

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 21, sec. 11. 1860, Art. 20, sec. 12.

11. They shall meet at the almshouse in said county four times a year, in the first week in January, May, August and November, or oftener if necessary, and make, by a majority of votes of such as may be present, all such ordinances, rules and by-laws as they shall think convenient and necessary for the direction, government and support of said almshouse, and for the maintenance and employment of the inmates thereof.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 21, sec. 12. 1860, Art. 20, sec. 13.

12. They shall annually furnish to the county commissioners a general statement of all their disbursements and expenditures in the maintenance of said almshouse.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 21, sec. 13. 1860, Art. 20, sec. 14.

13. The overseer shall keep a list of all poor, and of all vagrants, beggars, vagabonds and other offenders committed to said almshouse, and a regular account of all materials and other things that may come to his hands, and all expenses and charges attending the maintenance of said inmates, and of money received from the sale of the produce of their labor or otherwise, and shall lay the said lists and accounts before the trustees at their regular meeting, or oftener if required.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 21, sec. 14. 1860, sec. 20, sec. 15.

14. He may compel any of the inmates of said almshouse, if of sufficient ability, to work, and shall sell and account for the produce thereof.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 21, sec. 15. 1860, Art. 20, sec. 16.

15. Upon complaint made to any justice of the peace of the county that any person, from his disorderly conduct gives disturbance to a neighborhood and is likely to become chargeable to the county, the said justice, if upon hearing the party he shall judge the complaint to be well founded, may commit such disorderly person to the said almshouse for any period not exceeding three months, unless he shall find security, at the discretion of the justice, not exceeding fifty dollars, for his good behavior during the space of six months.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 21, sec. 16. 1860, Art. 20, sec. 17.

16. Upon complaint and due proof made by the overseer of the almshouse to any one trustee, that any person in said almshouse has behaved in a disorderly manner, or has refused or neglected to perform his daily labor and task, or to obey any of the rules or by-laws of said corporation, the said trustee may order such moderate and proper correction, not exceeding fifteen lashes, to be given to such offender, as the nature of the case may require.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 21, sec. 17. 1860, Art. 20, sec. 18.

17. Any one of said trustees may, under his hand, in writing, direct the admission of any poor person into said almshouse.