

in accordance with existing laws, or should be sentenced to the penitentiary in the same manner with adults convicted of like crimes, and to bind out or sentence such infant accordingly.

188. It shall be the duty of the courts of this State, in sentencing convicts to the penitentiary, to sentence them for such a period as will expire between the first day of April and the last day of August, if they shall deem it expedient to do so.

189. The courts of this State, in sentencing convicts to the penitentiary in compliance with the provisions of the preceding section, may, in their discretion, sentence them to be confined in the said penitentiary for a period not less than eighteen months, in cases where the least punishment prescribed for the offence is two years.

190. No conviction or attainder shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate; the estate of such persons as shall destroy their own lives, shall descend or vest as in case of natural death; if any person be killed by casualty, there shall be no forfeiture in consequence thereof; an approver shall never be admitted, in any case whatsoever; and a sentence of death shall not be executed in less than twenty days after judgment.

191. The real and personal estate of the person convicted and sentenced to undergo a confinement in the penitentiary, or to be executed, shall, after paying the retribution and reparation to the party injured, be liable to the discharge of the expenses incurred by the State in the apprehension, prosecution, conviction, and removal of such criminal; and in order to ascertain the amount thereof, the court before whom such offender is convicted, shall cause its clerk to certify to the keeper of the penitentiary the amount of reparation adjudged, and all costs and charges incurred in the prosecution and conviction of such offender, which the keeper shall enter in books to be by him kept for that purpose.

192. In all cases where restitution or reparation is adjudged to be made to the party injured, and immediate restitution or reparation is not fully made, the court before whom the offender is convicted shall, at the instance of the party injured, issue execution against the property of such convicted persons in the name of the person injured, for the value of the property taken, or so much thereof as is not restored; such value to be estimated