF'S,
No. 7 North Liberty street,
a17-tf above Baltimore st.

PIANOS! PIANOS!! PIANOS!!!
Now is the time to get a good, substantial life-time PIANO cheap, (warranted for five years) at NEWMAN'S, 235 W. Baltimore street, three doors west of Charles street—sign of miniature Piano—where may be seen Pianos of our own manufacture, which are unsurpassed and which we are selling at reduced prices to suit the times.
Also on hand, several Second-hand Pianos, which we will sell low.
PRINCE & CO.'S MELODIONS from $45 and upwards, at NEWMAN'S,
235 Baltimore street, near Charles,
'ap9-1m* Sign, Miniature Piano.

PIANOS—PIANOS.—The best and cheapest Pianos are to be had at STIEFF'S Office and Warerooms, No. 7 N. Liberty st., near German. Factory Nos. 84 and 86 Camden street. Those in want of a good article of my own make will do well to give me a call before purchasing, as I am determined to sell at lower rates than any other house in the city. Each Piano guaranteed to be equal if not superior to any made. j 28-tf

PIANOS!—PIANOS!!—60 NEW PIANOS, of my own make, guaranteed equal if not superior to any made, will be sold during the present crisis *at cost price*. Now is the time to purchase, at STIEFF'S,
j14-tf 7 N. Liberty st., above Baltimore.

WM. F. THIEDE,
132 LEXINGTON ST.
Has always on hand a fine assortment of the best PIANOS, as Steinway & Son's, and others just as good. Prices for a fine 7 octave, from $225.
Violins, Guitars, Accordeons and Italian Strings.
Superior Instruments for rent.

CASH FOR NEGROES.—We are at all times purchasing SLAVES, paying the highest cash prices. Persons wishing to sell will call at No. 11 CAMDEN ST., Baltimore. Negroes received on BOARD. Communications addressed to
m8-6m* WILSON & HINDES.

UNITED STATES POSTAGE STAMPS, in large or small quantities, can be had at this office. tf

STEAMER OF TUESDAY, MAY 28, TO IRELAND, ENGLAND, OR SCOTLAND, VIA GALWAY.
The Atlantic Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company's magnificent steamer
PARANA,
N. PROWSE, Commander,
Will leave from Boston on the above date, touching at St. John's to land mails and passengers.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
Cabin to Galway, Dublin or Ireland...$75 and $100
Cabin to St. John's ... 35
Steerage to Galway, or any town in Ireland on a railway ... 30
Persons purchasing a ticket in Baltimore for this steamer will be furnished with a free passage from New York to Boston.
For passage or further information apply to
JOHN Q. A. HERRING,
Adams' Express Co.,
m18-tf 164 Baltimore street.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.
The Postmaster General having ordered the Mail Service between WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE and OLD POINT COMFORT (Fortress Monroe) to be resumed, on and after MONDAY, the 20th inst., the BAY LINE STEAMERS will leave the company's wharf, foot of Concord street, daily, (Sundays excepted) at 4½ P. M., or immediately after the arrival of the Washington train, which leaves Washington at 2¼ P. M.
m20-tf? M. N. FALLS, President.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
CALVERT STATION, Baltimore, May 18, 1861.
On and after Sunday, May 19th, 1861, Trains on the NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY arrive and depart as follows, until further notice.
*TRAINS NORTH.*
MAIL at 8.15 A. M.
EXPRESS at 3.30 P. M.
HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION at 3 P. M.
The 8.15 A. M. train connects at Relay House with trains on the Western Maryland Railroad; at Hanover Junction with Hanover and Gettysburg Railroads; at York with York and Wrightsville Railroad; at Harrisburg with Pennsylvania Railroad for all parts of the West, also with Lebanon Valley Railroad to *New York direct*; at Northumberland with L. and B. Railroad for Kingston and all parts of Wyoming Valley, and at Sunbury with the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad for all parts of Northern Pennsylvania and New York.
The 3.30 P. M. train makes all the above connections except Hanover Railroad, Wrightsville Railroad and the Lebanon Valley Railroad.
The 3 P. M. train makes connections with Pennsylvania Railroad for all parts of the West, and direct connections for New York.
*TRAINS ARRIVE.*
Mail at 6.10 P. M.; Express at 7.45 A. M.; Harrisburg Accommodation at 1 P. M.
For tickets and information inquire at the Ticket Office, Calvert Station, Baltimore.
m20-tf? [n] J. C. CLARKE, Sup't.

PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD.
*SPRING AND SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.*
On and after TUESDAY, May 14th, Passenger Trains for Philadelphia will leave President Street Depot daily (except Sundays) as follows, viz:
Express Train at 6.15 A. M.; Way Mail Train at 8.45 A. M.; Evening Mail at 4.45 o'clock. On SUNDAYS, until further notice, at 9.45 A. M. and 4.45 P. M. All trains connect with New York trains except 4.45 P. M. train on Saturdays.
A Freight Train with passenger car attached leaves at 5 P. M., stopping at all Stations between Baltimore and Havre-de-Grace.
Passengers for Delaware and the Eastern Shore of Maryland will find the most expeditious route by way of Wilmington.
All Colored Persons must give bond before entering the cars.
m14-tf WM. CRAWFORD, Agent.

FOR THE WEST AND SOUTH.
BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.
On and after May 16th, 1861, the trains will run as follows, viz:—Leave Camden Station, Baltimore, Mail, (except Sunday,) at 6.30 A. M.; Express daily at 3.45 P. M. Both Trains go directly through FOR ALL PARTS OF THE WEST, SOUTHWEST AND NORTHWEST.
FOR WAY PASSENGERS.
Between Baltimore and Piedmont take the 6 A. M. Train; between Piedmont and Wheeling take Accommodation Train, leaving Piedmont at 6.40 A. M.; and between Grafton and Parkersburg, take the 5.30 A. M. Train from Baltimore.
The FREDERICK TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 4.30 P. M. and Frederick at 6.30 A. M.
The ELLICOTT'S MILLS TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 6.30 and 9.15 A. M. and 1.45 and 5.40 P. M., and Ellicott's Mills at 7.40 and 11.00 A. M., and 3.45 and 7.00 P. M.
FOR WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.
Leave Baltimore at 4.20 and 8.20 A. M. and 3.45 and 5.00 P. M.; on Sundays at 4.20 A. M. only. Leave Washington at 4.15 and 7.10 A. M., and 2.30 and 5.45 P. M.; On Sunday at 2.30 P. M. only. The second and fourth Trains only from Baltimore stop at way-points. The second and fourth Trains from Baltimore, and Washington connect with the Trains on the Annapolis road.
For further information, Tickets of every kind, &c., apply to J. T. ENGLAND, Agent, at Camden Station, or at the Ticket office. W. P. SMITH, Master of Transportation.
L. M. COLE, Gen'l Ticket Agent. [apr] m15-tf

WESTERN MARYLAND RAILROAD.
OPEN TO CRANBERRY STATION AND GLEN MORIS.
On and after March 20th, leave Cranberry at 6.30 A. M. Returning, leave Calvert Station at 8¾ A. M. and 3.20 P. M.
Omnibuses connecting with both trains for Westminster, and the 8¾ train for Manchester.
m5-tf IRWIN & TAYLOR.

LEAVE PHILADELPHIA FOR NEW YORK.
The Camden and Amboy and Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad Companies' Line from PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK AND WAY PLACES, from WALNUT STREET WHARF AND KENSINGTON DEPOT, will leave as follows:
At 6 A. M., via Camden and Amboy, (C. and A. Accommodation.)
At 6 A. M., via Camden and Jersey City, (N. J. Accommodation.)
At 8 A. M., via Camden and Jersey City, (Morning Mail.)
At 11¼ A. M., via Kensington and Jersey City, (Western Express.)
At 12¼ P. M., via Camden and Amboy, (Accommodation.)
At 2 P. M., via Camden and Amboy, (C. and A. Express.)
At 4½ P. M., via Kensington and Jersey City, (Evening Express.)
At 4½ P. M., via Kensington and Jersey City, (Second Class Ticket.)
At 6 P. M., via Camden and Jersey City, (Evening Mail.)
At 11½ P. M., via Camden and Jersey City, (Southern Mail.)
At 5 P. M., via Camden and Amboy, (Accommodation, freight and passenger, First Class Ticket.) Second Class Ticket.
The 6 P. M. Mail Train runs daily. The 11½ P. M. Southern Mail, Saturdays excepted.
For Belvidere, Easton, Lambertville, Flemington, &c., at 7.10 A. M., and 4½ P. M., from Kensington.
For Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Montrose, Great Bend, &c., at 7.10 A. M., from Kensington, via Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.
For Mauch Chunk, Allentown and Bethlehem, at 7.10 A. M. and 4½ P. M., from Kensington depot; (the 7.10 A. M. line connects with the Train leaving Easton at 3.35 P. M.
For Mount Holly at 6 and 8 A. M. and 2 and 4½ P. M.
For Freehold at 6 A. M. and 2 P. M.
For Bristol, Trenton, &c., at 7.10 A. M., 4½ and 5¾ P. M. from Kensington, and 2½ P. M. from Walnut street wharf.
For Palmyra, Riverton, Delanco, Beverly, Burlington, Florence, Bordentown, &c., at 12½, 1, 3, 4½ and 5 P. M.
Steamer Trenton for Bordentown and intermediate places, at 2½ P. M. from Walnut st. wharf.
For New York and Way Lines, leaving Kensington Depot, take the cars on Fifth street, above Walnut, half an hour before departure. The cars run into the depot, and on arrival of each train run from the depot.
Fifty pounds of baggage only allowed to each passenger. Passengers are prohibited from taking anything as baggage but their wearing apparel. All baggage over fifty pounds to be paid for extra. The company limit their responsibility for baggage to one dollar per pound, and will not be liable for any amount beyond one hundred dollars, except by special contract. WM. H. GATZMER, Ag't. m21-tf

