

Mary Carroll, and second, in 1787, Ariana Henderson; William; Joseph (?-by 1793); Anthony, who married in 1790 Christiana Smith; and Thomas. DAUGHTERS: Ann Addison (?-by 1793), who married in 1779 Darby Ryon of Prince George's County; Mary Brooke (?-ca. 1794), who married in 1788 Roger Nelson (1759-1815), a member of the Maryland House of Delegates from Frederick County in 1792, 1793, 1800, 1801, and 1802, a member of the Maryland Senate, 1803-1804, and a member of the U.S. Congress, 1804-1810. STEPDAUGHTERS: Alice Corbin Thomson; Mary-Lee Thomson. PRIVATE CAREER. EDUCATION: literate. RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION: Anglican; St. Paul's Parish, Prince George's County. SOCIAL STATUS AND ACTIVITIES: Gent., by 1749; Esq., by 1770; owned 2 horses, which he raced in Maryland, 1766-1774. OCCUPATIONAL PROFILE: officeholder; merchant, by 1762. Built a storehouse in Upper Marlborough ca. 1765; in partnership with his nephew *Patrick Sim Smüh* (1749-ca. 1793) in the firm of Sim & Smith, merchants of Frederick County, by the early 1780s. Sim and Smith were in financial difficulties by ca. 1790. PUBLIC CAREER. LEGISLATIVE SERVICE: Lower House, Prince George's County, 1771, 1773-1774 (Accounts 1, Cv, 2, 3; Arms and Ammunition 2, 3); Conventions, Prince George's County, 1st, 1774, 4th, 1775 (elected, but did not attend), 5th, 1775, 6th-8th, 1775-1776 (Claims 6th; did not attend the 7th Convention); Senate, Western Shore, Term of 1776-1781: 1779 (elected to the 3rd session of the 1778-1779 Assembly, qualified on July 27, 1779), 1779-1780, 1780-1781 (did not attend, resigned during the 2nd session of the 1780-1781 Assembly). OTHER PROVINCIAL/STATE OFFICES: justice, Provincial Court, commissioned August 30, 1773; member of Executive Council, 1777 (elected on April 19, 1777, to fill vacancy; reelected on November 11, 1777, but declined to serve). LOCAL OFFICES: clerk, Prince George's County Court, 1749-1767; churchwarden, St. Paul's Parish, 1761, 1765, 1775; St. Paul's Parish Vestry, Prince George's County, 1766-1775; trustee, Charlotte Hall School, 1774; Committee of Observation, Prince George's County, 1775; commissioner of the tax, Frederick County, 1790; Maryland Senate elector, Frederick County, 1791. MILITARY SERVICE: major, by 1751; colonel, Prince George's County Militia, appointed May 5, 1774; colonel, 11th Battalion, Prince George's County Militia, 1776-1777 (resigned September 23, 1777). STANDS ON PUBLIC/PRIVATE ISSUES: contributed £500.0.0 current money and 4 hogsheads of tobacco to support the Revolutionary army, 1780.

WEALTH DURING LIFETIME. PERSONAL PROPERTY: first wife's dower amounted to £500.0.0 sterling; gave 12 slaves to his children in 1764, and 9 slaves to his younger children in 1772; owned 34 slaves, 1790. LAND AT FIRST ELECTION: ca. 2,574 acres in Prince George's and Frederick counties, plus 6 lots in Nottingham and 1 lot in Upper Marlborough (at least 2 lots in Nottingham and 855 acres in Prince George's County inherited from his mother's family; 452 acres and 5 lots in Prince George's County by personal acquisition; 500 acres in Frederick County received as a gift from his first wife's father; 767 acres in Frederick County by personal acquisition). SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN LAND BETWEEN FIRST ELECTION AND DEATH: acquired an additional 767 acres in Frederick County in 1773, which, with his previously purchased 767 acres, gave him ownership of two thirds of a 2,300-acre tract originally patented by his first wife's Addison uncles in 1729. He bought 94 acres in Prince George's County and an additional 5 acres in Nottingham in 1774. During the next four years Sim sold most of his Nottingham lots and, finally, the lot and store in Upper Marlborough. He sold the land in Frederick County acquired from his father-in-law in 1776. In 1778 he gave 1,000 acres of his 1,158-acre home plantation in Prince George's County to his eldest son Patrick, and the following year he gave 142 acres to Patrick's infant son Joseph. In 1779 he purchased 139 acres in Prince George's County, and then sold this plus the 94 acres purchased in 1774 and the rest of his home plantation to his cousin *Thomas Contee* (ca. 1729-1811). Sim bought a 586-acre tract in Prince George's County in 1779, but sold it in 1781 and sold the remaining part of his land in Nottingham in 1785. After his move to Frederick County in 1781, Sim purchased 801 acres there plus 1 lot in Frederick Town, the confiscated property of Daniel Dulany, of Daniel, and Henry Addison. He actually received title to only 444 acres of this land, of which 299 acres were part of the remaining one-third of his Addison tract. He sold 4 acres in Frederick County and the lot in Frederick Town in 1782 and 1787. With *Thomas Gantt, Jr.* (?-1808), he received title to 230 additional acres of the Addison tract, which they had taken as security on a mortgage in 1786. As his financial position worsened from 1789 to 1792, Sim sold the rest of his Frederick County land bought as confiscated property. Finally, in October 1793, Sim agreed to resurvey and sell his home plantation, consisting of about 1,511 acres of the Addison tract, in exchange for the purchaser's satisfying all of the outstanding