

Journal of Accounts which carried the Armourer's salary, cannot now be determined. The report showed that the military supplies were stored in various places—in the Council Chamber, "above the Council Chamber", "under the Council Chamber", and in the Powder House; these were itemized and enumerated in detail. Most of the arms were in a dilapidated condition. Thus of some thousand muskets and carbines more than two thirds were reported to be badly in need of repairs or very rusty. Among the arms and equipment listed were pistols, bayonets, broadswords, blackhilted swords, halberds, pikes, gun flints, powder horns, cartouche boxes, musket balls, and "great shot", trumpets, and drums. On the Half Moon Battery the fifteen pieces of cannon lacked aprons, tom-pkins, and cramps, and were unfit for service, and the several old cannon mentioned in previous reports had totally disappeared. A considerable quantity of powder in barrels was reported as stored in the Powder House. Loans of powder to individuals, which was to be replaced from time to time by fresh powder, were authorized by law, but the report showed that in several instances there had been no replacement made. Reference is also made to the "present Armourer" who is not named (pp. 146-148). The house concurred in the report (p. 233).

WALTER DULANY ELECTION

Walter Dulany, brother of the noted lawyer Daniel Dulany, the Younger, who was Mayor of Annapolis, and one of its most prominent citizens, had been elected to the Assembly in the autumn of 1764 as a delegate from that city. After his election, and before the first meeting of the newly elected Assembly held in September, 1765, he had disqualified himself from sitting in the Assembly by accepting the appointment of Naval Officer of Patuxent (pp. 21-22). The *Maryland Gazette* of Annapolis, on November 29, 1764, had thus recorded the results of the Annapolis election held in that year: "Monday last came on the Election of two Representatives to serve in the next General Assembly of the Province for this City, when there were three Candidates proposed by the Electors; The Election lasted until evening, when the poll was closed, and stood thus, For Walter Dulany, Esq. 132 votes, Samuel Chase, Esq. 88 votes, George Steuart, Esq. 59 votes, and the two first named Gentlemen were declared duly elected". Dr. George Steuart, long one of the delegates from Annapolis and the wheelhorse of the Proprietary party in the house, failed of election by a large margin. After Dulany had forfeited his seat by accepting an office under the Government, the Lower House on September 24, 1765, ordered the Speaker to issue his warrant for a new writ of election to fill the seat to which Dulany had been elected the year before (pp. 20-21). This special election, which took place during the recess following the September session that had been prorogued on September 28, occurred before the meeting of the November-December session. The *Annapolis Gazette* for October 10, 1765, records "that on Saturday last Walter Dulany was re-chosen representative from Annapolis, his seat having been [previously] vacated by his acceptance of Naval Officer of Patuxent since his election last year."

Dulany took his seat in the house on the opening day of the November ses-