MILLER'S HOTEL AND DROVE STABLES, Cor. PACA and GERMAN STS., Baltimore, Md.—JOSEPH H. McGEE & BROTHER, Proprietors.—Accommodations for 100 Persons, and Stabling for 250 Horses. Horses and Carriages for hire. Horses and Carriages taken at livery, by the day, week or month, on moderate terms. Every attention paid to Drovers. [12-6m*]

GEORGE C. McCOULL,
UNDERTAKER,
No. 131 SARATOGA STREET,
(One door west of Howard st.,)
Is prepared to furnish COFFINS at half the usual prices, and of a fine finish.
Large-size Mahogany Coffins, hinged, lined and pleated, with Satin on the breast, for.........$12 00
Do. Walnut, the same finish...... 9 00
Large-size Poplar Imitations of Mahogany or Walnut, trimmed as the Mahogany...... 5 00
Small Coffins in proportion, for cash. my10-TuTh&3m

MURDOCH'S SCALES.
REALLY GOOD SCALES, of legal United States standard, and BEST PLAN known, proved and warranted in all respects—all made at 46 SOUTH CHARLES STREET. Prices low. Repairing done. tf

SCALES.
THE UNITED STATES STANDARD OF VERY SUPERIOR PLATFORM SCALES, MADE AND SOLD upon their own merits, by the inventor, No. 55 South Charles and Balderston sts.
NO HUMBUGGERY!
tf JESSE MARDEN.

PLANTS.
TOMATO, four of the best kinds, the "Perfected" Fejee Island, Large Round, Smooth Red and White or Pine Apple. Also Cauliflower; Egg, the large oval; Bell Pepper; Large York; Cromwell's Premium Flat Dutch and Savoy Cabbage, and the most approved varieties of Strawberry Plants. For sale by
RICHARD CROMWELL,
Agriculturist and Seedsman,
46 and 48 Light street,
my9-1m*] Baltimore.

PLANTS! PLANTS!! PLANTS!!!
*TOMATO PLANTS, EGG PLANTS, &c.*
The very best varieties and fine growth.
S. AULT & SON, Seedsmen,
corner of Calvert and Water streets,
my13-1m.* Baltimore, Md.

BAKER, HOLMES & BROWN, 10 PRATT AND CONCORD STS.—Edge Tool Manufacturers and Brass Founders, dealers in HARDWARE and METALS. Also, all kinds of articles for Steamboats and Vessels. Superior lot of GRINDSTONES, LAMPS, STEAM GUM PACKING, GASKETS, LEATHER BELTING and RIVETS, JACK SCREWS, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., and GRINDING of EDGE TOOLS of all kinds, by steam power, *in a few minutes.* mwstf

NOTICE.—Having purchased the Good Will and Fixtures of the GOLDEN HORSE LIVERY AND SALES STABLES, we are prepared to stable *one hundred and fifty Horses*, it having been thoroughly repaired in the best manner, and suitable for keeping constantly on hand Horses of all descriptions, for sale or exchange. HORSES and CARRIAGES FOR HIRE. Horses and Carriages taken at LIVERY, by the Day, Week or Month, on moderate terms. Every attention paid to DROVERS. GEO. DELPHEY & BRO.,
m5-3m&1tW* Proprietors.

