

been obtained against such aggressors, are unable to enforce payment of the damages recovered—Therefore,

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That our senators and representatives in congress, be requested to use their exertions to effect the passage of a law by that body, making the rescue of any runaway slave from the master or person authorized to apprehend the same, a criminal offence punishable by imprisonment in all cases where the party offending shall not be able to remunerate the injured party in damages.

Be it further resolved, That His Excellency, the Governor, is hereby requested to forward a copy of this preamble and resolutions to our senators and representatives in congress.

No. 29.

Passed March
15, 1844.

Resolution in favor of Mary Tyson and William Tyson.

WHEREAS it has been represented to this general assembly, by the petition of William Tyson of Baltimore county, and Mary Tyson, his wife, that in consequence of their advanced age they are unable to support themselves and the said petitioners being also recommended to the favorable consideration of the general assembly, by a number of the taxable citizens of Baltimore county—Therefore,

Resolved, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the commissioners of Baltimore county, be, and they are hereby authorized and required, to levy upon the assessable property of Baltimore county annually, the sum of twenty dollars each, for the use of the said William Tyson and Mary Tyson, his wife, respectively; and to cause the same to be collected and paid to the said William and Mary respectively, or their order, as the case may be, semi-annually in the same manner that other out-pensioners are now paid by the trustees of the poor for Baltimore city and county, any other law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

No. 30.

Passed March
2, 1844.

Resolution in favor of George G. Coe.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Treasurer pay to George G. Coe, son of the late