

1. by a current foster parent with whom the child has resided continually for at least the 12 months prior to developing the permanency plan or for a sufficient length of time to have established positive relationships and family ties; or

2. by another approved adoptive family;

(iv) placing the child in a court approved permanent foster home with a specific caregiver;

(v) an independent living arrangement; or

(vi) long-term foster care.

[(d)](F) (1) The local department shall:

(i) prepare the permanency plan in writing within 60 days of the date the child comes into care;

(ii) if the child is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, furnish the plan to the child's parents, the child or the child's counsel, and to the juvenile court; and

(iii) maintain the plan in the agency's case record.

(2) The local department shall amend the plan promptly as necessary in light of the child's situation and any court orders which affect the child.

[(e)](G) Unless a child has received a review from the local board of review of foster care under § 5-544 of Part IV of this subtitle, the local department shall perform an administrative review every 6 months to determine the success of the efforts to meet the goals set out in the permanency plan or the agreement with the parents or guardians in voluntary placements.

[(f)](H) (1) Foster parents who wish to adopt a foster child in their care and who wish to contest the agency's decision to place the child with another adoptive family may, within 30 days from the removal of the child, file with the agency a request for a hearing.

(2) Within 10 days after receipt of a request for a hearing under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the agency shall notify the Office of Administrative Hearings, which shall hold the hearing and issue a decision within 45 days of the receipt of the request.

[(g)](I) The Administration shall adopt regulations that:

(1) for the 12-month period beginning on October 1, 1983, and for each subsequent 12-month period, establish specific goals as to the maximum number of children who will remain in foster care for more than 2 years;

(2) prohibit a local department from seeking the custody or guardianship of a child for placement in foster care solely because the child's parent or guardian lacks shelter; and