CUPPING AND LEECHING, BY MRS. METTER, successor to her sister, the late Mrs. Gill, at 73, *southeast corner of Sharp and Dover sts.* All orders promptly attended to, day or night. References: Drs. F. E. Chatard, G. W. Miltenberger, John Buckler, Samuel Chew, Thomas Owings, Buckler Jones.

34 BBLS. SPIRITS TURPENTINE.
Just arrived and for sale by
m11-tf JOSEPH CARSON & CO

DR. JOHNSTON,
BALTIMORE
LOCK HOSPITAL.
The founder of this celebrated Institution—the on Regularly Educated Physician Advertising—is discovered the most Certain, Speedy and Only Effectual Remedy in the world for all
DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.
*Relief in Six Hours! No Trifling!*
*No Mercury to Ruin Your Health!*
*A CURE WARRANTED OR NO CHARGE IN FROM ONE TO TWO DAYS.*
Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsy, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those Terrible Disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—those SECRET and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes of anticipations, rendering marriage, etc., impossible.
YOUNG MEN.
Pale, Emaciated and Weak, the unhappy victims of morbid indulgence, complaining of pain in the head or back, has a languid look, dimness of sight, flushing of the face, palpitation of the heart, nervousness, lowness of spirits, loss of energy, dislike to society and all bodily or mental exertion—ending in Decay and Death.
MARRIAGE.
Young Men about to marry should apply immediately. All obstacles to marriage—Organic Weakness, Physical or Mental Disqualifications, Nervous Tremblings, Constitutional Debility, Weakness and Exhaustion, Loss of Power, Impotency, a Wasting of the Organs, Deformities, &c., speedily removed.
ORGANIC WEAKNESS
Immediately cured and full vigor restored.
This dreadful disease is the penalty most frequently paid by those who have become the victims of improper indulgence. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of Procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system become deranged, the physical and mental powers weakened, nervous debility, dyspepsy, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, a wasting of the frame, cough, symptoms of consumption, etc.
OFFICE No. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK ST.,
Left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number. Letters must be paid and contain a stamp.
*The Dr.'s Diploma hangs in his office.*
DR. JOHNSTON,
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, graduate from one of the most eminent colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashful, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.
*TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.*
Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgences and solitary habits which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either Business, Study, Society or Marriage.
THESE are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz:—Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsy, Nervous Irritability, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.
MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, etc., are some of the evils produced.
THOUSANDS OF PERSONS of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous, emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of Consumption.
DR. JOHNSTON'S
INVIGORATING REMEDY.
By this great and important remedy weakness of the organs is speedily cured and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated who had lost all hope have been immediately relieved.
All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualifications, Loss of Power, Nervous Irritability, Trembling and Weakness, or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured.
DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.
When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of any painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him. He falls into the hands of ignorant and designing pretenders, who, incapable of curing, filch his pecuniary substance, keep him trifling, month after month, or as long as the smallest fee can be obtained, and in despair leave him with ruined health to sigh over his galling disappointment; or by the use of that deadly poison, Mercury, hasten the constitutional symptoms of this terrible disease, such as Affections of the Head, Throat, Nose, Skin, &c., progressing with frightful rapidity, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings by sending him to that undiscovered country from whose bourne no traveler returns.
ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.
THE MANY THOUSANDS cured at this institution within the last eighteen years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of The Sun and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. a26-1m*
SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

40 ODD YEARS OF EXPERIENCE.
DR. A. HUET HAS, BY FORTY YEAR PRACTICE, discovered the most certain, safe, speedy and only reliable remedies in the world for the cure of all diseases arising from improper habits, so fearfully fatal to body and mind, as the records of insane asylums and the melancholy deaths from disease of the heart, &c., bear witness; 99 cases in 100 are produced by the pernicious practice of solitary habits, excess or imprudence in youth or adult, which ruins the most vigorous constitution, and brings on premature decline, with loss of memory, organic debility, diseases of the heart, dyspepsy, liver complaint, lassitude, distaste for society, fear of solitude, dimness of sight, paleness and emaciation, pains in the back and loins, affections of the bladder and kidneys; consciousness of their incapacity to perform the requirement of nature precludes the prospect of marriage and constantly harasses their mind; their vital power becomes enfeebled and if these symptoms are allowed to go on a horrid fear of death ensues, and often leads to insanity and suicide. These are some of the distressing effects of early imprudence. Thousands can judge why they are declining in health, with great nervousness and nightly derangements, with many other symptoms of the most fearful kind.
THE EFFECT OF DR. HUET'S CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF FLOWERS is almost incredible. The public, so often deceived, can hardly believe that there exists remedies capable of performing such wonderful cures, but undeniable facts, attested by the most reliable witnesses, are triumphant over all doubts. Incredibility is overthrown by a mass of testimony which is perfectly irresistible. These unfailing remedies are prepared from the best ingredients in nature, and are perfectly adapted to persons of either sex and of any age. Patients at a distance can have them sent free from curiosity or exposure. Charges moderate, and always in proportion to the nature and severity of the case.
ADDRESS BOX 80, P. O., BALTIMORE, M., or apply at his office, S. E. CORNER OF FREDERICK AND FAYETTE STS. a16-1m*

DR. SCHENCK,
THE
LUNG DOCTOR,
THE
PROPRIETOR OF
*SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,*
THE
INVENTOR OF
*SCHENCK'S RESPIROMETER,*
THE ONLY INSTRUMENT
THAT CAN
*TO A CERTAINTY, DETECT THE SLIGHTEST MURMUR OF THE RESPIRATORY ORGANS.*
This is of great importance to the consumptive.—Many eminent physicians make great mistakes in examining Lungs; it requires constant and long practice to become familiar with every sound or rattling of a diseased
BRONCHIAL TUBE.
PATIENTS
come to
*DR. SCHENCK*
TO GET EXAMINED
THAT HAVE BEEN EXAMINED
BY
*THEIR FAMILY PHYSICIAN,*
And told them that one Lung was almost gone, when by a close examination with the
RESPIROMETER,
is often found that it is an affection of the bronchial tubes, and by getting a healthy action of the liver and tone to the stomach the sufferer is soon restored to health. Sometimes medicine that will stop a cough is certain death to the patient; it locks up the liver, stops the circulation of the blood, hemorrhage follows, and in fact stopping the action of the very organ that caused the cough.
Liver Complaint and Dyspepsy are the cause of two-thirds of the cases of Consumption. Persons that are at this time complaining with dull pain in the side, bowels sometimes costive and sometimes too loose, tongue coated, pain in the shoulder blade, feeling sometimes very restless and at other times drowsy; everything that is eaten lies heavy on the stomach, acidity, belching up wind; hundreds are complaining in this way; let them take a heavy cold, and before they get shut of it, then another, then is the time to go to Dr. Schenck and get your lungs examined; then is the time to know what cough medicine to take. Stop that cough suddenly, and then the lungs, liver and stomach are all put in an inactive state, and before the patient is aware of his situation his lungs are a mass of sores and death must soon follow.
SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP
is an Expectorant, but it does not contain any opium or anything to check a Cough suddenly, but if aided with the
SEAWEED TONIC
AND
MANDRAKE PILLS
is sure to purify and carry off all diseased matter from the system.
Dr. S. has a number of persons in this city that can be referred to that have been in the last stages of
CONSUMPTION
AND
CURED BY HIS MEDICINES.
He does not wish to be understood that lungs are gone that he can make new ones, but when one is sound and the other may have quite a cavity in it, it can, by careful treatment be ripened and diseased matter carried off, and the patient is well.
His day for seeing patients in Baltimore is
THURSDAY OF EVERY WEEK.
For a thorough examination with his Respirometer, he charges $3, but it often happens that patients do not require an exploration with the Respirometer, as he has had such a large experience he can detect at a glance whether such an examination is necessary. All professional advice
GRATIS,
and cordially invites all suffering from Coughs or Colds, or any disease of the
LUNGS, LIVER OR STOMACH,
to call upon him on those days. He has recently fitted up rooms for the better accommodation of his patients that are waiting for advice.
A Pamphlet, containing a full treatise on the various diseases he treats, with certificates of Cures, can be had, gratis, at the office. Send and get one, read it carefully, go and see those giving certificates, and be fully persuaded in your own mind before using it, then give it a fair trial, and life and health may be spared you.
OFFICE AND ROOMS,
*No. 108 BALTIMORE STREET,*
OVER SETH S. HANCE'S
DRUG STORE.
Prices—PULMONIC SYRUP $1 per bottle, or six for $5.
SEAWEED TONIC $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.
MANDRAKE PILLS 25 cents per box.
For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore st.
For sale in Washington, D. C., by S. B. WAITE, cor. Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh st.

PORK.—350 bbls. MESS, PRIME AND RUMP PORK. For sale by JO CARSON & CO.
m6-tf